

REED SMOOT, UTAH,
CHAIRMAN.

United States Senate,

COMMITTEE ON
PUBLIC LANDS AND SURVEYS.

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE
RECEIVED
SEP 28 1922

ARIZONA.

September 23, 1922.

Honorable Thomas E. Campbell,
Phoenix,
Arizona.

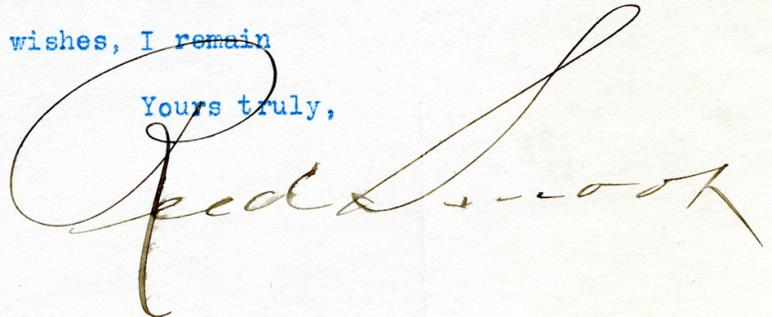
Dear Governor:

I desire to acknowledge the receipt of your night lettergram of September 20, 1922. The Senate placed a duty of 7¢ lb. on long staple cotton. In conference the Housemembers would not agree to that rate of duty. It was therefore eliminated in the tariff bill. The House Confereres took the ground that a 7¢ duty, where but a few thousand bales were produced in the United States, and a very small portion of that required to make the cotton cloths of this country, such a duty was not justified and that if imposed it would cost the people more than all of the long staple cotton grown in this country.

I think it would have been very much better to have started a proposition of granting a ^{bounty} ~~bonus~~ to the long staple cotton growers of Arizona than to try to impose a duty of 7¢ lb. The Senate sustained the action of the Confereres in eliminating the duty. There were only a few Democrats voted for it. The only support they could get for it, to speak of, came from the Republican members of the Senate.

With best wishes, I remain

Yours truly,



thanks
pos of bounty
some prob
cheap labor from
Egypt.