

HISTORICAL ANALYSIS  
AND  
COST DATA

RELATING TO  
ALL DEPARTMENTS OF STATE  
STATE OF ARIZONA



COMPILED FOR, AND PUBLISHED BY  
ARIZONA EMERGENCY COUNCIL  
ROBT. E. TALLY, *Chairman*

ARIZONA STATE LIBRARY  
ARCHIVES & PUBLIC RECORDS

JUN 4 2001

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Pages
Introduction .....	1
Explanation .....	2

## CONSTITUTIONAL DEPARTMENTS

Governor .....	3- 4
Secretary of State.....	5- 6
State Auditor .....	7- 8
State Treasurer .....	9- 10
Attorney General.....	11- 12
Corporation Commission.....	13- 15
State Mine Inspector.....	16- 17
State Board of Education.....	18
State Superintendent of Public Instruction.....	19- 23
Supreme Court.....	24- 25
Superior Court.....	26- 27
Legislature .....	28
National Guard of Arizona.....	29- 31

## DEPARTMENTS CREATED BY THE LEGISLATURE

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF STATE INSTITUTIONS:

General Department.....	32- 33
Free Employment Department .....	34
Capitol Buildings and Grounds Department.....	35
Arizona State Highway Commission.....	36- 39

### TAXES AND FINANCE:

State Tax Commission.....	40- 41
Tax Survey Commission.....	42
Permanent State Board of Tax Survey.....	42
Superintendent of Banks.....	43- 44
State Examiner .....	45- 46
Legislative Examiner .....	47- 48
State Loan Board .....	49- 50
Loan Commissioners .....	51

### PUBLIC HEALTH AND HUMAN RELATIONSHIPS:

Board of Health .....	52- 53
Board of Health, Child Hygiene.....	54
Child Welfare Board.....	55- 56
State Laboratory.....	57- 58
Bureau of Criminal Identification.....	59
Veterans' Service Officer.....	60
Veterans' Relief Commission.....	61
Board of Pardons and Paroles.....	62
Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund.....	63
State Industrial Commission.....	64- 65

AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AND LIVE STOCK :

	Pages
Commission of Agriculture and Horticulture.....	66- 68
Live Stock Sanitary Board.....	69- 71
Sheep Sanitary Commission.....	72
State Dairy Commission.....	73
State Veterinary Board.....	74
State Veterinarian.....	75- 76

LANDS, AND WATER CONSERVATION :

State Land Department.....	77- 78
Arizona Land Settlement Commission.....	79
State Water Commissioner.....	80- 81
Colorado River Commission.....	82
Board of Reservoir Control and Supervision.....	83
State Engineer.....	84

LICENSES,—PROFESSIONAL AND TRADE EXAMINATIONS :

Bar Examiners.....	85
Board of Medical Examiners.....	86
Board of Nurse Examiners.....	87
Board of Optometry Examiners.....	88
Board of Dental Examiners.....	89
Board of Chiropractic Examiners.....	90
Board of Pharmacy.....	91
Board of Embalming Examiners.....	92
Board of Barbers and Cosmeticians.....	93- 94
Board of Accountancy.....	95
State Board of Registration.....	96
Registrar of Contractors.....	97
State Real Estate Commissioner.....	98
Board of Library Examiners.....	99
Inspector of Weights and Measures.....	100

HISTORICAL AND LITERARY :

State Law and Legislative Reference Library.....	101-102
State Historian.....	103-104
Pioneers' Historical Society.....	105
Historical Society of Prescott.....	106

MISCELLANEOUS :

Arizona Game and Fish Commission.....	107-108
State Fair Commission.....	109-110
Table of Department Appropriations, 1931-32 and 1932-33.....	111-113

ARIZONA LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE  
FISCAL YEARS 1931-32 AND 1932-33

		Pages
68		
71	General Appropriation Bill.....	114-116
72	Special Appropriations, Regular Session.....	117-118
73	Special Session Appropriations.....	119
74	Fees and Collections Appropriated for use of:	
76	State Highway Department.....	120
	Game and Fish Commission.....	120
	Recapitulation of Appropriations.....	121

ARIZONA LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE  
FISCAL YEARS 1915-16 AND 1916-17

78		
79		
81		
82	General Appropriation Bill.....	122-125
83	Items Vetoed by Governor.....	126
84	Special Appropriations.....	127
	Recapitulation of Appropriations.....	128

ACTUAL EXPENDITURES FOR FISCAL YEARS 1915-16  
AND 1916-17, AS SHOWN BY 6TH ANNUAL  
REPORT OF STATE AUDITOR

85		
86		
87		
88		
89		
90	General Fund.....	129-130
91	Miscellaneous Funds.....	131-132
92	Transfer and Refunds.....	132-133
94	Summary.....	133
95		
96	State Valuation and Tax Rate, 1912 to 1932.....	134
97	Population of Arizona--Census Reports.....	134
98	County Budget Requirements, 1931.....	135
99	County Budget Requirements, 1932.....	136
00		

02  
04  
05  
06

08  
10

13

## INTRODUCTION

In undertaking a study of possible ways and means for bringing about greater economy in the operation of state government in Arizona, the Arizona Emergency Council quickly came to realize that the material facts and figures upon which any such study must be based had never been assembled and printed under one cover. The facts are open to anyone who has the time to search the records, but to many citizens who are sincerely interested in the subject of state expenditures, such a task would be practically an impossibility.

In an effort to meet this need, and to offer some measure of help to the officials of the State and to such of its citizens as are willing to give of their time and thought to the solution of the financial difficulties of the State, we have caused this compilation to be made and printed in pamphlet form.

We do not put forward this compilation as a complete compendium of information upon the subject to which it relates. It affords a brief historical analysis of the various Departments of the State, and it gives somewhat in detail the legislative appropriations for support of each Department in certain widely separated fiscal years.

In assembling the information and data embraced herein, we have had in mind the prime necessity for brevity. We have tried to assemble the data in such form as to be easily understood and readily remembered. Much of it was taken from the Constitutional and Statutory Law of Arizona. Some was taken from reports of State officials. Where this has been done, reference has been made to the volume and page from which the same was taken, so that the reader might check its accuracy, and, if desired, might delve more deeply into any phase by going to the original source of information.

This pamphlet deals largely with the expenditures of various Departments of State, and with the legislative appropriations from which the expenditures are made. Public expenditures are the cause and the basis of taxation. Therefore, it has seemed to us that the thing of first importance was a study of expenditures.

In the hope that the information assembled within these covers will serve a public need, we dedicate this pamphlet to the thousands of good citizens of Arizona who are interested in a study of the finances of their State.

ARIZONA EMERGENCY COUNCIL,

By: ROBT. E. TALLY, *Chairman.*

Phoenix, Arizona  
October 5, 1932.

## EXPLANATION

For purposes of convenience, the Departments of State included in this compilation have been arranged in ten groups, the Departments in each group having at least a measure of common relationship. This arrangement has also been followed in the Table of Contents, the group designations being as follows:

1. Constitutional Departments
2. Board of Directors, State Institutions
3. State Highway Department
4. Taxes and Finance
5. Public Health and Human Relationships
6. Agriculture, Horticulture, and Live Stock
7. Lands, and Water Conservation
8. Licenses,—Professional and Trade Examinations
9. Historical and Literary
10. Miscellaneous

In order to set up the probable revenues appropriated to certain Departments for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, in this compilation, it has been necessary in four or five instances to use the figures for such Departments for the Fiscal Year 1930-31, as shown in the State Auditor's Report for said year. Where this has been done, attention has been called to the fact that the figures are an estimate based upon the assumption that the revenues for said years would be approximately equal to the revenues in 1930-31. To the extent that these estimates differ from the figures hereafter disclosed by the Auditor's Reports for the years in question they are inaccurate.

The fiscal year of the State ends June 30th. The Report of the State Auditor is not made up until the following October, and is not printed and made available to the public until November or later. Until the numerous "transfers, refunds, and adjustments" involved in the State's accounting system have been definitely worked out and set up in the final report of the State Auditor, it is very difficult for any person other than an expert accountant to procure even the most simple facts with respect to the State's revenues and expenditures.

This compilation was finished October 5, 1932. Up to that date the State Auditor's Report for the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1932, was not available in any form.

## THE GOVERNOR

The Office of Governor was created by Section 1, of Article V of the Constitution.

The duties and powers of the Governor are defined in Sections 3, 4, 5, 7 and 8, of said Article V.

Section 13 of Article V provided that the salary of the Governor, until otherwise provided by Law, should be \$4,000 per annum.

So far as the Statutes are concerned, the powers and duties of the Governor are generally defined in Secs. 19, 20, and 21, Chap. 2, Revised Code of 1928. Other Statutes covering specific duties and powers are scattered throughout the Code.

In 1917 a Bill was passed refixing the salaries of sundry State and County officials. By this Bill the Governor's salary was raised from \$4,000 per annum to \$6,500 per annum. (Session Laws of 1917, pp. 86 to 92).

At the 5th Special Session of the 8th Legislature, held in 1928, an Act was passed increasing salaries of sundry State officials (p. 468, Session Laws of 1928-29). The provisions of this Act increased the annual salary of the Governor from \$6,500 to \$7,500, effective the first Monday of January, 1929.

For the fiscal year 1916-17, the total appropriation for the Governor's office was \$16,150, made up as follows:

Salary .....	\$ 4,000.00
Secretary .....	3,000.00
Clerical Assistants .....	5,000.00
Contingent Expenses .....	4,000.00
Expense to attend Governors' Conference.....	150.00

Total .....\$16,150.00 X

(Session Laws of Arizona, 1915, 1st Special Session, pp. 9 and 10).

For the fiscal years 1931-32 and 1932-33, the appropriations for support of the Governor's Office (General Appropriation Bill, p. 392, Session Laws 1931), were as follows:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
For Salaries and Wages (periodic).....	\$25,500.00	\$25,500.00
For Operation .....	7,700.00	7,700.00
For Travel.....	2,000.00	2,000.00
For Capital Investment:		
Automobile .....	3,000.00	
Other Capital Investment .....	500.00	500.00
For Contingent .....	5,000.00	5,000.00
For Rewards .....	1,000.00	1,000.00
For Special Investigations .....	10,000.00	

TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....\$54,700.00 \$41,700.00

The Arizona Blue Book, 1931-1932, shows salaries in the Governor's Office to be as follows:

Governor .....	\$7,500.00
Secretary .....	4,800.00
Assistant Secretary .....	3,000.00
Stenographer .....	1,200.00
" .....	2,100.00
" .....	2,100.00
" .....	2,100.00
Chauffeur .....	2,100.00

The Assistant Secretary and the four stenographers are women.

## SECRETARY OF STATE

The Office of Secretary of State was created by Section 1, Article V, of the Constitution.

Section 9, of Article V, provides that the powers and duties of the Secretary of State shall be as prescribed by Law.

Section 11, of Article V, makes it the duty of the Secretary of State to canvass the election returns, and issue certificates of election, with respect to all State offices.

Section 6, Article V, devolves the duties of Governor upon the Secretary of State in case of the impeachment, removal from office, inability to discharge duties, resignation, or absence from the State, of the Governor.

Section 13, Article V, fixed the salary of Secretary of State at \$3,500 per annum until otherwise prescribed by Law.

The general duties of the Secretary of State, as provided by Statute, are defined in Secs. 23, 24, and 25, Chap. 2, Revised Code 1928.

Sec. 26 provides that the Secretary of State shall appoint an assistant, who, in the absence of the Secretary, or when the Secretary is acting as Governor, shall perform the duties of Secretary of State.

Effective the first Monday in January, 1929, the salary of the Secretary of State was increased from \$3,500 to \$5,000. (See p. 468, Session Laws of 1928-29).

In the fiscal year 1916-17, the appropriations in the General Appropriation Bill for the support of the Department of Secretary of State, were as follows (Session Laws 1915, pp. 11 and 12, of 1st Special Session):

Salary, Secretary of State.....	\$ 3,500.00
Salary, Assistant Secretary .....	2,400.00
Salary, Stenographers .....	2,100.00
Contingent Expenses .....	1,500.00
<hr/>	
SUB-TOTAL .....	\$ 9,500.00
For expense of Initiated Measures.....	\$ 3,000.00
For Auto License Plates, etc.....	4,000.00
<hr/>	
TOTAL .....	\$16,500.00

For the fiscal years 1931-32 and 1932-33, the appropriations for the Department of Secretary of State, in the General Appropriation Bill, were as follows (See 1931 Session Laws, p. 407):

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Secretary of State.....	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Assistant Secretary of State.....	3,300.00	3,300.00
Chief Clerk .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Stenographers, 5 @ \$1,800 each.....	9,000.00	9,000.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$19,400.00	\$19,400.00
For Operation .....	6,285.00	1,785.00
For Travel .....	500.00	500.00
For Initiative and Referendum Expense:		
Salaries and Wages, Operation, and		
Capital Investment (periodic).....	7,500.00	14,500.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL APPROPRIATION.....	\$33,685.00	\$36,185.00

The Arizona Blue Book for 1930-31, pp. 16-17, shows that the Assistant Secretary and Chief Clerk of this office are men; the former receiving \$3,300, and the latter \$2,100 per annum. That the five stenographers are women, each receiving \$1,800 per annum.

The State Auditor's Report for fiscal year 1930-1931, shows on page 12 that the office of Secretary of State turned in to the General Fund during that year, on account of miscellaneous fees collected, the sum of \$3,316.19.

## STATE AUDITOR

The Office of State Auditor was created by Section 1, of Article V, of the Constitution.

Section 9, Article V, states that the powers and duties of the Auditor shall be prescribed by Law.

Section 13, Article V, prescribed that the salary of the Auditor, until otherwise provided by Law, should be \$3,000 per annum.

The general duties of the State Auditor, as prescribed by Statute, are set out in Secs. 27 to 42, both inclusive, Chap. 2, Revised Code 1928.

Effective the first Monday in January, 1929, the salary of the State Auditor was increased from \$3,000 to \$4,500 per annum. (See p. 468, Session Laws 1929-28).

For the fiscal year 1916-1917, the appropriations in the General Appropriation Bill, for the support of this Department, were as follows (see p. 7 of 1st Special Session, Session Laws of 1915):

Auditor's Salary .....	\$ 3,000.00
Deputy Auditor's Salary .....	2,400.00
Bookkeeper's Salary .....	1,500.00
Warrant Officer's Salary .....	1,200.00
Warrant Officer's Salary .....	1,200.00
Stenographer's Salary .....	1,200.00
Contingent Expenses .....	1,500.00
<b>TOTAL .....</b>	<b>\$12,000.00</b>

For the fiscal years 1931-1932 and 1932-1933, the appropriation for the Department of Auditor, in the General Appropriation Bill, was as follows (see 1931 Session Laws, p. 372):

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Auditor .....	\$ 4,500.00	\$ 4,500.00
Deputy Auditor .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Claim Accountant .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Bookkeeper .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Assistant Bookkeeper .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Warrant Registrar .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Assistant Warrant Registrar .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Warrant Clerk .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Warrant Clerk .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....</b>	<b>\$23,400.00</b>	<b>\$23,400.00</b>

Arizona Blue Book, 1930-1931, p. 18, shows that five of the employees of this Department are men, and that four are women. The present Auditor is a woman.

The State Auditor's Report for fiscal year 1930-1931 shows that this Department turned into the General Fund during that year, \$1,073.04, on account of "License Money Lender Fees."

## STATE TREASURER

The Office of State Treasurer was created by Section 1, Article V, of the Constitution.

Section 9, Article V, provides that the powers and duties of the Treasurer shall be as prescribed by Law.

Section 10, Article V, provides that the Treasurer shall not immediately succeed himself in that office.

Section 13, Article V, fixed the salary of the Treasurer at \$3,000 per annum, until otherwise provided by Law.

The general duties of the Treasurer, as provided by Statute, are defined in Sec. 44, Chap. 2, Revised Code 1928.

See also, the provisions of Chap. 60, entitled "Public Finances," generally known as the "State Finance Code," Revised Code 1928. This chapter contains many provisions for the guidance of the Treasurer.

Effective the first Monday in January, 1929, the salary of the Treasurer was increased from \$3,000 to \$4,500 per annum. (See p. 468, Session Laws of 1929-28).

For the fiscal year 1916-17, the appropriations for support of the Treasurer's Department, in the General Appropriation Bill, were as follows (see p. 10, 1st Special Session, Session Laws of 1915):

Treasurer's Salary .....	\$3,000.00
Deputy's Salary .....	1,500.00
Deputy's Salary .....	300.00
Stenographic Assistance .....	450.00
Office Expense .....	500.00
<b>TOTAL .....</b>	<b>\$5,750.00</b>

For the fiscal years 1931-1932 and 1932-1933, the appropriation for this Department in the General Appropriation Bill was as follows (see 1931 Session Laws, pp. 418-419):

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Treasurer .....	\$ 4,500.00	\$ 4,500.00
Deputy Treasurer .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Inheritance Tax Collector.....	2,700.00	2,700.00
Bookkeeper .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Assistant Bookkeeper .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Stenographers, 2 @ \$2,000 each .....	4,000.00	4,000.00
Farm Loan Secretary .....	2,700.00	2,700.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....</b>	<b>\$21,400.00</b>	<b>\$21,400.00</b>

<i>Brought Forward</i> .....	\$21,400.00	\$21,400.00
For Operation .....	6,300.00	6,300.00
For Travel .....	1,400.00	1,400.00
For Capital Investment .....	1,535.00	250.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL .....	\$30,635.00	\$29,350.00

The Arizona Blue Book, 1930-31, p. 17, shows that of the ten persons in this Department under the Treasurer, seven are men and three are women. The lowest salaries are those paid to the two women stenographers, namely, \$2,000 each. The Warrant Registrar, who is a woman, receives \$2,100.00.

## ATTORNEY GENERAL

The Office of Attorney General was created by Section 1, Article V, of the Constitution.

Section 9, Article V, provides that the powers and duties of the Attorney General shall be as prescribed by Law.

Section 13, Article V, provided that the salary of the Attorney General, until otherwise fixed by Law, should be \$2,500 per annum.

The qualifications of the Attorney General are defined in Sec. 51, and his duties prescribed in Sec. 52, Chap. 2, Revised Code of 1928.

Effective the first Monday in January, 1929, the salary of the Attorney General was increased to \$5,500 per annum. (See p. 468, Session Laws 1929-28).

For the fiscal year 1916-1917 the appropriations in the General Appropriation Bill, for the support of this Department, were as follows (see Session Laws 1915, 1st Special Session, pp. 6 and 7):

Salary Attorney General.....	\$ 2,500.00
Salary One Assistant .....	2,400.00
Salary One Law Clerk .....	1,800.00
"Extra Office Expense".....	2,000.00
Salary Stenographer .....	1,200.00
Contingent Expenses .....	3,000.00
<b>TOTAL .....</b>	<b>\$12,900.00</b>

For the fiscal years 1931-1932 and 1932-1933, the appropriation for this Department, in the General Appropriation Bill, was as follows (see 1931 Session Laws, pp. 371-372):

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Attorney General.....	\$ 5,500.00	\$ 5,500.00
Assistant Attorney General.....	3,600.00	3,600.00
Assistant Attorney General.....	3,600.00	3,600.00
Assistant Attorney General.....	2,400.00	2,400.00
*Stenographer .....	2,200.00	2,200.00
Stenographer .....	1,920.00	1,920.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Special Legal Assistance.....	7,500.00	7,500.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....</b>	<b>\$ 28,520.00</b>	<b>\$ 28,520.00</b>

<i>Brought Forward</i> .....	\$28,520.00	\$28,520.00
For Operation .....	3,500.00	3,500.00
For Travel .....	2,250.00	2,250.00
For Capital Investment.....	750.00	250.00
For Library .....	1,250.00	1,250.00

Prosecution of Colorado River  
Suit:

For Salaries and Wages, Operation,  
Travel, and Capital Investment..... 100,000.00

TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$136,270.00	\$ 35,770.00
---------------------------	--------------	--------------

\*Also to act as secretary to board of pardons and paroles.

Also Special Appropriation for emergency purposes:  
(Session Laws 1931-, p. 19).....\$3,000.00

The Arizona Blue Book, 1930-31, p. 17, shows five men and two women employed under the Attorney General. Three of the men receive salaries of \$3,600, one receives \$2,400, and the two women \$1,920 each.

## ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

The Commission was created by Article XV of the State Constitution.

Section 1, of Article XV, provides for three Commissioners.

Sections 3, 4, 5, and 19 define the general powers of the Commission.

Section 6 provides that the "law-making power" may enlarge the powers and extend the duties of the Commission, etc.

Section 18 provides that until otherwise authorized by law, each Commissioner shall receive a salary of \$3,000 a year, together with his actual necessary expenses when away from home in the discharge of the duties of his office.

The Statutory Law with respect to the Commission is found in Chapter 15, of the Revised Code of 1928.

Section 665, of Chapter 15, gives the Commission power to employ such experts, engineers, accountants, etc., as may be necessary to perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Commission, and to *fix the salaries unless fixed by law*, of the appointees and employees.

Section 669 provides that all salaries and expenses, including traveling and other expenses of the Commission and its employees, shall be paid out of the general fund and the appropriation for the Commission authorized in the General Appropriation Bill.

The last six lines of Section 672 provide that all fees collected by the Commission shall be deposited with the State Treasurer, to the credit of the General Fund, on the first Monday of each month.

The annual salary of the members of the Corporation Commission was fixed at \$3,000 each, under the provisions of Sec. 2791, Chap. 65, of the Revised Code of 1928. This is the chapter entitled "Salaries of Public Officers."

At the 5th Special Session of the 8th Legislature, held in 1928, an Act was passed increasing salaries of sundry state officials. The Act is known as House Bill Number 4, and will be found on page 468, Session Laws of 1928-1929. The provisions of this Act increased the annual salary of the members of the Commission to \$4,500, effective the first Monday of January, 1929.

During the fiscal year 1931-1932, the Commission consisted of the three Commissioners, a secretary, and twenty-six other employees. Among these are three "reporters" receiving salaries of \$1,908 each, ten stenographers receiving salaries of \$1,800 each, and four typists receiving \$1,800 each (Arizona Blue Book, 1931-32, pp. 18-19).

The Secretary of the Commission, and five of the employees are men. The remaining twenty-one employees are women. (See Arizona Blue Book for 1930-31, pp. 18 and 19).

The appropriation for support of the Commission in the fiscal year 1916-1917, as shown in the General Appropriation Bill passed at first Special Session of 2nd Legislature, page 4 of Session Laws of 1915, was \$38,580, made up as follows:

Salaries of three Commissioners at \$3,000 each.....	\$ 9,000.00
Salary of Secretary .....	2,100.00
Salary of Rate and Traffic Expert.....	2,400.00
Salary of Rate Clerk .....	1,800.00
Salary of Reporter .....	2,400.00
Salary of Stenographer .....	1,200.00
Contingent Expenses .....	17,400.00
Incorporating Department Clerk.....	2,280.00
<b>TOTAL</b> .....	<b>\$38,580.00</b>

The appropriation for the support of the Corporation Commission for the fiscal years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as it appears on p. 388, Session Laws of 1931, was as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Commissioners, 3 @ \$4,500 each.....	\$13,500.00	\$13,500.00
Secretary .....	2,760.00	2,760.00
Assistant Secretary .....	2,700.00	2,700.00
Rate Expert .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Engineer .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Actuary .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Supervisor .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Cashier .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Registrar .....	1,980.00	1,980.00
Reporters, 3 @ \$1,980.00 each .....	5,940.00	5,940.00
Investment Clerk .....	1,980.00	1,980.00
Stenographer .....	1,920.00	1,920.00
Stenographers, 10 @ \$1,800.00 each .....	18,000.00	18,000.00
Typists, 4 @ \$1,800.00 each .....	7,200.00	7,200.00
Court Reporter .....	2,700.00	2,700.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES</b> .....	<b>\$71,880.00</b>	<b>\$71,880.00</b>
For Operation .....	12,500.00	12,500.00
For Travel .....	3,400.00	3,400.00
For Capital Investment .....	1,350.00	1,350.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</b> .....	<b>\$89,130.00</b>	<b>\$89,130.00</b>
Special Appropriation (Laws 1931, p 224) .....	\$ 970.00	

The Commission now collects a large sum annually in various fees and charges. The amount turned in to the General Fund from such fees in the fiscal year 1930-1931, according to the report of the State Auditor, was \$289,743.46.

The Corporation Commission is one of the Departments of State which is said to be "self-supporting," for the reason that it turns into the General Fund more than it receives in direct appropriations. The inference sought to be drawn is that because the Commission is a producer of net revenue it does not cost the taxpayers anything.

The personnel of this department in the fiscal year 1931-32 is shown on pages 18 and 19 of the Arizona Blue Book for said year.

The earnings of the Corporation Commission come largely from the "Insurance Department," as will be seen from the following tabulation, taken from page 9 of the State Auditor's Report for the fiscal year 1930-31. Probably most of the earnings of the Insurance Department come from the 2 per cent tax levied upon insurance premiums of policies in effect in the State, as provided in Sec. 1809, Chap. 36, Revised Code of 1928, which section originated in the Laws of 1913:

## CORPORATION COMMISSION

Incorporation Department .....	\$ 48,319.55
Insurance Department .....	228,490.19
Investment Department .....	10,708.87
Return of Imprest—Operation .....	1,000.00
Return of Imprest—Travel .....	1,224.85
	<hr/>
	\$289,743.46

## STATE MINE INSPECTOR

This office was established by Article XIX, of the Arizona Constitution, which reads as follows:

"The office of Mine Inspector is hereby established. The Legislature, at its first session, shall enact laws so regulating the operation and equipment of all mines in the State as to provide for the health and safety of workers therein and in connection therewith, and fixing the duties of said office. Upon approval of such laws by the Governor, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall forthwith appoint a Mine Inspector, who shall serve until his successor shall have been elected at the first general election thereafter and shall qualify. Said successor and all subsequent incumbents of said office shall be elected at general elections, and shall serve for two years."

The Statutory Law regarding the office is found in Chapter 51, Revised Code 1928, entitled "Mines and Mining."

Sec. 2278, Chap. 51, defines the qualifications of Mine Inspector, provides that in addition to his salary he shall receive his necessary traveling expenses when traveling upon official duties, and that he shall give bond to the State in the sum of \$5,000.

Sec. 2279 provides that the Mine Inspector shall appoint three deputies, each of whom shall receive salary of \$2,400 per annum and necessary traveling expenses. They are required to give bond in the sum of \$2,500 each.

Sec. 2281 defines the powers and duties of the Mine Inspector.

Chap. 65, entitled "Salaries of Public Officers", Sec. 2791, Revised Code of 1928, fixed the annual salary of the Mine Inspector at \$3,000.

The salary of the Mine Inspector was increased to \$4,500, effective the first Monday of January, 1929, by the provisions of House Bill Number 4, passed at the 5th Special Session of 8th Legislature, in 1928. (See pp. 468, 469, volume containing Laws of 5th and 6th Special Sessions 1928, and of Regular Session 1929).

The appropriation for support of the State Mine Inspector's Department for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown on pp. 21 and 22, Session Laws 1915, First Special Session, was as follows:

Salary of Mine Inspector .....	\$3,000.00
Salary of 3 Deputies @ \$1,800.00 each.....	5,400.00
Office Expenses and Clerk .....	1,400.00
	<hr/>
TOTAL .....	\$9,800.00

The appropriation for support of this Department for the fiscal years 1931-32 and 1932-33 (Session Laws 1931, p. 401) was as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Inspector .....	\$ 4,500.00	\$ 4,500.00
Deputies, 3 @ \$2,700.00 each.....	8,100.00	8,100.00
Secretary .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Extra Clerical Hire (periodic) .....	175.00	175.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$14,875.00	\$14,875.00
For Operation .....	2,950.00	3,150.00
For Travel .....	5,600.00	5,600.00
For Capital Investment:		
Automobile .....	900.00	
Equipment .....	100.00	100.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$24,425.00	\$23,725.00

The personnel of this Department for the fiscal year 1931-32 is shown on page 18, of the Arizona Blue Book for said year.

## STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

This Board was set up in Article XI, of the Constitution, entitled "Education."

Sections 2, 3, and 4, of Article XI, read as follows:

*"Section 2.* The general conduct and supervision of the public school system shall be vested in a State Board of Education, a State Superintendent of Public Instruction, County School Superintendent, and such governing boards for the State institutions as may be provided by law.

*"Section 3.* The State Board of Education shall be composed of the following members: the Governor, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the President of the University, and principals of the State normal schools, as ex-officio members, and a city superintendent of schools, a principal of a high school, and a county superintendent of schools, to be appointed by the Governor. The powers and duties of the Board shall be such as may be prescribed by law. The members of the Board shall serve without pay, but all their necessary expenses incurred in attending the meetings of the Board, and for printing, shall be provided for by law.

*"Section 4.* The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be a member, and secretary, of the State Board of Education, and, ex-officio, a member of any other board having control of public instruction in any State institution. His powers and duties shall be prescribed by law."

The statutory provisions regarding this Board have been brought forward and assembled in Chapter 21, entitled "Education," Revised Code of 1928.

Section 988, R. C., 1928, provides that "members of the Board shall be allowed transportation expenses and \$5.00 per day for their expenses, to be paid upon claims therefor, approved by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, etc."

Section 989, R. C. 1928, prescribes the powers and duties of the Board. The Board exercises general supervision over the conduct of the public school system of the State.

The expenses of this Board are doubtless paid out of the budget of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. The 1931 Session Laws do not disclose any specific appropriation for support of the Board.

## STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

The Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction was created by Section 1, Article V, of the Constitution.

Section 9, Article V, provides that the powers and duties of the Superintendent shall be as prescribed by Law.

Section 13, Article V, fixed the salary of the Superintendent at \$2,500 per annum, until otherwise provided by Law.

Article XI, of the Constitution, entitled "Education," contains several sections relating to the powers and duties of the Superintendent.

Sections 2 and 3, of Article XI, make the Superintendent a member of the State Board of Education. The members of this Board serve without pay, but are allowed their necessary expenses.

Section 4, Article XI, makes the State Superintendent Secretary of the State Board of Education, and ex-officio, "a member of any other Board having control of public instruction in any State Institution."

The Statutory Law with respect to this Office is found in Chap. 21, Revised Code of 1928, entitled "Education."

Section 989, Article I, of this chapter, prescribes the powers and duties of the Board of Education.

Section 990, Article II, of this chapter, prescribes the powers and duties of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Section 991, Article II, of this chapter, fixed the salary of the State Superintendent at \$3,000 per annum. (The Act providing this salary increase will be found in Sec. 13, Chap. 77, Laws of 1912).

Section 1102, Chapter 21, Revised Code of 1928, makes the State Superintendent Chairman of the Board of Education of the Tempe College, and Chairman of the Board of Education of the Flagstaff College.

Effective the first Monday in January, 1929, the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction was increased from \$3,000 to \$4,500 per annum. (See Section 1, Chapter 5, Laws of 1929-28, pp. 468 and 469).

The specific legislative appropriation for this Department, covering the Fiscal Year 1916-17 was the sum of \$100,000 (Laws of 1915, 1st Special Session, pp. 43-44). The Legislature stipulated that this sum should be in lieu of any appropriation under then existing statutes. The Governor vetoed the entire item. The Supreme Court held the veto good, and held that Section 2815, Revised Code of '13, which provided an annual appropriation of \$500,000, was still in force. The 6th Annual Report of the State Auditor shows that this Department expended for the fiscal year 1916-17 the sum of \$667,309.42.

In order to understand the meaning and amount of appropriations made by the Legislature in recent years for support of the Common Schools, it is necessary to examine the principal constitutional and statutory provisions relating to the manner of supporting the schools.

#### CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS

These are covered in the various Sections of Article XI, entitled "Education". Section 1 provides for the establishment and maintenance of a general and uniform public school system. Section 2 places the supervision of the public school system under the State Board of Education and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, etc. Section 6, of Article XI, reads as follows:

"Section 6. The University and all other State educational institutions shall be open to students of both sexes, and the instruction furnished shall be as nearly free as possible.

"The Legislature shall provide for a system of common schools by which a free school shall be established and maintained in every school district for at least six months in each year, which school shall be open to all pupils between the ages of six and twenty-one years."

Sections 8, 9, and 10, of Article XI, read as follows:

"Section 8. A permanent State school fund for the use of the common schools shall be derived from the sale of public school lands or other public lands specified in the Enabling Act approved June 20, 1910; from all estates or distributive shares of estates that may escheat to the State; from all unclaimed shares and dividends of any corporation incorporated under the laws of Arizona; and from all gifts, devises, or bequests made to the State for general educational purposes.

"The income derived from the investment of the permanent State school fund, and from the rental derived from school lands, with such other funds as may be provided by law shall be apportioned annually to the various counties of the State in proportion to the number of pupils of school age residing therein.

"Section 9. The amount of this apportionment shall become a part of the county school fund, and the Legislature shall enact such laws as will provide for increasing the county fund sufficiently to maintain all the public schools of the county for a minimum term of six months in every school year. The laws of the State shall enable cities and towns to maintain free high schools, industrial schools, and commercial schools.

"Section 10. The revenue for the maintenance of the respective State educational institutions shall be derived from the investment of the proceeds of the sale, and from the rental of such lands as have been set aside by the Enabling Act approved June 20, 1910, or other legislative enactment of the United States, for the use and benefit of the respective State educational institutions. In addition to such income the Legislature shall make such appropriations, to be met by taxation, as shall insure the proper

maintenance of all State educational institutions, and shall make such special appropriations as shall provide for their development and improvement."

The statutory provisions of chief interest are contained in Sections 1088 and 1089, Revised Code of 1928. Section 1088, R. C. 1928, reads as follows:

*"State levy for common and high school education.* There shall be appropriated in the general appropriation bill for common and high school education in the state, during each fiscal year, a sum of money not less than twenty-five dollars per capita per annum on all pupils in average daily attendance in the common and high schools of the state, as shown by the records of the state superintendent of public instruction for the preceding year. All income and money dedicated by the enabling act and the constitution of the state, to the purpose of common and high school education shall be placed to the credit of the state board of education, to be dealt with by it, as provided by law, and shall be in addition to the amount so provided in the general appropriation bill."

Section 1089, R. C. 1928, reads as follows:

*"Apportionment of fund and payment to counties.* After making the necessary allowance for the payment of all amounts made payable from the appropriation for the state board, authorized in the general appropriation bill, the board shall apportion the remainder to the several counties of the state, prorating the same on the average daily attendance in the common and high schools in each county, as shown by records of the state superintendent for the preceding year. Such apportionments shall be made on the second Monday in July, October, January, and April of each fiscal year and shall be, as nearly as may be determined, equal to one-fourth of the above named amount.

"The superintendent shall furnish the county treasurer and the county school superintendent with an abstract of such apportionment, and shall certify such apportionment to the state auditor who, upon receipt of such certificate, shall forthwith draw his warrants on the state treasurer in favor of the county treasurer of each county for the amount due said county. The county treasurer shall immediately upon receipt of such warrant notify the county superintendent that such amount, together with any other amounts to the credit of the county school fund, is subject to apportionment."

For the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, the appropriation for the Department of Superintendent of Public Instruction and Common Schools, was the \$25.00 per enrolled pupil, together with revenues from state lands, income from permanent school funds, etc., as provided for in Section 1088, R. C. 1928, hereinbefore set out. The school enrollment for both of these fiscal years is known, but the amount of revenues from state lands, permanent school fund, etc., is not available at the time of this compilation.

The total enrollment of pupils governing the appropriation for the Fiscal Year 1931-32, was 80,993. This enrollment, multiplied by \$25.00 per pupil, amounts to..... \$2,024,825.00

The total enrollment of pupils governing the appropriation for the Fiscal Year 1932-33, was 83,072. This enrollment, multiplied by \$25.00 per pupil, amounts to.....\$2,076,800.00

The revenue available to this Department from public lands and other similar sources for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, can only be forecast by assuming that it may be approximately the same as in the Fiscal Year 1930-31, the figures for which are available in the State Auditor's Report for that year. On page 13 of said Report, these revenues are given as .....\$ 308,553.38

The appropriation for support of this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32, and 1932-33, as it appears on pp. 413-415, inclusive, Session Laws of 1931, reads as follows:

"SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION AND COMMON SCHOOLS. For the Board of Education: For the support of the kindergarten, primary, elementary, grammar, four-year high school grades of the public schools and Vocational Education, that sum of money which shall be equal to twenty-five dollars per capita on all pupils in average daily attendance in the common and high schools of the state, as shown by the records of the state superintendent of public instruction for the preceding year. This amount shall include the following items:

*For the Superintendent of Public Instruction—*

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Superintendent .....	\$ 4,500.00	\$ 4,500.00
Assistant Superintendent .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Statistician .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Stenographers, 3 @ \$1,800.00 each.....	5,400.00	5,400.00
Record Clerk .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Certification Clerk.....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Clerks, 2 @ \$1,800.00 each .....	3,600.00	3,600.00
Fieldman .....	2,700.00	2,700.00
Examiner (periodic) .....	750.00	750.00
	\$ 26,250.00	\$ 26,250.00

*For Operation—*

Text Books .....	\$145,000.00	\$145,000.00
Other Operation, including Pensions.....	46,469.00	50,069.00
For Travel .....	4,000.00	4,000.00
For Capital Investment .....	500.00	500.00

SUB-TOTAL .....

	\$222,219.00	\$225,819.00
--	--------------	--------------

*For Vocational Education and to Match Federal Funds—*

For Civilian Rehabilitation:

For Salaries and Wages, Operation, Travel, and Capital Investment.....	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
--	--------------	--------------

	For Vocational Agriculture:	
3,800.00	For Salaries and Wages, Operation, Travel, and Capital Investment.....	14,496.37      15,114.09
	For Trade, Industrial and Home Economics:	
	For Salaries and Wages, Operation, Travel and Capital Investment.....	13,147.54      14,196.72
	For Teacher Training:	
553.38	For Salaries and Wages, Operation, Travel and Capital Investment.....	10,000.00      10,000.00

"The above appropriations are made subject to the condition that, at least, like amounts shall be allotted to this state by the Federal Government and expended concurrently with these appropriations; furthermore, that no salaries in excess of \$4,000.00 per annum shall be allowed from the combined state and federal funds.

	For Reimbursement to Schools.....	\$ 23,000.00	\$ 23,000.00
	For Operation .....	2,200.00	2,200.00
	For Travel .....	4,500.00	4,500.00
	For Capital Investment .....	300.00	300.00

"The appropriation for reimbursement to schools is made subject to the condition that it be used only for reimbursing schools for salaries of such regularly approved, certified vocational teachers as are reimbursable from federal funds.

	TOTAL APPROPRIATION FOR VOCATIONAL EDUCATION .....	\$ 77,643.91	\$ 79,310.81
	GRAND TOTAL.....	\$299,862.91	\$305,129.81

"The balance of the per capita tax, together with the amount of all moneys received from National Forests, interest collected on deferred payments on the purchase of state lands, the rentals collected from leases of state lands, the income from the investment of permanent funds as prescribed by the enabling act and the state constitution, the income from toll roads, bridges, ferries, etc., and all moneys received by the superintendent of public instruction from whatever source, during each of the fiscal years, when paid into the state treasury, are hereby appropriated for apportionment to the various counties in accordance with law. No expenditures shall be made except as specifically authorized above."

The Arizona Blue Book, 1930-31, p. 20, shows ten employees in this Department under the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. Two of these are men, receiving \$3,000 and \$2,700, respectively. Eight are women, one of whom receives \$2,400, one \$2,100, and the remaining six, \$1,800 each.

## SUPREME COURT

This tribunal was created by the Constitution. The provisions relating to the Supreme Court will be found in Article VI, entitled "Judicial Department".

Section 2, of Article VI, provides that the Supreme Court shall consist of three Judges. Section 3 provides for the election of Judges of the Supreme Court. The term of office is six years, so arranged that one Judge shall be elected every two years at the general election.

The powers and duties of this Court are set out in Section 4, Article VI.

Section 10, of Article VI, fixed the salary of the Judges of the Supreme Court, until otherwise provided by law, at \$5,000 per annum.

Section 2791, Revised Code of 1928, provides for annual salary of "the Chief Justice and Judges of the Supreme Court, of \$5,000 each, except however those whose terms begin on or after the first Monday in January, 1929, who shall receive \$8,500 each."

The Ninth Legislature, by an Act approved March 18, 1929, proposed an amendment to Section 17, Part 2, Article IV, entitled "Legislative Department", of the Constitution of Arizona, which amendment was subsequently submitted to vote of the people at the general election November 4, 1930, and declared adopted. (Session Laws of 1931, pp. 487-490, inclusive).

The Constitutional Amendment so adopted reads as follows:

*"Section 17.* The Legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, servant, or contractor, after the services shall have been rendered or the contract entered into, nor shall the compensation of any public officer be increased or diminished during his term of office, provided, however, that when any legislative increase or decrease in the compensation of the members of any court, board or commission, composed of two or more officers or persons, whose respective terms of office are not coterminus, has heretofore or shall hereafter become effective as to any member of such court, board or commission, it shall be effective from such date as to each of the members thereof."

The statutory provisions with respect to the Supreme Court are found in Chapter 85, Revised Code of 1928, entitled "The Supreme Court".

The appropriations for support of the Supreme Court for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown on pp. 14 and 15, Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, are as follows:

Salary of Judges.....	\$15,000.00
Salary of Clerk.....	2,400.00
Salary of Reporter.....	500.00
Stenographic Assistance.....	3,240.00
Contingent Expenses.....	1,000.00

TOTAL.....\$22,140.00 ✓

The appropriation for support of the Supreme Court for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on page 416, Session Laws of 1931, was as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Judges, 3 @ \$8,500 each.....	\$25,500.00	\$25,500.00
Clerk.....	3,600.00	3,600.00
Secretaries, 3 @ \$2,100.00 each.....	6,300.00	6,300.00
Reporter of Decisions.....	1,200.00	1,200.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....</b>	<b>\$36,600.00</b>	<b>\$36,600.00</b>

For Operation.....	4,750.00	4,750.00
For Capital Investment.....	400.00	400.00
For Disbarment or Referee Expense.....	500.00	500.00
For Travel for Superior Court Judges.....	150.00	150.00

TOTAL APPROPRIATION.....\$42,400.00 ✓

Also, Special Appropriation to cover deficiency (Laws of 1931, p. 223).....\$ 4,100.00 ✓

## SUPERIOR COURT

This is a constitutional department, created by the provisions of Article VI of the Constitution, entitled "Judicial Department".

Section 5, of Article VI, provides for the organization of a Superior Court for each County of the State, with at least one Judge of said Court, to be elected by the qualified voters of such County. Said Section also provides that for each County having a census numeration greater than 30,000, one Judge of the Superior Court for every additional 30,000 inhabitants, or major fraction thereof, may be provided by law.

The term of office is fixed at four years. (Section 5, Article VI).

The jurisdiction and powers of the Superior Court, as fixed in the Constitution, are set out in Sections 6 and 7, of Article VI.

Section 11, of Article VI, provides that Judges of the Supreme Court and of the Superior Courts shall not be eligible to any office or public employment other than a judicial office of employment, during the term for which they shall be elected.

Section 10, of Article VI, provides that one-half the salary of Superior Court Judges shall be paid by the State, the other one-half by the Counties. It also provided that until otherwise fixed by law, the salary of Superior Court Judges for the Counties of Maricopa, Pima, Yavapai, Gila, and Cochise, should be \$4,000 per annum. For Greenlee, \$3,500, and for the remaining Counties, \$3,000 per annum.

Section 2791, Revised Code of 1928, as amended by an Act approved January 3, 1929 (Session Laws of 1929, pp. 468 and 469), fixes the salaries of Superior Court Judges as follows:

For the Counties of Yavapai, Maricopa, Pima, Gila, Greenlee, and Cochise .....	\$5,500.00
For the Counties of Coconino, Mohave, Yuma, and Pinal	4,500.00
For the Counties of Apache, Graham, Navajo, and Santa Cruz .....	4,000.00

The statutory provisions with respect to the powers, duties, and jurisdiction of the Superior Court are assembled in Chapter 86, Revised Code of 1928, entitled "The Superior Court".

The appropriation to pay the State's portion of the salaries of the Judges of the Superior Court for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown on p. 14, Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, was the sum of .....\$23,750.00

The appropriation to cover the State's portion of support for the Superior Court for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on p.

416, Session Laws of 1931, was as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Superior Court Judges .....	\$41,750.00	\$41,750.00
Court Commissioners (Periodic) .....	250.00	250.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....</b>	<b>\$42,000.00</b>	<b>\$42,000.00</b>

Special deficiency appropriations:

Laws of 1931, p. 149 .....	\$ 758.58
Laws of 1931, p. 223 .....	5,910.00
	<u>                    </u>
	X \$ 6,668.58

of Arti-  
 Superior  
 d Court,  
 ion also  
 er than  
 ,000 in-  
 VI).  
 in the  
 e Court  
 public  
 e term  
 of Su-  
 by the  
 ary of  
 , Gila,  
 id for  
 roved  
 sala-  
 )  
 )  
 uris-  
 Code  
 of  
 own  
 .00  
 Su-  
 p.

## LEGISLATURE

This is a constitutional Department, set up under the provisions of Article IV, of the State Constitution.

Section 1, of Part 1, Article IV, provides for a State Legislature, consisting of a Senate and a House of Representatives.

Section 1, Part 2, Article IV, provides for a Senate membership of nineteen members, apportioned as therein set forth, and provided further, that there should be elected from each County one representative for each 1500 votes or major fraction thereof cast in such County for Governor at the last preceding general election.

The third paragraph of Section 1, Part 2, Article IV, provides the method by which each County shall be divided into legislative districts, and for the establishment of such districts by the Boards of Supervisors. The fourth paragraph of Section 2 provides a method of redistricting by the Boards of Supervisors, to conform with growth in population.

Section 3, Part 2, Article IV, provides that sessions of the Legislature shall be held biennially, and shall commence on the second Monday of January following the election of members of the Legislature. It further provides that the Governor may call a special session whenever, in his judgment, it is advisable.

Section 17, of Part 2, Article IV, was entirely rewritten by amendment adopted by the people in 1930. This amendment will be found on page 491, Session Laws of 1931.

The present statutory provisions relating to the State Legislature, are found in Chapter 1, Revised Code of 1928, entitled "The Legislature".

The appropriations for the Fiscal Year 1916-17 were made by the Second Legislature. This Legislature held a regular session at which it failed to pass a General Appropriation Bill. It held two special sessions, the General Appropriation Bill being passed at the first special session. The appropriations for support of the legislative department covering the three sessions were as follows:

Regular Session .....	\$50,000.00
First Special Session.....	25,000.00
Second Special Session .....	22,500.00
TOTAL .....	\$97,500.00

The appropriations for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 were made by the Tenth Legislature. This Legislature held one special session. Its appropriations for its own support were as follows:

Regular Session .....	\$173,920.00
Special Session .....	28,218.00
TOTAL .....	\$202,138.00

## NATIONAL GUARD OF ARIZONA

Article XVI, of the Constitution, entitled "Militia", provides for a National Guard. This Article reads as follows:

"Section 1. The militia of the State of Arizona shall consist of all able-bodied male citizens of the State between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, and of those between said ages who shall have declared their intention to become citizens of the United States, residing therein, subject to such exceptions as now exist, or as may hereafter be created, by the laws of the United States or of this State.

"Section 2. The organized militia shall be designated 'The National Guard of Arizona,' and shall consist of such organized military bodies as now exist under the laws of the Territory of Arizona or as may hereafter be authorized by law.

"Section 3. The organization, equipment, and discipline of the National Guard shall conform as nearly as shall be practicable to the regulations for the government of the armies of the United States."

Section 3, of Article V, of the Constitution, provides that the Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the military forces of the State, except when such forces shall be called into the service of the United States.

The first statutory provisions for a State Militia will be found in Chapter 85, Laws of 1912, carried forward into Revised Statutes of 1913 as Sections 3888 et seq.

The statutory provisions regarding a State Militia, up to 1929, are found in Chapter 50, Revised Code of 1928, entitled "Militia". Section 2198 of said Code, provides that the Militia shall be divided into three classes: The National Guard of Arizona, The National Guard Reserve, and the Unorganized Militia.

Section 2199 provides that,

"The organization of the National Guard shall be that which is or may be prescribed for the regular army of the United States, subject in time of peace to such general exceptions as may be authorized by the Secretary of War or by Act of Congress."

Subsequent to the adoption of the 1928 Code, the statutes regarding the State Militia and the National Guard were substantially amended by an Act approved March 14, 1929, which will be found in Session Laws of 1929, pp. 179 to 194, inclusive. Many Sections of the law were revised, and many others repealed. Sections 2198 and 2199, Revised Code of 1928, were neither repealed nor amended.

Under the statutory provisions now existing, the Governor, as Commander-in-Chief of the Arizona National Guard, appoints an Adjutant General, who holds office for six years, is responsible to the Governor for

the discipline and training of the Guard, and who may be removed for cause, as provided in the Act. The Act provides that "the Adjutant General shall receive the same pay and allowance as a Captain in the United States Army."

There are numerous provisions for pay of officers and men, and for payment of the expenses of keeping up the National Guard.

The appropriation for maintenance of the National Guard of Arizona for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown in Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, p. 21, was the sum of.....\$30,000.00

The appropriation for support of the National Guard for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown in Session Laws of 1931, pp. 402 and 403, was as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Adjutant General.....	\$ 3,600.00	\$ 3,600.00
Quartermaster .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Chief Clerk.....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Administration Officer (158th Infantry).....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Caretaker, State Warehouse.....	1,200.00	1,200.00
Caretaker, Ft. Tuthill.....	1,200.00	1,200.00
Pay of enlisted men at annual encampment (Periodic) .....	16,625.00	16,625.00
Miscellaneous Day Labor (Periodic).....	500.00	500.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....</b>	<b>\$31,525.00</b>	<b>\$31,525.00</b>
For Operation .....	7,975.00	7,525.00
For Travel .....	2,500.00	2,500.00
For Capital Investment .....	550.00	250.00
For Company and Battery Allowance.....	14,220.00	14,220.00
For Officers' Clothing Allowance .....	4,000.00	4,000.00
For Repairs and Replacements (Armories) .....	4,500.00	4,500.00
For Contingent Property Allowance.....	2,500.00	2,500.00
For Rent, Company Quarters.....	4,000.00	4,000.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....</b>	<b>\$71,770.00</b>	<b>\$71,020.00</b>



## BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF STATE INSTITUTIONS

This Board is a legislative creation, dating back to pre-statehood days. It was formerly known as the "Board of Control". It was originally composed of the Governor, the State Auditor, and a Citizen Member. For detail as to powers and duties, see Chap. 1, Revised Statutes of 1913, Secs. 4452 to 4460, inclusive.

The Board is now known as the "Board of Directors of State Institutions". Its powers and duties are defined in Chap. 70, Revised Code of 1928, Secs. 2918 to 2945, inclusive.

The Board, as now constituted, consists of the Governor, the State Treasurer, and one Citizen Member who also acts as Secretary and Executive Officer. It has control over the Hospital for Insane, Industrial School for Girls, Pioneers' Home, State Prison, all charitable, reformatory and penal institutions, and the Capitol buildings and grounds. The Citizen Member is appointed by the Governor. His salary is \$4,800 a year. The Governor and Treasurer receive no extra compensation, but are allowed traveling expenses.

The Board appoints a Purchasing Agent for all institutions. It fixes the salary schedules of all state institutions not otherwise fixed by law. The Governor, as ex-officio President of the Board, is given power to appoint certain officers mentioned in Sec. 2929. In effect, the Governor has absolute control of this Board, he being one of its members and having power to appoint the Citizen Member.

Section 2929, Revised Code of 1928, above referred to, was amended by an Act approved March 17, 1931. (See Session Laws 1931, pp. 220-21). This Amendment provided that the Governor, as ex-officio President of the Board, should appoint the following officers, who should receive salaries as follows:

Resident Physician, Insane Hospital.....	\$3,600.00
Superintendent of Industrial School.....	3,000.00
Assistant Superintendent of Industrial School.....	1,800.00
Superintendent, Arizona Pioneers' Home.....	3,000.00
Superintendent, State Prison.....	3,600.00
Assistant Superintendent, State Prison.....	2,400.00
Secretary of State Prison.....	2,000.00
Physician at State Prison.....	2,000.00
Parole Clerk, State Prison (who serves also as Clerk of the Board of Pardons).....	2,000.00

The appropriations to this Department (under the name of Board of Control), for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, were as follows:

(Session Laws 1915, 1st Special Session, pp. 13 and 14)

Salary of Citizen Member .....	\$ 2,400.00
Printing and Publishing Reports.....	1,500.00
Publishing Minutes of Board, and Bids for Supplies.....	2,000.00
Office Expenses and Clerk Hire.....	2,100.00
Traveling Expenses .....	2,000.00
<b>TOTAL</b> .....	<b>\$10,000.00</b>

The appropriations to this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 are as follows: (See pp. 376-377, Session Laws of 1931).

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Secretary .....	\$ 4,800.00	\$ 4,800.00
Bookkeeper .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Order Clerk .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES</b> .....	<b>\$10,800.00</b>	<b>\$10,800.00</b>
For Operation .....	2,330.00	2,380.00
For Travel .....	200.00	200.00
For Capital Investment:		
Automobile .....	900.00	
Other Capital Investment.....	100.00	100.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</b> .....	<b>\$14,330.00</b>	<b>\$13,480.00</b>

The Arizona Blue Book for 1931-32, p. 104, shows the following persons in this Department:

C. M. Zander, Secretary.....	\$4,800.00
J. T. Hovland, Bookkeeper .....	2,400.00
Lucile Witten, Order Clerk.....	1,800.00
Mabel A. Blake, Stenographer.....	1,800.00

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF STATE INSTITUTIONS

### FREE EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT

Statutory provision for a Free Employment Office was first made in the Laws of 1917. The provision will be found in the existing laws, as Sec. 2931, Revised Code of 1928. This Section provides that the Board of Directors of State Institutions shall establish and maintain free employment offices in the State, to be conducted in co-operation with and under the established rules and regulations of the Department of Labor of the United States.

This Department having been created subsequent to 1916-17, no appropriation shows in that year.

The appropriation to this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on pp. 391 and 392 of the Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Director .....	\$2,100.00	\$2,100.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Janitor .....	150.00	150.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....	\$4,050.00	\$4,050.00
For Operation .....	1,050.00	1,050.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$5,100.00	\$5,100.00
<hr/>		

The personnel and salaries in this Department for the years 1931-32 are as shown on page 108, in the Arizona Blue Book for that year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF STATE INSTITUTIONS

Subdivision—CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

The care and control of the State Capitol Buildings and Grounds is fixed in the Board of Directors of State Institutions, under the provisions of Chap. 70, Revised Code of 1928, Secs. 2918 to 2945, inclusive.

The appropriation for this Subdivision of the Board for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, is set out below: (See p. 19, Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session).

Maintenance, upkeep, and repairs of State Capitol Buildings and Grounds.....\$15,000.00

The appropriation for this Subdivision of the Board for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 will be found on p. 383, Session Laws of 1931, as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Custodian .....	\$ 2,400.00	\$ 2,400.00
Watchman .....	1,500.00	1,500.00
Engineer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Elevator Operator .....	1,200.00	1,200.00
Elevator Operator .....	1,200.00	1,200.00
Maid .....	900.00	900.00
Porter .....	1,500.00	1,500.00
Janitors: 7 @ \$1,080.00 each.....	7,560.00	7,560.00
Head Gardener .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Gardeners: 5 @ \$1,200.00 each.....	6,000.00	6,000.00
Day Labor (Periodic) .....	500.00	500.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....</b>	<b>\$30,860.00</b>	<b>\$30,860.00</b>
For Operation .....	22,740.00	22,740.00
For Capital Investment .....	1,800.20	
For Repairs and Replacements .....	1,500.00	1,500.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION.....</b>	<b>\$56,900.20</b>	<b>\$55,100.00</b>

Also, special appropriation for deficit (Laws 1931, p. 59).....\$19,883.30

The personnel of this Subdivision of the Board for the year 1931-32, is set out on page 113 of the Arizona Blue Book for the year mentioned.

## ARIZONA STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION

This Commission is a legislative creation, originally set up in 1927. The statutory provisions which govern its operations are found in Chapter 31, "Highways", Revised Code of 1928.

Section 1557, R. C. 1928, provides that the "highways of the State shall be administered by the Arizona Highway Department. The control of the Department is vested in the Arizona State Highway Commission. The Commission shall consist of five members who shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The terms of office of the members after the first membership, shall be six years, and shall expire on January 31st of each odd numbered year hereafter,—two of each at the first, two at the second, and one at the third odd numbered year."

Section 1559, R. C. 1928, prescribes the qualifications for members of this Commission, and fixes their salaries at \$15.00 per day, not exceeding one hundred days in any one year, together with actual traveling expenses.

The powers and duties of this Commission are set out in Section 1561, R. C. 1928.

Section 1562 provides for the appointment of a State Highway Engineer, and prescribes his powers and duties. His salary is fixed by the Commission.

Section 1575 provides that the State Highway Fund shall be in custody of the Treasurer. It also provides that there shall be levied and collected annually for use of the State Highway Department a tax of one mill on each dollar of assessed valuation of the State.

Section 1576 sets up a State Highway Fund, and specifies the revenues which shall accrue to said fund.

Section 1577 specifies the uses to which the Highway Fund may be put.

Section 1578 defines the fiscal year under which the Department shall operate, and provides further as follows:

\*\*\*\*\*Prior to the last Monday in May of each year, the tax commission of the state and the state engineer, shall meet at the office of the tax commission and estimate the amounts of revenue, separately stated by name, that will accrue to the department under the provisions of this chapter and from every other source, including any unexpended and unincumbered balance remaining in the fund from the preceding fiscal year, and on said date shall certify to the highway commission and to the auditor and treasurer of the state the amount of such estimates. Such estimate shall be entered on the books of the department, the auditor and the treasurer, and shall constitute the total appropriation for the whole sum of money available to the department for expenditure during the ensuing fiscal year. \*\*\*\*\*"

It will be noted that Section 1578 constitutes a continuing annual appropriation for use of the Highway Department, of the entire estimated receipts accruing to said Department. Because of this continuing appropriation, and because of the right of this Department to expend all of its revenue as it may see fit, the State Highway Commission does not have to come to the Legislature annually for a general appropriation. It does come to the Legislature, however, for special appropriations.

Section 1629, R. C. 1928, sets up a Motor Vehicle Division within the Highway Department. Ensuing Sections define the powers and duties of the Motor Vehicle Division. Among other things, it issues auto licenses, registration certificates, etc., and collects the tax upon petroleum products.

Section 1672, R. C. 1928, sets up a scale of motor vehicle fees. This Section was subsequently rewritten by a general amendment of the Highway Law included in an Act approved March 18, 1931, which will be found in Session Laws of 1931, pp. 265-280, inclusive. Section 1672, as amended by this Act, will be found on p. 269, Session Laws of 1931.

The several Sections of Article VI, Chapter 31, R. C. 1928, provide for the levy and administration of a tax upon motor fuel. This is usually known as the gas tax.

Section 1674, R. C. 1928, provided for a gasoline tax of 4c per gal. This Section was amended in 1931, the amendment providing for a tax of 5c per gal. up to January 31, 1933, and a tax of 4c per gal. thereafter.

Section 1674, R. C. 1928, provided for the distribution of the aforesaid gasoline tax as follows: Five-eighths to the State Highway Department; three-eighths to the several Counties in proportion to the amount of said tax received from the respective Counties.

Section 1674, above referred to, was amended by an Act approved January 30, 1931, which provided that the gas tax should be 5c per gal. until January 31, 1933, and 4c per gal. thereafter. This amendment also changed the respective allotments of the Highway Department and the Counties from this tax, as follows: (See pp. 5-6, Session Laws of 1931).

"From the date this act becomes effective, to and including the 31st day of January, 1933, the superintendent shall promptly pay three-tenths, and from and after the 1st day of February, 1933, three-eighths, of all such money to the several county treasurers of the state in proportion to the amount of such tax received from the respective counties, which shall be used by the counties as may be determined by the boards of supervisors thereof, for the construction, improvement or maintenance of county highways or bridges, and from the date this act becomes effective to and including the 31st day of January, 1933, seven-tenths, and thereafter five-eighths of said license taxes to the state treasurer, who shall deposit the same in the state highway fund.

\*\*\*\*\*"

Any study of the State Highway Department requires a knowledge of the revenues accruing to said Department. The receipts of the Highway Department for the Fiscal Years 1930-31 and 1931-32, are therefore set out, same being as follows:

The receipts credited to the State Highway Fund for the Fiscal Year 1930-31, as shown by the report of the State Auditor for that year (there is no later report), were as follows: (See p. 16, Auditor's Report 1930-31).

City of Florence—Federal Aid Project 94-A.....	\$ 15,437.28
City of Winslow—Federal Aid Project 66.....	5,105.26
Southern Pacific R. C. Participation .....	15,239.64
Refunds .....	5,917.52
Collections .....	31,114.93
Motor Vehicle Division Collections .....	2,581,314.38
Federal Aid .....	3,559,701.51
Mill Tax Appropriation 1930-31.....	714,945.80
Mill Tax Advance Fiscal Year 1931-32, Journal Transfer, (Special Tax Levy).....	650,000.00
Return of Imprest.....	50,000.00
	<hr/>
TOTAL.....	\$7,628,776.32

An analysis of the foregoing figures shows the following:

Amount Derived from Direct Property Tax:

Mill Levy .....	\$ 714,945.80
Special Levy .....	650,000.00

Amounts Collected from Sources Other than Direct

Property Tax or Federal Aid.....	2,704,129.01
Federal Aid .....	3,559,701.51

---

\$7,628,776.32

The receipts credited to State Highway Fund for the Fiscal Year 1931-32, as shown by the typewritten statement put out by the Highway Department for this fiscal year (page 1, of said statement), were as follows:

## REVENUES:

Tax Levy .....	\$ 24,729.24	
Federal Aid .....	3,554,895.44	
Gasoline Tax .....	\$2,292,891.83	
Motor Vehicle Registrations .....	546,089.63	
Certificate of Title Fees .....	53,429.00	
Common Carrier Tax .....	38,012.48	
Chauffeur's License Fees .....	13,623.00	
Operator's License Fees .....	15,068.00	
Distributor's License Fees .....	641.00	
Used Car Dealers' Licenses .....	1,144.00	
Holdings .....	116.90	
Penalty Fees .....	464.67	
Approval Fees .....	128.00	2,961,608.51
<hr/>		
Railroad Participations .....		11,149.58
County Participations .....		1,655.00
Sales & Rentals .....		14,031.75
Special Appropriations .....		99,964.18
Fund Balance from Previous Fiscal Year .....		442,378.33
<hr/>		
TOTAL DIRECT REVENUE .....		\$7,110,412.03

In the statement of revenues for the Fiscal Year 1930-31, (p. 38 hereof), no separation is made of the gas tax collection from collections from other sources made by the Motor Vehicle Department, the entire collections of this Department being stated as \$2,581,314.38. It should be remembered, however, that whatever part of this sum represented the gas tax, it represented only that part retained for use of the Highway Department, the remaining part having been credited to the several Counties of the State.

In the statement of the Highway Department for the Fiscal Year 1931-32, the gas tax is segregated from other revenues, and stated as \$2,292,891.83. This, of course, represents only seven-tenths of the entire tax which was collected, the remaining three-tenths having gone to the several Counties of the State. The total net gas tax collected by the Highway Department for its own use and for the use of the several Counties of the State, was therefore \$3,275,559.00.

## STATE TAX COMMISSION

The State Tax Commission is a legislative creation, set up in Sections 1, 2, and 3, Chapter 23, Laws of 1912, carried forward into Revised Statutes of 1913 as Sections 4820, 4821, and 4822.

The statutory provisions regarding the Tax Commission, as they now exist, are found in Chapter 75, "Taxation", Revised Code of 1928, and in an Act approved March 19, 1931, which charged the Tax Commission with certain new duties. This Act is generally known as "Senate Bill Number 116", and is the Act, the first fourteen Sections of which have been referred to a vote of the people at the fall election of 1932.

Section 3056, Revised Code of 1928, creates the State Tax Commission, composed of three members elected by the people, one member being elected every two years. The term of office is six years.

The duties and powers of the Tax Commission are prescribed by the various Sections of Chapter 75, Revised Code of 1928.

Section 3063, Revised Code of 1928, makes the State Tax Commission also a "State Board of Equalization". The duties and powers of the State Board of Equalization are set out in Sections 3063 et seq.

Section 2791, Revised Code of 1928, fixed the salary of the members of the Tax Commission at \$3,000 per annum. By an Act approved January 3, 1929, effective first Monday in January, 1929, Session Laws of 1929, pp. 468 and 469, the salary of the members of this Commission was raised to \$4,500 per annum.

Under the provisions of Section 12, of the Act, approved March 19, 1931, generally known as "Senate Bill Number 116", the members of the State Tax Commission serving under the provisions of said Act as a Permanent State Board of Tax Survey, are entitled to receive an additional salary of \$1,500.00.

The appropriations for support of the Tax Commission for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown in Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, pp. 8 and 9, were as follows:

Salaries of Commissioners.....	\$ 9,000.00
Salary of Secretary.....	2,400.00
Salary of Clerk.....	1,200.00
Salaries of Other Employees.....	1,500.00
Traveling Expenses.....	1,500.00
Office Expenses.....	2,000.00
Expenses as State Board of Equalization.....	300.00
<b>TOTAL.....</b>	<b>\$17,900.00</b>

The appropriation to this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on page 417, Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Commissioners, 3 @ \$3,000.00 each .....	\$ 9,000.00	
Commissioners, 3 @ \$3,750.00 each .....		\$11,250.00
Secretary .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Accountant .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Stenographers, 2 @ \$1,800.00 each .....	3,600.00	3,600.00
Reporter and Transcript Fees (Periodic)....	500.00	500.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES</b> .....	<b>\$19,100.00</b>	<b>\$21,350.00</b>
For Operation .....	\$ 1,700.00	\$ 2,100.00
For Travel .....	3,200.00	3,200.00
For Capital Investment .....	150.00	150.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS</b> .....	<b>\$24,150.00</b>	<b>\$26,800.00</b>

The personnel of this Department in 1931-32 is shown on page 19 of the Arizona Blue Book for said year.

up in Sec-  
nto Revised

as they now  
928, and in  
ission with  
ill Number  
e been re-

x Commis-  
nber being

ed by the

ommission  
the State

members  
ed Janu-  
of 1929,  
sion was

arch 19,  
s of the  
s a Per-  
ditional

e Fiscal  
Session,

.00  
.00  
.00  
00  
00  
00  
00  
00  
—  
00

TAX SURVEY COMMISSION  
PERMANENT STATE BOARD OF TAX SURVEY

The Tax Survey Commission and the Permanent State Board of Tax Survey were set up by the Legislature to carry out the provisions of an Act approved March 19, 1931, which will be found in Session Laws of 1931, pp. 293 to 327, inclusive. This Act was generally known as "Senate Bill No. 116."

The general purpose of the Act was to bring about a survey of all taxable property within the State, and to provide a new and more modern method of assessing and collecting taxes within the State.

This Act was much criticized, and became the subject of a referendum, which will appear on the ballot at the fall election of 1932. The referendum covers the first fourteen Sections of the Bill.

Section 2, of the Bill, provides for a statewide tax survey to be conducted under the direction of a special tax survey commission consisting of three leading and representative citizens of the State to be appointed by the Governor. The term of office of the Commission expires June 30, 1933. The members receive actual traveling expenses, and \$15.00 per day for not exceeding one hundred days in any one year.

Section 8, of the Act, appropriates the sum of \$250,000.00 to carry out its purposes, particularly the making of a statewide tax survey.

Section 12, of the Act, creates a Permanent State Board of Tax Survey, to consist of three members, at an annual salary of \$1,500.00 each.

Section 13, of the Act, reads in part as follows:

"The members of the State Tax Commission, as at present or hereafter composed, shall constitute the Permanent State Board of Tax Survey."

In the General Appropriation Bill for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, an appropriation appears for "Board of Tax Survey," as shown on p. 418, Session Laws of 1931, as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Three members @ \$1,500.00 each .....	\$ 4,500.00	
Three members @ \$ 750.00 each (Periodic) .....		2,250.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</b> .....	<b>\$ 4,500.00</b>	<b>\$ 2,250.00</b>

This appropriation is made subject to the condition that the above salaries be paid to members of the Tax Commission and is exempted from the provisions of Section 2 of this Act; furthermore, in the event that the duties of the Tax Survey Board, as now prescribed by statute, are vested in any other board or body, then the salaries, as herein provided, shall not be paid out of this appropriation, but the same shall revert to the general fund.

## SUPERINTENDENT OF BANKS

The Arizona Banking Department was originally in charge of the State Auditor, who was, by virtue of his office, Bank Comptroller.

This Department was and still is a legislative creation. It is not a Constitutional Department.

In the beginning the Bank Comptroller received certain specified fees, to be collected from examined banks, as his compensation.

Section 286, Revised Code of 1913, authorized the Comptroller to appoint examiners.

The State Banking Department, in its present form, was created by the laws of 1922, amended by the laws of 1923 and 1927. The powers and duties of this Department and of the Superintendent of Banks in charge of said Department, are set forth in Chap. 8, Revised Code of 1928.

The Department is in charge of a "Superintendent of Banks", to be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to serve for a term of four years. (Sec. 210, Revised Code, 1928).

The Superintendent, by and with the advice and consent of the Governor, appoints one or more examiners for two-year terms, subject to removal by the Superintendent at will. (Sec. 211, Revised Code 1928).

Sec. 269, Revised Code of 1928, fixes the salary of the Superintendent of Banks at \$5,000 per annum, together with his actual and necessary traveling expenses. It provides that the Deputy Chief Examiner shall receive \$3,600 per annum, and that four Bank Examiners shall receive \$3,000 per annum each, and one Inspector \$3,000 per annum.

For the Fiscal Year 1916-17, the Legislature made the following appropriations: (Session Laws 1915, First Special Session, p. 8).

Salary of one State Bank Examiner.....	\$2,400.00
Traveling Expenses of State Bank Examiner	2,000.00

TOTAL.....	\$4,400.00
------------	------------

For the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, the appropriations for support of this Department were as follows: (See p. 373, Session Laws, 1931).

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Superintendent .....	\$ 5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
Chief Deputy .....	3,600.00	3,600.00
Deputy .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Deputy .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Inspector .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Accountant and Stenographer .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00
For Operation .....	\$ 1,415.00	\$ 1,415.00
For Travel .....	4,810.00	4,810.00
For Capital Investment .....	250.00	250.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$26,475.00	\$26,475.00

The Arizona Blue Book for 1931-32, page 102, shows the personnel of this Department as for said year.

All of the present employees of the Department are men, with the exception of the Accountant Stenographer, who is a woman.

## STATE EXAMINER

This office is a legislative creation. It was first set up by Section 1, Chapter 17, Laws of 1912; carried forward into the Revised Statutes of 1913 as Section 118 thereof.

The present statutory law with respect to this office is contained in Chapter 68, Sections 2909 to 2912, inclusive, Revised Code of 1928.

Section 2909 provides that, "a State Examiner who shall be a skillful accountant, \* \* \* \* shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate for a two-years term."

Section 2910 defines the powers and duties of the Examiner. He is required to order and enforce a correct and uniform system of bookkeeping by County officers, etc. He is required to ascertain the character and financial standing of sureties on the official bonds of County officers, and to reject unsatisfactory sureties; to require of County Treasurers and custodians of County funds verified statements of their accounts; personally visit each County Seat of the State without notice and at irregular intervals; and investigate the books, accounts and vouchers of all County and Precinct officers, etc., etc. He is required to report to the Governor the result of his examinations as often as required by the public interest.

Section 2912 provides that the Examiner shall, on or before the fourth Monday of December of each year, make a written report to the Governor of his action, embodying therein an abstract of the conditions and statistics of the several institutions as ascertained by him.

Section 2912 fixes the salary of the State Examiner at \$2,500 per annum, together with necessary traveling, clerical, and office expenditures.

The appropriation for support of this office for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as disclosed on pages 10 and 11, Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, is as follows:

Salary .....	\$2,500.00
Traveling Expenses .....	1,600.00
Deputy, and his traveling expense .....	1,500.00
<b>TOTAL</b> .....	<b>\$5,600.00</b>

The appropriation for this office for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on pp. 408 and 409, Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Examiner .....	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00
Chief Deputy .....	2,500.00	2,500.00
Deputies, 2 @ \$2,300.00 each.....	4,600.00	4,600.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$11,900.00	\$11,900.00
For Operation .....	500.00	350.00
For Travel .....	5,600.00	5,600.00
For Capital Investment .....	100.00	100.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$18,100.00	\$17,950.00
<hr/>		

The personnel and salaries in this Department for the year 1931-32 are shown on page 101 of the Arizona Blue Book for said year, and are as set out below:

W. W. Brookner.....	State Examiner
E. J. Trippel.....	Chief Deputy State Examiner
H. H. Boyer.....	Deputy State Examiner
Frank J. Vaughan.....	Deputy State Examiner
Pearl Johnston.....	Stenographer

*Salaries*

State Examiner.....	\$3,000.00
Chief Deputy Examiner.....	2,500.00
2 Deputy State Examiners @ \$2,300.....	4,600.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00

## LEGISLATIVE EXAMINER

This office is a legislative creation. It was established by an Act of the Ninth Legislature, approved March 9, 1929. (Session Laws 1929, p. 119).

The Act above mentioned provided that the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee of the Senate, and the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee of the House of Representatives of the State Legislature, should appoint a Legislative Examiner. The term of office provided by the Act was six years, unless the Examiner should be removed sooner by the Legislature; provided, however, that the term of office of the First Legislative Examiner should terminate at the close of the regular session of the 12th Legislature.

The salary of the Examiner was fixed at \$6,000 per annum, together with his necessary traveling and hotel expenses while absent from the capital city in the performance of duty.

The Legislative Examiner has power and authority to audit the books and accounts of the various Departments of State and State Institutions, and of all officers of the state government for which an appropriation of money is made by the Legislature.

It is the duty of the Examiner to submit to each Legislature at the beginning of the regular session, a detailed report of the conditions of the several Departments of State, etc., and of the manner in which the moneys appropriated by the Legislature have been and are being expended. He is also required to submit to the Legislature such data as may be helpful in making appropriations.

Within the limits of the appropriation for his Department, the Examiner has the right to employ assistants and stenographers, and to incur such expense in the conduct of his office as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the Act.

Section 9, of the Act creating this Department, made an appropriation of \$15,000 for each of the Fiscal Years 1929-30 and 1930-31, for the support of this office.

The appropriation for support of this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as it appears on page 399, Session Laws of 1931, was as follows:

31-32 and  
s follows:

the 21st  
d Year

00.00

00.00

00.00

00.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

1931-32  
nd are

er

er

er

er

er

o

o

)

)

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Examiner .....	\$ 6,000.00	\$ 6,000.00
Assistant Examiner .....	3,600.00	3,600.00
Accountant .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Special Assistants (Periodic).....	1,200.00	1,200.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
For Operation .....	700.00	3,000.00
For Travel .....	750.00	750.00
For Capital Investment .....	75.00	75.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL APPROPRIATION.....	\$16,525.00	\$18,825.00

NOTE: The Governor vetoed the above appropriation in its entirety.

The personnel of this Department for the Fiscal Year 1931-32, as shown on page 101 of the Arizona Blue Book for that year, is as follows:

A. M. Crawford.....	Examiner
F. R. Duffy .....	Assistant Examiner
Agnes B. Welch .....	Accountant
Ruby Stanley .....	Stenographer

## STATE LOAN BOARD

This Department is a creation of the Legislature.

So far as the compiler hereof has been able to ascertain, the Statutes do not give the name "State Loan Board" to any Department of State. Nevertheless, this name is used in the general appropriation bills passed by recent Legislatures making appropriations for its support.

Section 2640, Revised Code of 1928, provides that the State Treasurer, with the approval of the Governor and Secretary of State, shall invest any moneys in the permanent funds of the State in bonds of the United States, \* \* \* or first mortgages on improved farm lands within the State, cultivated for at least five years, etc., etc.

Sections 2641 and 2642 relate to the farm loan mortgages authorized in Section 2640.

These statutory provisions were first set up in Chapter 5, Laws of 1915, Second Special Session. Neither the original law, nor Sec. 2640 of the Revised Code of 1928 refer to the State Officials therein named as a State Loan Board, or as a Board of any kind. Nevertheless, the State Loan Board, so far as it has statutory existence, doubtless consists of the State Treasurer, the Governor, and the Secretary of State.

This Board should not be confused with the Loan Commissioners of the State, which is a Board expressly set up in Sec. 2646, Revised Code of Arizona, consisting of the Governor, State Auditor, and State Treasurer, with functions entirely different from the Board (if it is a Board), set up by Sec. 2640.

For convenience, it will be assumed that the "State Loan Board" is the one set up in Sec. 2640, with authority to invest the permanent funds of the State, as above mentioned.

The Report which the State Treasurer made to the Governor for the Fiscal Year 1930-31, shows that at the close of said Fiscal Year a total of \$1,061,277.87 was then outstanding in farm loans. It shows that the money for these loans came from the permanent school fund and from other trust funds derived from lease and sale of state lands. It also shows that during the Fiscal Year above mentioned only \$24,764.51 was collected upon the principal of these loans, and only \$11,401.36 collected upon interest of said loans. This data is set out on pages 10 and 11 of the type-written report rendered by the State Treasurer to the Governor. No printed report has been issued.

The Statutes provide that interest on these farm loans cannot be at a less rate than 6% per annum. (See Sec. 2640, R. C. of 1928). It is therefore clear that at least five-sixths of the interest due upon said loans for the Fiscal Year 1930-31 was delinquent and unpaid at the date

21st  
Year

1.00

.00

.00

.00

00

—

00

30

30

10

—

0

—

irety.

2, as  
ows:

of the report. It is almost a matter of notoriety that the more than one million dollars invested by the State Loan Board in farm mortgages will be almost a total loss.

There is no specific authority in the Statutes for the State Loan Board to incur expenses of any kind.

The compiler hereof finds no appropriation for support of this Board in the Fiscal Year 1916-17.

By an Act of the Legislature, approved March 18, 1925, relating to delinquency in and protection of the farm loans made from permanent funds of the State, a "revolving fund" of \$10,000 was appropriated to "defray the expenses of the State Loan Board, and for the proper preservation of all properties upon which the State has mortgages." (Laws of 1925, pp. 195, 196).

The appropriation for the support of the State Loan Board for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as it appears on pp. 411 and 412, Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Stenographer (Periodic) .....	\$ 600.00	\$ 600.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES</b> .....	<b>\$ 600.00</b>	<b>\$ 600.00</b>
For Operation .....	17,500.00	17,500.00
For Travel .....	2,500.00	2,500.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</b> .....	<b>\$20,600.00</b>	<b>\$20,600.00</b>

NOTE: The item of \$17,500 in the appropriation for each of the above years was vetoed by the Governor, with the explanation that it was intended for use in payment of delinquent taxes upon lands mortgaged to the State, and that because of the adoption of a certain law by the Tenth Legislature, money for that purpose was no longer needed.

The personnel of the State Loan Board for the Fiscal Year 1931-32 is shown on page 101 of the Arizona Blue Book for that year.

## LOAN COMMISSION

This Commission is a legislative creation, first set up under the provisions of Sections 1, 2, and 14, Chapter 29, Laws of 1912, First Special Session; carried forward into the Revised Statutes of 1913 as Sections 5251, 5252 and 5264. The present statutory provisions regarding the Commission are found in Chapter 60, Public Finances, Sec. 2646 et seq.

This Commission consists of the Governor, the State Auditor, and State Treasurer. The purpose of the Commission is defined in Sec. 2646, Revised Code of 1928, as follows:

"They shall provide for the payment of the State indebtedness due, and to become due, now existing, or hereafter authorized; and for the purpose of paying, redeeming, and refunding all or any part of the principal and interest of the same, from time to time, issue negotiable coupon bonds of the State when they can be issued at a lower rate of interest than previously paid or when to the profit and benefit of the State."

The succeeding Sections of the Revised Code of 1928 specify certain things which the Commission may do from time to time involving advertising expense, etc. The Statutes do not seem to give any specific authority for the expenditure of money by the Commission, but the authority may be inferred.

There does not appear to have been any specific appropriation for the support of this Commission for the Fiscal Year 1916-17. Nevertheless, the Report of the State Auditor for that year shows an item of "Loan Commission Expense" amounting to \$842.50. (See 6th Annual Report State Auditor, page 16).

The appropriation for support of this Commission for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on p. 401, Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
For Operation .....	\$ 500.00	\$ 500.00
For Travel (Tax Anticipation Bond Expense, Delivery of Bonds) .....	500.00	500.00
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 1,000.00

The personnel of the Commission for the Fiscal Year 1931-32, is shown on page 101, Arizona Blue Book for the year mentioned.

## BOARD OF HEALTH

This Board is a legislative creation, established by the Laws of 1913. (See Title XLI, Chap. 1, Secs. 4367 et seq.). It then, as now, consisted of the Governor, the Attorney General, and a Superintendent of Public Health appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The creation, powers, and duties of this Board, as now established, are set out in Chap. 61 of the Revised Code of 1928, Secs. 2678 et seq. The Governor is President of the Board, and the Attorney General is Vice-President. They receive no compensation, but are allowed mileage and other expenses. The Superintendent receives an annual salary of \$1,000.00.

The above referred to laws were amended by an Act approved March 5, 1921, by adding a section to be known as 2680a, reading as follows: (Session Laws of 1931, pp. 73 and 74).

"The expenses of the board shall be paid out of a fund consisting of legislative appropriations for that purpose, and of receipts from whatever source placed to the credit of such fund. The state treasurer is authorized to receive and disburse money given or donated to or provided for the state board of health by any person, town, city, benevolent institution, or other agency, for the purpose of enabling the board to engage in health demonstration work in the state, and any money that is received in this manner by the state treasurer shall be placed in the treasury to the credit of the state board of health, and shall be disbursed as other funds for such board are disbursed."

The appropriation to this Department for the Fiscal Year 1916-17 was as follows: (Session Laws 1915, First Special Session, p. 15).

Salary .....	\$1,000.00
Salary of Registrar.....	1,000.00
Office Expense .....	3,000.00
TOTAL.....	\$5,000.00

The appropriations to this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 are as follows: (See pp. 377 and 378, Session Laws of 1931).

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Supt. of Public Health and State Registrar of Vital Statistics.....	\$ 3,800.00	\$ 3,800.00
Secretary .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Asst. Secretary and Statistician.....	2,000.00	2,000.00
Stenographer .....	1,600.00	1,600.00
Bookkeeper .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Clerk .....	1,500.00	1,500.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....</b>	<b>\$12,800.00</b>	<b>\$12,800.00</b>
For Operation .....	3,475.00	3,650.00
For Travel .....	1,650.00	1,650.00
For Capital Investment .....	200.00	200.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....</b>	<b>\$18,125.00</b>	<b>\$18,300.00</b>

The Arizona Blue Book for 1931-32, p. 109, shows the following persons in this Department:

Charles W. Sult, Superintendent.....	\$3,800.00
Gertrude B. Leeper, Executive Secy.....	2,100.00
Mary E. Young, Statistician.....	2,000.00
Edw. L. Shaw, Bookkeeper.....	1,800.00
Dorothy Baker, Stenographer.....	1,800.00
Muriel Ritter, Clerk.....	1,500.00

of 1913.  
nsisted  
Public  
sent of  
  
blished,  
et seq.  
eral is  
nileage  
ary of  
  
March  
llows:  
  
1-  
e-  
d.  
y  
y  
7,  
1-  
s  
o  
s  
  
16-17  
  
1-32  
31).

## BOARD OF HEALTH—CHILD HYGIENE

This appears to be a Department of the State Board of Health, and is of course a legislative creation.

So far as the compiler hereof can discover, this Department was set up to administer funds coming to the State Health Department under the provisions of an Act approved March 5, 1931, amending Section 2680, Revised Code of 1928, providing for a fund to consist of legislative appropriations and receipts from any other sources, which fund is described as "Board of Health Fund".

The legislative appropriations for this fund for Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as set out on pp. 378 and 379, Session Laws of 1931, are as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the  
following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Epidemiologist .....	\$ 2,250.00	\$ 2,250.00
Nurses, 8 @ \$1,050 each.....	8,400.00	8,400.00
Stenographer .....	900.00	900.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....	\$11,550.00	\$11,550.00
For Operation .....	350.00	350.00
For Travel .....	3,000.00	3,100.00
For Capital Investment .....	100.00	
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The above appropriations were made "subject to the condition that at least a like amount be expended within this State by some co-operating agency."

## CHILD WELFARE BOARD

This Board is a legislative creation. It was set up by the provisions of Chapter 53, Laws of 1921.

The structure, powers, and duties of this Board, under the existing Statutes will be found in Secs. 1943 to 1953, inclusive, Revised Code of 1928.

The Board consists of three members, to be appointed by the Governor for two-year terms. At least two members of the Board must be women. Members serve without compensation, except reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in traveling, etc. The Board elects a Chairman and Secretary. The Secretary is to receive a salary not exceeding \$1,800.00 per annum, together with actual and necessary traveling expenses incurred when actually engaged in performing the duties of the office.

The Board has control of the persons of all orphans, waifs, and dependent children under the age of 16 years, within the State, to the extent provided by the several paragraphs of the Law. (Sec. 1944, Revised Code of 1928).

The Board is charged with the right and duty to relieve widowed or abandoned mothers. (Secs. 1950 et seq., Revised Code of 1928).

The appropriation for support of this Board for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as set out on page 384, Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Secretary .....	\$ 1,800.00	\$ 1,800.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....</b>	<b>\$ 1,800.00</b>	<b>\$ 1,800.00</b>
For Operation .....	500.00	500.00
For Travel of County Investigators.....	500.00	500.00
For Travel, Board and Secretary .....	500.00	500.00
For Capital Investment .....	250.00	
For Support .....	40,000.00	40,000.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....</b>	<b>\$43,550.00</b>	<b>\$43,300.00</b>

The appropriation for support is made subject to the condition that it is to be used solely for the support of mothers and children as provided by Article 2, Chapter 40, Revised Code of 1928, and no part of said appro-

priation for support shall be used for the payment of Salaries, Operation, Travel or Capital Investment, under any guise whatsoever.

Page 111, of the Arizona Blue Book for 1931-32 shows the personnel of this Board for the year mentioned, to be as set out below:

Mrs. Horace Evans, Chairman .....	Winslow
Mrs. Helen Bocoock, Treasurer.....	Tucson
Mrs. J. P. Ivy, Member.....	Route 3, Phoenix
MRS. GEO. V. EBERLE, Secretary.....	Phoenix

STATE LABORATORY

This Department is a legislative creation, first set up by Sections 9, 14, Chapter 62, Laws of 1912, Third Special Session, carried forward into the Revised Code of 1913, as Sections 4437 and 4442 thereof.

The creation and authority of this Department, as shown in the present Statutes, will be found in Chapter 61, Public Health, Secs. 2705 et seq.

Section 2705, Revised Code of 1928, provides:

“There is hereby established a State Laboratory for the analysis and examination of foods, water supplies and drugs, to be under the supervision of a Director and located in rooms set aside by the University of Arizona. The Board of Regents of the University, with the Superintendent of Public Health, shall appoint a Director of said Laboratory, who shall be a skilled pharmaceutical chemist or bacteriologist and analyst of foods, water supplies, and drugs. Said Director shall perform all duties required by this Article and by the Board, acting jointly with said Superintendent. \* \* \* \* \*”

The appropriation for support of this Department for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown in Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, page 15, is set out below:

Salary of Chemist.....	\$ 1,800.00
Maintenance and Office Expense, State Laboratory, etc. ....	2,700.00
<b>TOTAL.....</b>	<b>\$ 4,500.00</b>

The appropriation for this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on page 397, Session Laws of 1931, is set out below:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Director .....	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00
Bacteriologist .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Technician .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Stenographer and Office Assistant.....	1,500.00	1,500.00
Janitor .....	240.00	240.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....</b>	<b>\$ 8,940.00</b>	<b>\$ 8,940.00</b>
Operation .....	1,300.00	1,350.00
Travel .....	900.00	900.00
Capital Investment .....	1,000.00	500.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....</b>	<b>\$12,140.00</b>	<b>\$11,690.00</b>

The personnel and salaries in this Department for the Fiscal Year 1931-32, as shown on page 60, Arizona Blue Book for said year, is set out below:

	<i>Salary per Annum</i>
Jane H. Rider, Director.....	\$3,000.00
Marion E. Stroud, Bacteriologist.....	2,100.00
Ione Willey, Office Assistant.....	1,500.00
Wendell B. West, Asst. Bacteriologist.....	2,100.00

## BUREAU OF CRIMINAL IDENTIFICATION

This is a legislative creation. The Bureau was created by an Act of the Legislature, approved February 23, 1929, which will be found set out in Chap. 16, pp. 42 to 47, inclusive, Session Laws of 1929.

The purpose of the Bureau is to assist in the detection of crime within the State, keeping records for that purpose, including finger-print records, etc.

Section 2 of the Act provides that the Bureau shall be under the supervision and control of a Superintendent, who must be a recognized finger-print expert, who shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the consent of the Senate. His term of office is two years. His salary is \$3,600.00 per year. The Superintendent has power to appoint an assistant, who shall be an identification expert. The assistant holds office subject to the will of the Superintendent, but may not be dismissed without cause.

Section 14 of the Act provides that the Superintendent shall procure stationery, filing devices, and other office material for the conduct of the business of the Bureau, the cost of which shall not exceed \$1,000.00.

Section 15 of the Act appropriates the sum of \$13,000.00 for the support of the Department for the Fiscal Years 1929-30 and 1930-31; \$7,000.00 to be available in the first of said fiscal years, and \$6,000.00 in the second.

The appropriation to this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 is as follows: (See p. 382, Session Laws of 1931).

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Superintendent .....	\$ 3,600.00	\$ 3,600.00
Assistant Superintendent .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
	-----	-----
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....	\$ 6,000.00	\$ 6,000.00
For Operation .....	425.00	425.00
For Capital Investment .....	1,000.00	800.00
	-----	-----
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 7,425.00	\$ 7,225.00
	-----	-----

The personnel of this Bureau in 1931-32 is shown on page 103 of the Arizona Blue Book for that year.

## VETERANS' SERVICE OFFICER

This office is a legislative creation, first set up in Sections 1, 2, and 3, Chapter 84, Laws of 1925, carried forward into Revised Code of 1928 as Section 3222, Chapter 79, entitled "Veterans' Aid".

Section 3222, above mentioned, provides that "the Governor shall appoint a Veterans' Service Officer, who shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor, and shall be paid a salary of \$3,000 per annum. \* \* \* \*"

The duties of this officer are prescribed by Section 3223. The principal duty seems to be to render assistance to any honorably discharged veteran in securing adjustment of any claim made against the United States, or any State, for pay or benefit which the veteran may be entitled to receive.

The appropriation for this office for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on p. 420, Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Veterans' Service Officer.....	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00
Americanism Director .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....	\$ 7,800.00	\$ 7,800.00
For Operation .....	100.00	50.00
For Travel .....	1,000.00	1,000.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 8,900.00	\$ 8,850.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The personnel of this Department for the Fiscal Year 1931-32, as shown on page 101, of the Arizona Blue Book for said year, is as follows:

LEWIS IRVINE .....	Veterans' Service Officer
ROSE COX .....	Stenographer

### SALARIES

Service Officer .....	\$3,000.00
Stenographer .....	1,500.00

## VETERANS' RELIEF COMMISSION

This Commission is a legislative creation, set up by the provisions of an Act approved March 21, 1929, which will be found in Session Laws of 1929, pp. 330 to 332, inclusive.

Section 1 of this Act creates "a Veterans' Relief Commission, to be composed of three members, the State Veterans' Service Officer to be ex-officio Chairman thereof. The remaining two members shall be appointed by the Governor from a list of six names of disabled veterans submitted by the Executive Committee of the American Legion, Department of Arizona. The term of office of the first Commissioners shall expire on the first Monday in January, 1931; thereafter the term of office shall be for two years, co-terminus of that of the Governor. Members of the Commission shall receive no salaries, nor shall they be allowed any traveling or hotel expenses." (Session Laws 1929, pp. 330-331).

The purpose of the Act is to provide relief for indigent ex-service men and their dependents.

Section 3 of the Act appropriates the sum of \$5,000 for each of the Fiscal Years 1929-30 and 1930-31, for the purposes of the Act.

The appropriation for this Commission for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 is shown on p. 420, Session Laws of 1931, as follows:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
For relief of veterans, pursuant to law.....	\$ 7,500.00	\$10,000.00
	_____	_____
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 7,500.00	\$10,000.00
	_____	_____

, as  
ws:

## BOARD OF PARDONS AND PAROLES

This Board is a legislative creation. Prior to the adoption of the Revised Code of 1928, the provisions relating to this Department are found in Sec. 1301, Penal Code of 1913.

The present statutory provisions for the Board of Pardons and Paroles will be found in Secs. 5219 to 5223, inclusive, Revised Code of 1928.

The Board consists of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Attorney General, and a third member to be selected by these two, such third member to be known as the Citizen Member of said Board, and shall be the Chairman thereof. The Citizen Member receives a compensation of \$7.00 per day while in attendance at Board Meetings. Each Board Member receives his necessary and actual traveling and hotel expense while on duty. The Parole Clerk of the State Prison acts as Secretary of the Board. (Sec. 5219, Revised Code of 1928).

This Board restricts the power of the Governor to pardon. (Sec. 5220, Revised Code of 1928).

The appropriation for support of this Board for the Fiscal Year 1916-17 was \$1,000.00. (Session Laws 1915, First Special Session, p. 16).

The appropriation for the support of this Board for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 was as set out below: (See p. 381, Session Laws of 1931).

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Per Diem, Chairman (Periodic) .....	\$ 1,800.00	\$ 1,800.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES</b> .....	<b>\$ 1,800.00</b>	<b>\$ 1,800.00</b>
For Operation .....	250.00	250.00
For Travel .....	375.00	375.00
For Capital Investment .....	125.00	
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</b> .....	<b>\$ 2,550.00</b>	<b>\$ 2,425.00</b>

The personnel of the Board of Pardons and Paroles in 1931-32 will be found on page 104, Arizona Blue Book for that year.

## FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND PENSION FUND

This fund and the administration thereof are legislative creations, originating in Sections 1 and 2, Chapter 97, Laws of 1919, carried forward into the Revised Code of 1928 as Section 1515.

The law creating this fund, and providing for its administration, was entirely rewritten in 1929. The new Act, approved March 19, 1929, will be found in Session Laws of 1929, pp. 268 to 275, inclusive.

The purpose of the law is to provide a pension fund for retired or disabled city firemen.

Section 12 of the Act of 1929 reads as follows:

*Section 12.* There is hereby appropriated and set aside for the said Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund, the annual tax of 2% on all premiums collected by Fire Insurance Companies in this State, after cancellations and dividends are deducted." (Session Laws, 1929, p. 273).

The money making up the fund thus provided for is collected by the State Corporation Commission from the various insurance companies doing business in Arizona, and is distributed to the various cities of the State through the State Treasurer, upon certification of the Corporation Commission.

## STATE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION

Section 8, of Article XVIII, of the Constitution, adopted by the people in 1925 as an amendment to the original Section 8 of said Article, made it mandatory upon the Legislature to enact a Workmen's Compensation Law.

The Legislature enacted a Workmen's Compensation Law, which will be found in Chapter 83, Session Laws of 1925. The provisions of this law were brought forward into the Revised Code of 1928 in Section 1391 et seq., thereof. Section 8, Article XVIII of the Constitution provides that this law shall never be changed in certain respects, except by an initiated or referred measure, as provided for in the Constitution.

Section 1391, Revised Code of 1928, creates the Industrial Commission of Arizona, to be composed of three members to be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for the term of six years; so arranged that the term of one member expires every two years. Not more than two members can belong to the same political party.

It is the duty of the Industrial Commission to administer the Workmen's Compensation Law, also to enforce all laws for the protection of labor, where the enforcement of such laws is not specifically delegated to any other Board. (Section 1397, Revised Code of 1928).

The Commission is authorized to employ actuaries, accountants, inspectors, etc., etc., and to fix their compensation, first, however, obtaining the approval of the Governor to such employment and compensation. The members of the Commission receive their salaries and necessary expenses while engaged on duty, from the general funds of the State. The salaries of all other employees are to be paid from the compensation fund to be established by the Commission. (Section 1395, Revised Code of 1928). However, it will be noted that the Labor Department of the Industrial Commission receives a direct appropriation from the general fund of the State.

Each member of this Commission receives a salary of \$5,000.00 per annum. (Section 1392, Revised Code of 1928).

Section 1410, Revised Code of 1928, provides for the creation of a compensation fund from insurance premiums paid in by employers who insure under the Act. The administration of this fund is entirely in the hands of the Commission. The Commission is required by Section 1450 to make an annual report to the Governor on or before September 1st, for the preceding fiscal year, which report shall include a detailed statement of its disbursements from the "Expense Fund", and shall show the condition of its other respective funds.

Subject only to the right of the Governor to remove any member of the Commission for inefficiency, neglect of duty, malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance in office, (Sec. 1391, R. C. 1928), and subject to the

right of court review in certain instances, the Industrial Commission of Arizona is subject to no other authority than the will of its members.

The Arizona Blue Book for 1931-32, pp. 21 and 22, discloses that the Industrial Commission has established the following Departments: Auditing Department, Claim Department, Underwriters' Department, Statistical Department, and Labor Department. The personnel of the Commission and of its several Departments is shown on same pages of said Blue Book, also the salaries received by the heads of Departments, but not the salaries of other employees.

The appropriation for support of the State Industrial Commission for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on pp. 393 and 394, Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Commissioners, 3 @ \$5,000 each.....	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
Secretary .....	3,500.00	3,500.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....</b>	<b>\$18,500.00</b>	<b>\$18,500.00</b>

#### FOR ENFORCEMENT OF LABOR LAWS

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

Inspectors, 3 @ \$3,000.00 each.....	\$ 9,000.00	\$ 9,000.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES LABOR LAWS...</b>	<b>\$10,800.00</b>	<b>\$10,800.00</b>
For Operation .....	700.00	700.00
For Travel .....	2,500.00	2,500.00
<b>TOTAL LABOR LAWS .....</b>	<b>\$14,000.00</b>	<b>\$14,000.00</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL APPROPRIATION.....</b>	<b>\$32,500.00</b>	<b>\$32,500.00</b>

The Industrial Commission is one of the Departments of State often referred to as "self-supporting". It collects and administers approximately one million five hundred thousand dollars annually in insurance premiums from employers of the State. It receives a considerable specific appropriation annually from the general fund of the State. It does not turn any part of its collections into the general fund of the State. There is no available public record showing in detail the annual receipts and expenditures of the Industrial Commission. In a substantial measure, the Commission is a direct expense to the taxpayers of the State, and in a still more substantial measure it is a direct expense to every industry of the State. While generally conceded to be an essential and beneficial Department, it is in no proper sense of the words a self-supporting Department.

## COMMISSION OF AGRICULTURE AND HORTICULTURE

This Commission is a legislative creation, first set up in the Laws of 1912, carried forward as Sections 3304 and 3314, Revised Statutes of 1913, and carried into the Revised Code of 1928 as Section 127 thereof.

Section 127, Revised Code of 1928, establishes the Arizona Commission of Agriculture and Horticulture, to consist of three members to be appointed by the Governor, and to receive a salary of \$300 each per annum. Each member must be a qualified elector and the owner of either a commercial orchard or otherwise improved agricultural land within the State, and whose principal occupation and business shall be fruit-growing or farming, with one member identified with cotton-growing. The term of office is six years beginning July 1st and ending June 30th, so arranged that the term of one member expires every even numbered year.

Section 128, Revised Code of 1928, provides for the appointment of one member as Chairman, and for the election of a Secretary.

Section 129, R. C. 1928, provides that the Commission shall appoint an entomologist, qualified by scientific training and practical experience, with the official title of State Entomologist of Arizona, at such salary as the Commission may fix.

Section 170, R. C. 1928, provides that the Commission shall appoint an apiary inspector, qualified by scientific training and practical experience in bee-keeping. It does not appear that the salary of this inspector is fixed by statute.

Section 130, R. C. 1928, provides that the Entomologist shall, with the advice and consent of the Commission, appoint and fix the compensation of all clerks, inspectors, and employees necessary to carry out the provisions of the law, etc.

The Sections from Revised Code of 1928, hereinbefore mentioned, are part of Chapter 5, entitled "Agriculture and Horticulture". The numerous Sections of this Chapter clothe this Commission with broad authority over agricultural and horticultural matters within the State, including the power of inspection, quarantine, etc.

The appropriation for support of this Commission in the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown on pp. 16 and 17, Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, was as follows:

To pay salaries of the Commissioners, Entomologist, Secretary to Entomologist, and such assistants, inspectors, clerks, etc., as may be needed by the Commission .....	\$ 12,000.00
---	--------------

For Prevention of Spread of Alfalfa Weevil, Boll Weevil, and Dodder.....	2,000.00
TOTAL.....	\$ 14,000.00

The appropriation for support of this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on pp. 385, 386, and 387, Session Laws of 1931, was as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Members, 3 @ \$300.00 each.....	\$ 900.00	\$ 900.00
Entomologist .....	4,000.00	4,000.00
Plant Pathologist .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
District Entomologist (Yuma).....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Assistant Entomologist .....	2,200.00	2,200.00
Secretary and Chief Clerk.....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Chief Quarantine Inspector.....	2,700.00	2,700.00
District Inspector (Tucson).....	2,200.00	2,200.00
District Inspector (Safford) .....	2,200.00	2,200.00
Chief Crop Pest Inspector .....	2,200.00	2,200.00
Date Palm Inspector .....	1,217.28	1,217.28
Bee Inspector .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Stenographer .....	1,500.00	1,500.00
Clerk (Yuma) .....	1,200.00	1,200.00
Miscellaneous Crop Pest Inspectors (Periodic) .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Crop Inspector, Phoenix (Pest Inspector)	2,200.00	2,200.00
Crop Inspector, Phoenix (Pest Inspector)	2,200.00	2,200.00
Janitor (Safford) .....	36.00	36.00
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....	\$ 39,753.28	\$ 39,753.28
For Operation .....	5,925.00	5,925.00
For Travel .....	5,250.00	5,250.00
For Capital Investment .....	300.00	300.00
SUB-TOTAL.....	\$ 51,228.28	\$ 51,228.28

## FOR ROAD SALARIES AND OPERATION

For Salaries for the following positions:

Inspectors (Periodic) .....	\$ 92,800.00	\$ 92,800.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL SALARIES .....	\$ 92,800.00	\$ 92,800.00
For Operation .....	6,000.00	6,000.00
For Travel .....	3,600.00	3,600.00
For Capital Investment .....	100.00	100.00
For Automobile .....	600.00	
<hr/>		
TOTAL APPROPRIATION FOR ROAD SALARIES AND OPERATION .....	\$103,100.00	\$102,500.00

## FOR DATE PALM SCALE ERADICATION

For Salaries and Wages for the  
following positions:

Inspectors (Periodic) .....	\$ 8,400.00	\$ 4,800.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....	\$ 8,400.00	\$ 4,800.00
For Operation .....	798.00	798.00
For Travel .....	802.00	402.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL APPROPRIATION FOR DATE PALM SCALE ERADICATION .....	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 6,000.00

The appropriation for Date Palm Scale Eradication is made subject to the condition that the expenditures therefrom be made under a co-operative agreement with the United States Department of Agriculture.

TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$164,828.28	\$159,728.28
---------------------------	--------------	--------------

The personnel and salaries in this office during the Fiscal Year 1931-32 are shown in the Arizona Blue Book of that year, at pages 113, 114, and 115.

## LIVE STOCK SANITARY BOARD

This Board is a legislative creation. It was first set up by Sections 1 and 2, Chapter 51, Laws of 1905, and was brought forward as Sections 3688 and 3689, Revised Statutes of 1913.

Chapter 48, Revised Code of 1928, contained the statutory law with respect to this Department as it existed at the date of the Code revision. This chapter was almost entirely rewritten by an Act approved March 6, 1931, which will be found in Session Laws of 1931, pp. 86 to 113, inclusive. Section 2076, which is the Section creating the Live Stock Sanitary Board, was not changed.

The Board consists of three qualified electors experienced in the live stock business, appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The term of office is three years. The Board elects one of its number Chairman. The members receive \$10.00 per day for the time necessarily employed on duty, provided however that the Board may not remain in session more than sixty days during one year, except upon call of the Governor. Members receive mileage allowance in attending meetings. (Sec. 2076, Revised Code of 1928).

The Board exercises a general supervision over the live stock interests of the State, with the object of protecting the industry from contagious and infectious diseases, and to protect the public against the sale of diseased or unwholesome meat products. The Board may establish quarantines against the spread of animal diseases. The Board has charge of brand inspection and of recording of brands. It has the power to appoint inspectors to carry out its various duties.

In carrying out its work, the Board is authorized to charge and collect various fees. (Secs. 2104 and 2114, as revised in 1931).

This Department administers the appropriation for Eradication of Predatory Animals and the appropriation for co-operation with the U. S. Bureau of Animal Husbandry for the Eradication of Tuberculosis in Cattle.

The appropriations to this Department for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown on pp. 20 and 21, Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, are as follows:

To pay per diem and mileage of members.....	\$ 1,000.00
To pay salaries and per diem of Inspectors, 'etc., also for keeping records and for Office Expenses.....	9,250.00
<b>TOTAL</b> .....	<b>\$10,250.00</b>

.00

.00

.00

.00

.00

00

10

0

0

0

931-

114,

The items of appropriation for support of this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, are as follows: (Session Laws for 1931, page 400).

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Per Diem, Board Members (Periodic).....	\$ 1,800.00	\$ 1,800.00
Secretary .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Brand Clerk .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Bookkeeper .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Inspectors (Periodic) .....	100,000.00	100,000.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$110,800.00	\$110,800.00
For Operation .....	2,875.00	3,675.00
For Travel .....	2,000.00	2,000.00
For Capital Investment .....	400.00	
<hr/>		
SUB-TOTAL.....	\$116,075.00	\$116,475.00

#### RE-RECORDING BRANDS

<i>Salaries:</i>		
Clerks (Periodic) .....	\$ 7,200.00	\$ 2,800.00
Operation .....	2,087.00	1,500.00
Capital Investment .....	125.00	
<hr/>		
TOTAL RE-RECORDING BRANDS.....	\$ 9,412.00	\$ 4,300.00
<hr/>		
GRAND TOTAL .....	\$125,487.00	\$120,775.00

The appropriation for Re-recording Brands is made subject to the condition that no salary thereunder shall exceed one hundred and fifty dollars per month.

#### PREDATORY ANIMALS

(Session Laws of 1931, page 405):

For Salaries, Wages, Operation, Travel, Capital Investment and Repairs and Replacement .....	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00

This appropriation is made subject to the condition that, at least a like amount be allotted to this State by the Federal Government and expended concurrently with this appropriation.

NOTE: The authority for appropriations for the destruction of predatory animals and rodents will be found in Sec. 2139, Revised Code of 1928.

ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

(Session Laws of 1931, page 367):

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
For Salaries, Wages, Operation and Travel .....	\$ 21,900.00	\$ 21,900.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 21,900.00	\$ 21,900.00
<hr/>		

This appropriation is made subject to the condition that at least a like amount shall be allotted to this State by the Federal Government, and expended concurrently with this appropriation.

This Department is often referred to as "self-supporting". The Report of the State Auditor for the Fiscal Year 1930-31, page 11, shows that this Board turned in to the general fund for that year a total of \$51,429.97. The general appropriation to this Department for the Fiscal Year 1930-31 was \$92,600.00, plus a further sum of \$15,000.00 for use in eradication of predatory animals, making a total of \$107,600.00. (See Session Laws of 1929, pages 381 and 391-2).

The Arizona Blue Book for 1931-32, pp. 116 and 117, shows the personnel of the Live Stock Sanitary Board and of its numerous employees. It also purports to show the salaries of employees.

NOTE: The statutory authority of the Live Stock Sanitary Board to expend money for co-operation with the U. S. Bureau for the Eradication of Tuberculosis in Cattle, will be found in Section 2091, Revised Code of 1928.

SHEEP SANITARY COMMISSION

This Commission is a legislative creation, first set up under Sections 1, 2, and 3, Chapter 70, Laws of 1907, brought forward into the Revised Statutes of 1913 as Sections 3783-4 and 5. The present statutory provisions regarding the Commission are found in Chapter 48, Secs. 2120 et seq., Revised Code of 1928.

Section 2120, R. C. of 1928, provides that the Commission shall consist of three qualified electors who are bona fide sheep-owners of the State, to be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Commission may appoint a Secretary, at a salary not to exceed \$75.00 per month. Members of the Commission are allowed all necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties.

The general powers of the Commission are set forth in Section 2121, Revised Code of 1928. This Section gives the Commission authority to employ such persons, and purchase such supplies and materials, as are necessary.

The general purpose to be served by the Commission is that of protecting the sheep and goat industry of the State.

The appropriation for support of this Commission for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown in Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, page 18, is set out below:

To Pay Salary of Secretary and Expenses of  
 Sheep Sanitary Commission.....\$ 4,500.00

The appropriation for support of this Commission for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on page 408, Session Laws of 1931, is set out below:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Inspectors, 3 @ \$1,800.00 each.....	\$ 5,400.00	\$ 5,400.00
Inspector, Special (Periodic).....	1,600.00	1,600.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....</b>	<b>\$ 7,000.00</b>	<b>\$ 7,000.00</b>
For Operation .....	100.00	100.00
For Travel .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....</b>	<b>\$ 8,900.00</b>	<b>\$ 8,900.00</b>

The personnel of this Commission and of its employees in the Fiscal Year 1931-32, is shown on page 117 of the Arizona Blue Book for said year.

## STATE DAIRY COMMISSION

This Commission is a legislative creation, first set up by Sec. 1, Chap. 8, Laws of 1918.

In the Revised Code of 1928 the provisions regarding the Commission, its duties and powers, were set out in Chap. 17, Sections 928 et seq.

The 10th Legislature repealed Chapter 17, Revised Code of 1928, and adopted an entirely new Act governing the operation of dairies, said Act being Chapter 82, Session Laws of 1931, pp. 170 to 208, inclusive.

Section 2, of the 1931 Law, established the office of State Dairy Commissioner, the Commissioner to be appointed by the Governor for a term concurrent with the term of the appointing Governor. His salary was fixed at \$3,000.00 per annum, with authority to appoint one Deputy, at a salary of \$2,400.00 per annum; with further authority to appoint such additional Deputies as he might deem necessary, providing funds were available for the purpose.

Under the 1931 Act, as well as under previous Acts, the Dairy Commissioner was given wide authority to regulate and control the business of dairying in the State.

As this office was created subsequent to the Fiscal Year 1916-17, no appropriation for that year is shown.

The appropriation for support of this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on page 389, Session Laws of 1931 was as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Commissioner .....	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00
Deputy Commissioner .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Clerk .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$ 7,200.00	\$ 7,200.00
For Operation .....	645.00	645.00
For Travel .....	3,600.00	3,600.00
For Capital Investment .....	350.00	
<hr/>		
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$11,795.00	\$11,445.00

The personnel of this office in the Fiscal Year 1931-32, as shown on page 115 of the Arizona Blue Book for the year mentioned, is as follows:

Dave W. Fountain, State Dairy Commissioner.....	Phoenix
Guy Acuff, Deputy State Dairy Commissioner.....	Phoenix
Elizabeth Stewart, Stenographer.....	Phoenix
Salaries: Dairy Commissioner .....	\$3,000.00
Deputy Dairy Commissioner .....	2,400.00
Stenographer .....	1,500.00

## STATE VETERINARY BOARD

This Board is a legislative creation, first set up in Section 1, Chapter 15, Laws of 1923, brought forward into the Revised Code of 1928 as Section 2592 thereof.

Section 2592 provides for a State Veterinary Board, to be appointed by the Governor, to consist of three practitioners of veterinary medicine, to be appointed for the term of three years, the term of one member to expire each year. The members are to serve without pay.

Section 2593 defines the powers and duties of this Board, and provides that the Board shall elect from its members a President, Vice-President, and Secretary-Treasurer. Also, that the Secretary-Treasurer shall be custodian of all moneys received for licenses or certificates of registration, and shall forward the same to the State Treasurer.

The principal duty of this Board seems to be the examining, licensing, and registration of veterinarians desiring to practice their profession in Arizona. The statutory provisions in this regard are found in Sections 2594 to 2599, inclusive, Revised Code of 1928.

An appropriation was made to this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33. It appears on page 421, Session Laws of 1931, and is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Per Diem, Board Members (Periodic).....	\$ 40.00	\$ 40.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....	\$ 40.00	\$ 40.00
For Travel .....	260.00	260.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 300.00	\$ 300.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The personnel of this Department is shown in the Arizona Blue Book for 1931-32, at page 112. It is here referred to as "Veterinary Medical Examiners."

## STATE VETERINARIAN

This office is a legislative creation, originally set up in Section 3, Chapter 51, Laws of 1905, brought forward into Revised Statutes of 1913 as Section 3690 thereof.

In the Revised Code of 1928 the provision creating the office of State Veterinarian was Section 2078 of Chapter 48, entitled "Live Stock." The salary was fixed at \$1,800.00 per annum, with "the mileage allowed by Law." This Chapter also contains other sections relating to the powers and duties of the State Veterinarian. Chapter 48 was revised and largely rewritten by an Act approved March 6, 1931, Session Laws of 1931, pages 86 to 113, inclusive. Section 2078, as revised in 1931, provides that,

"The Governor shall appoint, with the consent of the Senate, a skilled veterinary surgeon \* \* \* \* who shall hold his office at the pleasure of the Board (Live Stock Sanitary Board), and whose salary, to be fixed by the Board, shall not be less than \$1,800, nor more than \$3,000 per annum, and the mileage and traveling expenses allowed public officers."

The various duties of the State Veterinarian are referred to in Chapter 48, Live Stock, Revised Code of 1928, and in the revision of said Chapter set out in Session Laws of 1931, pp. 86 to 113, inclusive.

The appropriation for the support of this office for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown on page 22, Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, was as follows:

Salary of State Veterinarian .....	\$1,800.00
Traveling and Office Expenses.....	500.00

The appropriation made to this office for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on page 421, Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Veterinarian .....	\$ 3,600.00	\$ 3,600.00
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....	\$ 3,600.00	\$ 3,600.00
For Travel .....	800.00	800.00
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 4,400.00	\$ 4,400.00

Operation expense of Veterinarian shall be paid from Operation Appropriation for Live Stock Sanitary Board.

NOTE: Sec. 2078, as revised in 1931 (Session Laws 1931, p. 89), fixes the salary of the Veterinarian at not to exceed \$3,000.00; yet the appropriation for this salary for the above Fiscal Years was \$3,600.00 per annum.

The personnel and salaries of this Department for the Fiscal Year 1931-32, as shown in the Arizona Blue Book for that year, at pages 115 and 116, are as follows:

Dr. Edward L. Stam.....State Veterinarian  
Lillian E. Lee.....Stenographer

#### SALARIES

State Veterinarian .....\$1,800.00  
Stenographer ..... 2,100.00

#### FIELD MEN

Dr. R. B. Doty, Safford.....\$3,000.00  
John Aubrey, Phoenix..... 1,500.00  
C. M. Brimhall, Mesa ..... 1,500.00  
J. R. Casey, Phoenix..... 1,500.00  
W. D. King, Phoenix ..... 1,500.00  
W. L. Nail, Payson..... 1,500.00  
S. O. Williams, Pima..... 1,500.00

## STATE LAND DEPARTMENT

This Department was created by the Legislature to control and administer the public lands of the State, in accordance with the provisions of Article X, of the State Constitution, entitled "State and School Lands." This Article does not expressly require the creation of a Land Department, but it is apparent that such a Department is necessary to administer the constitutional provisions.

A State Land Department was created by Sections 2 and 3, Chapter 5, Laws of 1915, Second Special Session; carried forward into the Revised Code of 1928 as Section 2947. In the case of *Campbell vs. Caldwell*, 20th Ariz., 377, it was said that the law creating this Department was enacted to comply with the mandates of the Constitution, Art. X, Secs 1, 3, 9, and 10.

Section 2947, Revised Code of 1928, providing for a State Land Department, was amended by an Act approved March 12, 1929, which will be found on pages 158 and 159, Session Laws of 1929.

Under this Act, it is provided that the State Land Department shall consist of the Governor, the Secretary of State, Attorney General, the State Treasurer, and the Auditor, who shall serve without extra compensation. The Governor is ex-officio Chairman of the Department. It provides that the Department shall appoint a State Land Commissioner "with the powers of Surveyor General." It is given authority to sell and lease all lands owned or held in trust by the State, etc.

This Act of 1931 was amendatory only of Sections 2947 and 2970, Revised Code of 1928.

Section 2948, Revised Code of 1928, empowers the Land Commissioner to appoint a Deputy, who shall be the Secretary and Chief Clerk of the Department, a chief draftsman and other clerical assistants required to transact business of the Department.

Section 2949 fixes the salary of the Commissioner at \$3,600.00, and of the Deputy Commissioner at \$3,000.00 per annum.

The structure of the Land Department seems somewhat complex. The Arizona Blue Book of 1931-32, pages 99 and 100, shows that it has a Selection Division, Application Division, Sales and Accounting Division, Lease Division, Rental Division and Field Division. It also has charge of the "State Real-Estate Commission," and of "Arizona Land Settlement Commission." The Department has a large personnel, as shown on Blue Book pages above mentioned. The Commissioner and eight of his employees are men. Twelve of the employees are women.

The Session Laws of 1915 do not show any specific appropriation to this Department for the Fiscal Year 1916-17.

The appropriation for support of this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on pp. 397 and 398, Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Commissioner .....	\$ 3,600.00	\$ 3,600.00
Deputy .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Chief Accountant .....	2,700.00	2,700.00
Cashier .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Bookkeeper .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Assistant Bookkeeper and Secretary.....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Clerks, 8 @ \$1,800 each.....	14,400.00	14,400.00
Stenographers, 3 @ \$1,800 each.....	5,400.00	5,400.00
Engineer and Appraiser.....	2,580.00	2,580.00
Engineer and Appraiser.....	2,490.00	2,490.00
Engineer and Appraiser.....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Real Estate Secretary.....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Lumbermen and Fire Guards (Periodic).....	2,500.00	2,500.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....	\$47,770.00	\$47,770.00
For Operation .....	9,450.00	9,450.00
For Travel .....	1,000.00	1,000.00
For Capital Investment:		
Automobile .....	500.00	500.00
Other Capital Investment.....	500.00	500.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$59,220.00	\$59,220.00
<hr/>		
Also Special Appropriation (Laws of 1931, Special Session, p. 40).....	\$ 2,750.00	\$ 1,000.00
<hr/>		

In addition to the above appropriations, the Legislature, by a special Appropriation Act, approved March 19, 1931, appropriated for the use of this Department in continuing the work of developing water for irrigation purposes near Willcox, Arizona, the sum of .....\$10,000.00 (Session Laws 1931, pp. 335 and 336).

By an Act approved January 9, 1932 (Session Laws, First Special Session, 10th Legislature, pp. 37 and 38), a schedule of fees to be charged by the Land Department was set up. Section 2 of this Act provided that these fees should be paid into the State Treasury for the use and benefit of the State Land Department.

The State Auditor's Report for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1931, (p. 10 of said Report), shows that the Land Department turned in to the State Treasury a total of \$21,744.03 for that period.

## ARIZONA LAND SETTLEMENT COMMISSION

This Commission is a legislative creation, first set up in Sections 2, 3, and 5, Chapter 58, Laws of 1921, carried forward into Revised Code of 1928 as Section 1963, of Chapter 43, entitled "Land Settlement."

Sections 1963 and 1971, of Chapter 43, Revised Code of 1928, were revised by an Act approved March 8, 1929, which will be found in Session Laws of 1929, pp. 110 to 113, inclusive.

Section 1963, as revised, provides, among other things, as follows:

"The Commission shall be composed of members and officers of the State Land Department, and they and their employees shall perform their duties under similar designations respectively, as in the Land Department, in like manner and with like authority, but without additional compensation." (p. 110, Session Laws, 1929).

The general purpose behind the creation of this Commission was to render assistance to honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, marines, and others who served in the United States Army, and who were residents of Arizona, in the matter of procuring and operating farms.

Section 1967, Revised Code of 1928, provided that the Commission might advance necessary funds to make loans to approved settlers under the Act, the total amount of any one loan not to exceed \$3,000.

Section 1975, Revised Code of 1928, provides that "expenditures authorized herein shall be paid out of the appropriation for the Commission in the General Appropriation Bill."

There was no specific appropriation made for the support of this Commission for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, except as the same may have been included in the appropriation to the State Land Commission, as set out on pp. 397 and 398, Session Laws of 1931.

## STATE WATER COMMISSION

This office is a legislative creation, first set up by Section 2, Chapter 164, Laws of 1919; brought forward into the Revised Code of 1928 as Section 3282, Chapter 81.

Section 3282, Revised Code of 1928, provides that the Governor shall appoint a State Water Commissioner, who shall be familiar with water law, hydraulics, and irrigation. The Commissioner shall hold office for six years, be removable by the Governor for cause, and receive a salary of \$4,000 per annum, together with necessary traveling expenses. He shall have general control and supervision of the waters of the State, etc.

The appropriation for support of this Department for the Fiscal Year 1921-22, as shown on page 451, Session Laws of 1921, was as follows:

Operating Expenses .....	\$23,600.00
Stream Gauging .....	3,000.00
	<hr/>
TOTAL.....	\$26,600.00

The appropriation for support of this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on page 422, Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Commissioner .....	\$ 4,000.00	\$ 4,000.00
Secretary .....	2,700.00	2,700.00
Engineer .....	2,700.00	2,700.00
Stenographer-Bookkeeper .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Extra Field Help (Periodic).....	250.00	250.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$11,750.00	\$11,750.00
For Operation .....	1,575.00	2,075.00
For Travel .....	475.00	475.00
For Capital Investment: Automobile.....	700.00	
Other Capital Investment.....	525.00	250.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$15,025.00	\$14,550.00

In addition to the above appropriation, a special appropriation was made by an Act approved March 17, 1931, Session Laws of 1931, pp. 216 and 217, as follows:

"Section 1. For the purpose of making further surveys and investigations to determine the best methods and means of utilizing the waters of the Gila River and its tributaries above the San Carlos Reservoir, in Arizona and New Mexico, the sum of \$10,000.00, or so much thereof as may be needed, is hereby appropriated out of the general fund", this money not to be expended except it be matched by a like amount from the U. S. or the State of New Mexico.

Section 2 of this special Appropriation Act provides that the work shall be carried on under the direction of the State Water Commissioner.

The personnel and salaries in this Department for the Fiscal Year 1931-32, as shown on pages 100 and 101, Arizona Blue Book for that year, are as follows:

Frank P. Trott .....State Water Commissioner  
 Icie L. Harrison .....Secretary to State Water Commissioner  
 Earl H. Parker.....Engineer  
 G. E. Menees.....Bookkeeper and Stenographer

SALARIES

Commissioner .....\$4,000.00  
 Secretary to Commissioner..... 2,700.00  
 Stenographer and Bookkeeper..... 2,100.00  
 Engineer ..... 2,700.00

apter  
Sec-

shall  
water  
r six  
y of  
shall

Year

scal  
931,

as  
16

## COLORADO RIVER COMMISSION

This Commission is a legislative creation, set up by an Act approved February 4, 1929, appearing as Chapter 3, pp. 6 to 10, inclusive, Session Laws of 1929.

The Commission consists of three members appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Governor is an ex-officio member of this Commission. The Act provided that the term of the first appointed members should expire the first Monday of January, 1931, and that thereafter the term of office of the members should be coincident with that of the Governor.

This Commission was created for the purpose of endeavoring to protect the rights of Arizona in the Colorado River.

Section 5 of the Act provides that members of the Commission shall serve without pay, provided that when actually engaged in their official duties they should be reimbursed for travel, hotel bills, and incidental expenses.

The General Appropriation Bill, approved March 23, 1929, contained an appropriation for the use of this Department in the sum of \$50,000, and stipulated that this appropriation should not be subject to the provisions of the Finance Code. (Session Laws of 1929, pp. 409 and 410).

The General Appropriation Bill, approved March 24, 1931, appropriated to this Department for the Fiscal Year 1931-32, the sum of \$100,000.00, this appropriation to be exempt from the provisions of the Finance Code.

The personnel of the Colorado River Commission for the year 1931-32 is shown in the Arizona Blue Book for said year, at page 102.

## BOARD OF RESERVOIR CONTROL AND SUPERVISION

This Board is a legislative creation, set up by the provisions of an Act approved February 21, 1929, which will be found in Session Laws of 1929, pages 35 to 41, inclusive.

Section 1, of the Act, creates a Board of Reservoir Control and Supervision, to consist of the Governor, State Highway Engineer, State Water Commissioner, a member of the State Tax Commission, and a member of the State Industrial Commission, the two latter to be chosen by their respective Commissions. The members of the Board are required to serve without compensation, but are allowed actual expenses incurred in performance of duty.

The general purpose of the Act was to create a Board which should have supervision and control of all dams and reservoirs in the State, with respect to safety requirements.

Section 9, of the Act, appropriated the sum of \$175,000.00, to be expended under the direction of the Board for the purposes of the Act.

No appropriation for the support of this Board has been made since the initial appropriation of 1929.

proved  
ession

ernor,  
n ex-  
of the  
1931,  
ident

pro-

shall  
ficial  
ntal

ined  
000,  
pro-  
)

pri-  
of  
the

## STATE ENGINEER

This office is a legislative creation.

Chapter 102, pages 332 to 345, inclusive, Laws of 1929, approved March 22, 1929, provided for supervision of dams and reservoirs within the State, by the "State Engineer."

Section 1 of above referred to Act, declares—

"The words 'State Engineer,' as hereinafter used, shall mean the Arizona state highway engineer," \* \* \* \* and that "all dams heretofore or hereafter built or now under construction, shall be under the jurisdiction of the State Engineer."

Section 4, of the Act, provides for collection of certain fixed fees, and of certain other fees based upon cost of dams; also for an annual tax levy of 10c per acre upon new irrigation projects up to 25,000 acres, and of 5c per acre when in excess of 25,000 acres. Said Section 4 provides that all such fees and taxes collected by the State Engineer shall be paid to the State Treasurer, and credited to a special fund for carrying the expense of this Department.

Section 1, of the above referred to Act of 1929, was amended by Act adopted in 1931. (Session Laws of 1931, pp. 119 and 120). By this Act, Section 1 was entirely rewritten, but the substance of it remains much the same.

While the office of State Engineer is held by the Arizona State Highway Engineer, his activities have nothing to do with the Highway Department, nor are the expenses of his office borne by that Department.

The appropriation of fees, charges, and taxes collected by the State Engineer for the work above mentioned, is a continuing appropriation which goes on from year to year without further action of the Legislature.

By an Act approved March 13, 1931 (Session Laws 1931, p. 139), a special appropriation of \$19,800.00 was made for the purpose of repairing the structure known as the Lyman Dam, on the Little Colorado River, near the town of St. John, and for the construction of works for the protection thereof. Section 2 of this Act placed the direction and supervision of this work under the State Engineer, and authorized him to draw warrants in payment of claims growing out of such work. No other specific appropriation has ever been made for the use of this Department.

## BAR EXAMINERS

This Department is a legislative creation. It was first set up by the Territorial Laws of 1907, carried forward into Revised Code of 1913. (Sec. 264, Chap. 1).

From the beginning the Board has consisted of three members of the Bar, residing in different Counties, holding office for three years. They have been, and still are, appointed by the Supreme Court. Their duties relate to the examination of applicants for admission to the Bar.

The present law with respect to this Board is found in Chapter 7, Revised Code of 1928. Sec. 194 of said Code states the qualifications and duties of the Board of Bar Examiners.

All examination fees collected by the Board are turned into the General Fund of the State. The Board members receive as compensation \$10.00 a day each for time actually spent in holding examinations, etc. (See Sec. 197, Revised Code of 1928).

The appropriation for this Department for the Fiscal Year  
1916-17, was .....\$250.00  
(Laws of 1915, 1st Special Session, p. 16).

The appropriation for this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on p. 374, Session Laws of 1931, was as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Stenographer .....	\$ 600.00	\$ 600.00
Per Diem, Board Members (Periodic).....	240.00	240.00
	-----	-----
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$ 840.00	\$ 840.00
For Operation .....	140.00	140.00
For Travel .....	150.00	150.00
	-----	-----
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 1,130.00	\$ 1,130.00

## BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS

This Board is a legislative creation. It was set up by Section 1, Chap. 17, Laws of 1913. In the Revised Statutes of 1913 it appears under Sec. 4733, its powers and duties being defined by subsequent sections.

The law creating this Department authorized the Governor to appoint a Board of Medical Examiners consisting of five members,—two from the allopathic school of medicine, one from the homeopathic school, one from the eclectic school, and one from the osteopathic school. The appointments were for two-year terms.

The provisions set out above were carried forward into the Revised Code of 1928. They will be found in Section 2554 and succeeding sections of said Code.

The Board is provided with a Secretary, at a salary of not to exceed \$1,200.00 per year. The compensation of other members may not exceed \$10.00 per day for each day of actual service, together with actual expenses.

The Board examines applicants for admission to practice the medical profession, issues licenses to practice, etc.

Section 4745, Revised Statutes of 1913, provided that the salaries and expenses of this Board should not exceed the amount of fees collected by the Board.

The compiler hereof cannot find any specific appropriation made for the support of this Board for the fiscal year 1916-17. The Board was required by law to turn fees, etc., into the State Treasury. Presumably, they drew against the funds so turned in.

The appropriations made for the support of this Board for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 were as follows: (See p. 379, Session Laws of 1931).

For Salaries and Wages for the  
following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Secretary .....	\$ 1,200.00	\$ 1,200.00
Per Diem, Board Members (Periodic).....	320.00	320.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES</b> .....	<b>\$ 1,520.00</b>	<b>\$ 1,520.00</b>
For Operation .....	90.00	90.00
For Travel .....	300.00	300.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</b> .....	<b>\$ 1,910.00</b>	<b>\$ 1,910.00</b>

This Board is one of those which turns a considerable amount into the General Fund from fee collections. The State Auditor's Report for the Fiscal Year 1930-31 shows that the Board of Medical Examiners turned into the General Fund for that year a total of \$3,425.00.

## BOARD OF NURSE EXAMINERS

This Board is a legislative creation. It was first set up in Chap. 70, Laws of 1921; amended in Chap. 35, Laws of 1922.

Sections 2562-2569, inclusive, Revised Code of 1928, define the powers and duties, etc., of this Board.

The Board consists of five members appointed by the Governor, each to be a graduate and registered nurse, approved by Arizona State Nurses' Association. The members are appointed for a term of five years, the term of one member expiring each year. They elect from their own membership a President and Secretary-Treasurer. The Secretary receives a salary fixed by the Board, also traveling and other expenses in performance of duties. The other members receive \$5.00 for each day actually engaged in service.

The Board examines applicants for registration as qualified nurses, and issues licenses to those who pass.

The appropriations for this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 were as follows: (See pp. 379-380, Session Laws of 1931).

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Secretary and Treasurer .....	\$ 900.00	\$ 900.00
Per Diem, Board Members (Periodic).....	250.00	250.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$ 1,150.00	\$ 1,150.00
For Operation .....	450.00	600.00
For Travel .....	450.00	450.00
For Capital Investment.....	75.00	75.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 2,125.00	\$ 2,275.00

According to the State Auditor's Report for the Fiscal Year 1930-31, this Department returned to the General Fund that year, in fees and charges, a total of \$2,053.46.

The Arizona Blue Book for 1931-32, page 112, shows the membership of this Board as follows:

Sister Mary Berchmans.....	Phoenix
Miss Helen Egan.....	Phoenix
Mrs. Kathryn G. Hutchison.....	Tombstone
Sister Mary Evangelista.....	Tucson
Minnie Benson .....	Tucson

## BOARD OF OPTOMETRY EXAMINERS

This Board is a legislative creation. It appears to have been established by the Session Laws of 1907, amended in 1913.

The organization, powers and duties of this Board, as prescribed by the Revised Statutes of 1913, are to be found in Secs. 4767 to 4778, inclusive, of said Revised Code. The Board then consisted of three members, appointed by the Governor, each member holding office for four years. The principal duty of the Board was to examine applicants for admission to practice, issuing certificates to those who passed. Section 4774 required that all salaries and expenses of the Board be paid from fees collected.

The present statutory provisions with respect to the Board of Optometry Examiners are included in Secs. 2570 to 2576, inclusive, Revised Code of 1928. The Board is still composed of three members appointed by the Governor for the term of four years, the terms being so arranged that only one expires in any given year. The Governor has the right to remove any member for neglect of duty, incompetency, etc.

The Board elects a President and a Secretary-Treasurer. The members receive \$10.00 per day each when actually on duty; also receive mileage. All fees and charges collected are paid in to the State Treasurer as a special fund for the payment of salaries and expenses of the Board when appropriated therefor.

The compiler hereof can find no record of a specific appropriation for the support of this Board for the Fiscal Year 1916-17.

For the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 the appropriations to this Board were \$195.00 for each of said years. (See page 380, Session Laws of 1931).

According to the State Auditor's Report for the Fiscal Year 1930-31, this Department returned to the General Fund that year, in fees and charges, a total of \$258.00.

## BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS

This Board is a legislative creation. It was set up by the Legislature in 1913. (See Section 4, Chap. 14, Session Laws of 1913, Second Special Session).

The regulation of the practice of dentistry immediately after statehood will be found in Chap. 2, Revised Code of 1913. The Section providing for the Board of Dental Examiners is No. 4754 of said Code. The provisions of the old Code were carried forward into the Revised Code of 1928, and will be found in Secs. 2541 to 2548, inclusive, Chap. 58.

The law was later entirely rewritten by an Act approved February 18, 1929. (Session Laws of 1929, pp. 23 to 32, inclusive).

The Board consists of five members, who must be practicing dentists. They are appointed by the Governor for a term of five years, the term of one member expiring January 1st of each year.

The functions of this Board are, to examine applicants for admission to the practice of dentistry, and generally to regulate the practice of that profession.

The compensation of members is fixed by Sec. 2548, Act of 1929, being \$10.00 per day while actually engaged in the business of said Board, also necessary traveling expenses incurred in the discharge of official duty.

The appropriation for Fiscal Year 1916-17 to pay the per diem of members (Session Laws 1915, First Special Session, p. 17), was.....\$300.00

The appropriation for support of this Board for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 was as follows: (See pp. 375-376, Session Laws 1931).

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Per Diem, Board Members (Periodic).....	\$ 660.00	\$ 660.00
<b>TOTAL</b> .....	<b>\$ 660.00</b>	<b>\$ 660.00</b>
For Operation .....	420.00	420.00
For Travel .....	600.00	600.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</b> .....	<b>\$ 1,680.00</b>	<b>\$ 1,680.00</b>

The State Auditor's Report for the Fiscal Year 1930-31 shows that this Department returned to the General Fund from fees and charges, a total of \$625.00.

## BOARD OF CHIROPRACTIC EXAMINERS

This Board is a legislative creation, first set up in Chap. 118, Laws of 1921. (See Sec. 2533, Revised Code of 1928).

The Board is composed of three licensed chiropractors, appointed by the Governor for a term of three years, one member being appointed each year. Its function is to examine applicants for admission to practice the system of healing known as Chiropractic, and to issue licenses to practitioners.

The Board members receive a per diem of \$10.00 each, when actually engaged in discharge of their duties. The total expenditures of the Board, including salaries, etc., cannot exceed the amount collected by the Board, and paid into the General Fund. (See Section 2539, Revised Code of 1928).

It is probable that the creation of this Board was in response to the demand of Chiropractors and those who believe in the efficacy of this branch of healing, to be taken out from under the control of the State Board of Medical Examiners.

The appropriations for this Department for the Fiscal Years 1930-31 and 1931-32 are set out below: (See p. 375, Session Laws of 1931).

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Secretary .....	\$ 900.00	\$ 900.00
Per Diem, Board Members (Periodic).....	80.00	80.00
<hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/>		
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$ 980.00	\$ 980.00
For Operation .....	100.00	100.00
For Travel .....	20.00	20.00
<hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/>		
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 1,100.00	\$ 1,100.00

The State Auditor's Report for the Fiscal Year 1930-31 shows that this Board returned the sum of \$1,237 to the General Fund from fees and collections.

## BOARD OF PHARMACY

This Board is a legislative creation. It appears to have been first set up by the Laws of 1913, Third Special Session. Secs. 4793 to 4810, inclusive, Revised Statutes of 1913, prescribed the structure of this Board, and defined its powers and duties. The Board then consisted of seven registered pharmacists, to be appointed by the Governor. The term of office was four years. (See Sec. 4797, Revised Statutes of 1913).

The compensation of the members was fixed at \$5.00 per day for every day of attendance at a Board meeting, together with expenses and mileage. All compensation and other expense was required to be paid from registration fees and fines.

The present statutory provisions affecting the Board of Pharmacy are to be found in Secs. 2577 to 2589, inclusive, Revised Code of 1928.

The Board elects from its membership a President, Vice-President, and a Secretary-Treasurer.

The Board has power to regulate the practice of Pharmacy, for the protection of the public. It determines and passes upon the qualifications of pharmacists admitted to registration in the State. (Sec. 2579, Revised Code of 1928).

The compensation of the Secretary-Treasurer is fixed by the Board, and is in addition to his per diem as a member. The members receive a per diem of \$5.00 when attending meetings.

The compiler hereof can find no record of a specific appropriation to this Board for the Fiscal Year 1916-17.

For the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 the appropriations to this Department were as set out below: (See p. 381, Session Laws of 1931).

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Secretary .....	\$ 1,200.00	\$ 1,200.00
Stenographer .....	1,080.00	1,080.00
Per Diem, Board Members (Periodic).....	500.00	500.00
<b>TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....</b>	<b>\$ 2,780.00</b>	<b>\$ 2,780.00</b>
For Operation .....	800.00	800.00
For Travel .....	1,550.00	1,550.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....</b>	<b>\$ 5,130.00</b>	<b>\$ 5,130.00</b>

The membership of the Board of Pharmacy for the Fiscal Year 1931-32, is shown on page 117 of the Arizona Blue Book for said year.

The State Auditor's Report for 1930-31 shows that the Board of Pharmacy turned into the General Fund of the State that year, a total of \$4,898.79.

## BOARD OF EMBALMING EXAMINERS

This Board is a legislative creation. It appears to have been first set up by Sec. 1, Chap. 45, Laws of 1909, carried forward as Sec. 4779, Revised Statutes of 1913.

The various provisions of law with respect to this Board, up to the year 1931, are included in Secs. 2549 to 2553, both inclusive, Revised Code of 1928.

A new law covering the practice of embalming was adopted March 23, 1931. (See Session Laws of 1931, pp. 342 to 347, inclusive).

This Board consists of three licensed embalmers, appointed by the Governor, each for a term of two years. The Board has general charge of the practice of embalming, including examination of applicants for license.

There does not appear to have been any appropriation to this Board for the Fiscal Year 1916-17.

For the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, the appropriations to this Board were as set out below: (See p. 377, Session Laws of 1931).

For Salaries and Wages for the following position:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
President (Periodic) .....	\$ 100.00	\$ 100.00
Stenographer (Periodic) .....	25.00	25.00
Per Diem, Board Members (Periodic) .....	25.00	25.00
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....	\$ 150.00	\$ 150.00
For Operation .....	50.00	50.00
For Travel .....	300.00	300.00
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 500.00	\$ 500.00

The State Auditor's Report for the Fiscal Year 1930-31, shows that this Department returned to the General Fund that year, a total of \$808.40.

## BOARD OF BARBERS AND COSMETICIANS

This Board is a legislative creation, first set up by an Act approved March 18, 1929, (Session Laws of 1929, pp. 217 to 222, inclusive).

The above mentioned Act of 1929 was repealed and the law entirely rewritten by an Act approved March 5, 1931. (Session Laws 1931, pp. 75 to 82, inclusive).

Section 2, of the 1931 Act, provides that the Governor shall appoint a Board of Barbers and Cosmeticians composed of one journeyman barber, one master barber, and two cosmeticians. The Superintendent of Public Health shall be a member ex-officio. The term of office is four years. Section 2 also provides that the Board shall appoint a Secretary-Treasurer, not a member of the Board, who shall receive an annual salary not exceeding \$2,400. He is required to execute a bond to the State in the sum of \$5,000. The Board is given power to appoint inspectors and clerks, to prescribe their duties and fix their compensation. Members of the Board are entitled to receive \$10.00 per day when actually engaged in meetings, together with their traveling expenses incident thereto.

Section 10, of the 1931 Act, sets up a scale of fees for examination and for licenses; the licenses to run for one year only, and license fees to be collected annually.

There is no provision in the 1931 Act requiring fees and collections to be turned in to the general fund of the State. There was such a provision in the 1929 Act. (See Section 3, of 1929 Act, Session Laws of 1929, p. 219).

This Board is supposed to have been created for the protection of the public.

The appropriation for this Board for each of the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, was as follows: (See pp. 374-375, Session Laws of 1931).

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Secretary and Treasurer.....	\$ 2,400.00	\$ 2,400.00
Assistant Secretary and Inspector .....	1,500.00	1,500.00
Stenographer .....	1,500.00	1,500.00
Extra Inspectors (Periodic) .....	200.00	200.00
Per Diem Board Members (Periodic).....	1,000.00	1,000.00
Miscellaneous Services (Periodic).....	200.00	200.00

TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$ 6,800.00	\$ 6,800.00
For Operation .....	1,700.00	1,700.00
For Travel .....	2,500.00	2,500.00
For Capital Investment.....	175.00	175.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$11,175.00	\$11,175.00

The State Auditor's Report for 1930-31 shows that this Board returned to the general fund in fees and charges a total of \$12,741.71, thus bringing the Department *at that time* within the class often referred to as "self-supporting." Whether this Board will return any of its collections to the general fund under the new law of 1931, is an open question. Certainly, there is no specific requirement to this effect.

The Arizona Blue Book for 1931-32 shows this Department as consisting of a Chairman, three regular members, one ex-officio member, a Secretary, Assistant Secretary, and Stenographer. The Chairman, one regular member, and a stenographer, are women.

## BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY

This Board is a legislative creation, first set up in Section 2, Chapter 57, Laws of 1919, carried forward into the Revised Code of 1928 as Section 2527 thereof.

Section 2527, R. C. 1928, provides that "the Governor shall appoint three certified public accountants who shall constitute the Board of Accountancy, and who shall hold office for a term of three years, to be so appointed that the term of one member expires each year."

Section 2528, R. C. 1928, prescribes the powers of the Board. The purpose of the Board, as disclosed in this Section, is to examine applicants for registration as certified public accountants, and to issue certificates of registration to those who pass the examination. Applications for registration must be accompanied by a fee of \$25.00 for examination or registration, and \$10.00 for the issuance of a certificate. The destination of these fees is not disclosed in any of the Sections relating to this office.

Presumably this Board is supported by the fees which it collects. The 1931 Session Laws do not show any appropriation for its support.

## STATE BOARD OF REGISTRATION

This Board is a legislative creation. It appears to have been originally set up in the Session Laws of 1921.

The present statutory provisions regarding this Department are set out in Secs. 2500, et seq., Revised Code of 1928.

The Board consists of seven members, six to be appointed by the Governor, and the seventh to be the Dean of the College of Mines and Engineering at the University of Arizona. The six appointed members shall be professional architects, engineers, or assayers. The term of office of each is three years, so appointed that the terms of two members expire each year. The Board elects from its members a Chairman, Vice-Chairman, and a Secretary. The members are paid necessary traveling, incidental, and clerical expenses.

The duties of the Board appear to be confined to passing upon the qualifications of architects, engineers, land surveyors, and assayers who desire to practice their professions within the State, and to register such of them as are found competent.

This Board was created subsequent to the Fiscal Year 1916-17.

The appropriation for the support of this Board, for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as set out below, will be found on page 382 of the Session Laws of 1931:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Stenographer .....	\$ 540.00	\$ 540.00
Examiners (Periodic) .....	60.00	60.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES .....	\$ 600.00	\$ 600.00
For Operation .....	450.00	450.00
For Travel .....	760.00	760.00
<hr/>		
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 1,810.00	\$ 1,810.00

The personnel of this Board in 1931-32 is shown on page 117, Arizona Blue Book for that year.

This Board, during the Fiscal Year 1930-31, turned into the General Fund of the State, from its fees and collections, a total of \$3,461.85. This is shown in the State Auditor's Report for that year.

## REGISTRAR OF CONTRACTORS

This office is a legislative creation, set up by an Act approved March 18, 1931, which appears in Session Laws of 1931, pp. 284 to 292, inclusive.

The general purpose of the Act seems to be to exercise supervision and control over contractors doing business in Arizona, requiring them to take out licenses, etc., and making it unlawful for contractors to operate in the State without procuring a license and otherwise complying with the requirements of the Act.

Section 4, of the Act, empowers the Governor to appoint a contractor as Registrar for the purposes of the Act, the term of office to be for two years, co-terminus with that of the Governor. The Registrar is empowered to employ such assistance and procure such equipment and records as he may need. He receives a salary of \$10.00 per diem for time actually devoted to the work, not exceeding 200 days in any one fiscal year.

The second paragraph of Section 5 of the Act, reads in part as follows:

"The fees received under this Act shall be deposited in the contractors' license fund, which fund is hereby created. All moneys in said fund are hereby appropriated for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act. \* \* \* \* " (Session Laws 1931, page 287).

The personnel of this Department for the Fiscal Year 1931-32, as shown on page 104 of the Arizona Blue Book for said year, is as follows:

B. L. Hammock .....	Registrar
Mrs. Belle Rose .....	Secretary and Treasurer
J. C. Delbridge .....	Clerk

## STATE REAL ESTATE COMMISSIONER

This office is a legislative creation, first set up in Chapter 160, Laws of 1921, brought forward into the Revised Code of 1928 as Section 2520 thereof.

Section 2520, R. C. 1928, provides that the State Land Commissioner shall be ex-officio State Real-Estate Commissioner, with power to regulate and control the issuance and revocation of licenses issued under the provisions of Article IV, Chapter 58, R. C. 1928, entitled "Professional Business Pursuits."

Sections 2519 and 2521 set up schedules of license fees to be paid by persons, firms, or corporations engaged in the real-estate business. Presumably the fees collected by the Commissioner go into the funds of the Land Commissioner, and are accounted for by him, though there is nothing in the statutes that discloses the ultimate destination of such fees. The license fees above mentioned are payable annually.

No specific appropriation for the support of this Commission appears in the Session Laws of 1831. Doubtless it was covered by the appropriation in support of the State Land Commission.

## BOARD OF LIBRARY EXAMINERS

aws  
520

This is a legislative creation. It was created March 7, 1929, by Section 6 of an Act establishing County Libraries. This Act may be found in the Sesion Laws of 1929, pp. 94 to 103, inclusive.

ner  
ate  
ro-  
isi-

The Board consists of a State Librarian, who is ex-officio Chairman, the Librarian of the State University, and the Librarian of the Phoenix Public Library. The members receive no compensation, but receive actual and necessary traveling expenses, to be paid out of the General Fund. The Board has power to pass upon the qualifications of all persons desiring to become County Librarians. It examines such applicants.

by  
re-  
the  
th-  
es.

The appropriation for this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33 was \$200.00 for each year. (Laws of 1931, p. 379).

rs  
ri-

## INSPECTOR OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

This office is a legislative creation. It appears first in Section 2, Chapter 91, Laws of 1912, and as Section 5511 in Revised Statutes of 1913.

The present statutory provision regarding this office is Section 3609, Revised Code of 1928, included in Chapter 82, entitled "Weights and Measures."

The Inspector of Weights and Measures is appointed by the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate, for a two-year term, at a salary of \$2,000.00 per year and such clerical, traveling, and contingent expenses as may be appropriated for the use of his Department.

The appropriation for support of this Department in the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown on page 11, Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, was as follows:

Salary of Inspector .....	\$2,000.00
Salary of Clerk .....	1,200.00
Office and Traveling Expense.....	1,500.00
	<hr/>
TOTAL.....	\$4,700.00

The appropriation for support of this Department for Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on pp. 395 and 396, Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Inspector .....	\$ 2,400.00	\$ 2,400.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$ 2,400.00	\$ 2,400.00
For Operation .....	800.00	800.00
For Travel .....	1,200.00	1,200.00
For Capital Investment: Truck .....	600.00	
Weights and Measures.....	50.00	
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 5,050.00	\$ 4,400.00

## STATE LAW AND LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE LIBRARY

This is a legislative creation, first set up in Sections 1 and 12, Chapter 62, Laws of 1915; carried forward into the Revised Code of 1928 as Chapter 72, Sections 3034 to 3037, inclusive.

Section 3034 provides for the maintenance of a State Library at the Capitol, to be under the control of a Board of Curators consisting of three members appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to serve for six years, the term of one member expiring every two years.

Section 3035 provided for a Librarian, at a salary of \$3,000.00 per annum, and provided that Con P. Cronin should be Librarian until otherwise provided by Law.

The Tenth Legislature, in an Act approved February 9, 1931, pages 9 and 10, Session Laws of 1931, amended Section 3035, Revised Code of 1928, increasing the salary of the Librarian to \$3,600.00 per annum, and again providing that Mr. Cronin should be Librarian until otherwise provided by Law.

The appropriation for support of this Department for the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown on p. 20, Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, was as follows:

Salary of Librarian.....	\$2,400.00
Clerical Assistance .....	1,200.00
Total .....	<u>\$3,600.00</u>

The appropriation for the support of this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on pp. 398 and 399, Session Laws of 1931, is as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Librarian .....	\$ 3,600.00	\$ 3,600.00
Assistant Librarian .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Stenographer .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	<u>\$ 7,500.00</u>	<u>\$ 7,500.00</u>
For Operation .....	6,350.00	6,350.00
For Travel .....	500.00	500.00
For Capital Investment .....	2,000.00	85.00
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	<u>\$16,350.00</u>	<u>\$14,435.00</u>

The personnel of this Department, as it existed in the Fiscal Year 1931-32, as shown on page 102 of the Arizona Blue Book for that year, is as follows:

Con P. Cronin.....	State Librarian
Marjorie Baker .....	Assistant
Gladys Weage.....	Stenographer and Clerk

SALARIES

State Librarian .....	\$3,600.00
Assistant Librarian .....	1,800.00
Stenographer and Clerk.....	1,800.00

NOTE: Mr. Con P. Cronin died some time in 1932. The Hon. Mulford Winsor was appointed to succeed him, and is the present Librarian.

## STATE HISTORIAN

This office is a legislative creation. It appears to have been first set up under the Laws of 1909. In the Revised Statutes of 1913 it was carried forward as Secs. 125 to 128, inclusive.

The present statutory provisions regarding the State Historian are found in Sec. 2913, Revised Code of 1928.

The State Historian is appointed by the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate. He is required to keep an office in Phoenix, and is authorized to incur such necessary expenses for clerical aid and for traveling about the State in the performance of his duties, and for printing and publishing, as may be appropriated therefor. His term of office is two years, and he receives a salary of \$2,400.00 per annum.

The appropriation for this Department, in the Fiscal Year 1916-17, as shown on pages 17 and 18, Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session, was as follows:

Salary of State Historian .....	\$ 2,400.00
Clerks' Salary and Office Expense.....	1,700.00
Traveling Expense, Special Work .....	1,250.00
Printing and Binding 2 Vols. "History of Arizona".....	5,000.00
	<hr/>
TOTAL.....	\$10,350.00

The appropriation for support of this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on page 409, Session Laws of 1931, was as follows:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Historian .....	\$ 2,400.00	\$ 2,400.00
Secretary .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$ 4,200.00	\$ 4,200.00
For Operation .....	400.00	400.00
For Travel .....	700.00	700.00
For Capital Investment .....	100.00	100.00
For Publications .....	1,000.00	1,000.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 6,400.00	\$ 6,400.00

The personnel and salaries in this Department for the year 1931-32, as shown on p. 102 of Arizona Blue Book for that year, was as set out below:

Effe R. Keen ..... State Historian  
Sidney Kartus ..... Secretary

## SALARIES

Historian ..... \$2,400.00  
Secretary ..... 1,800.00

## PIONEERS' HISTORICAL SOCIETY

This is a legislative creation. It appears to have been first set up by the Session Laws of 1897. Brought forward into the Revised Statutes of 1913 as Chapter 8, Sec. 4551 to 4553, inclusive.

The present statutory provisions regarding this Society are found in Chap. 69, Secs. 2914 to 2916, inclusive, Revised Code of 1928.

The governing body of this Society is a Board of Directors of as many members as the Society shall determine. (Sec. 2914, Revised Code of 1928).

Section 2916 provides that the Board of Directors shall report biennially to the Governor a detailed statement of expenditures.

The appropriation for support of this Society for the Fiscal Year 1916-17 was \$1,250.00. (See p. 23, Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session).

The appropriation for support of this Society for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as shown on p. 403, Session Laws of 1931, was as set out below:

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Secretary .....	\$ 1,500.00	\$ 1,500.00
Miscellaneous Day Labor (Periodic).....	50.00	50.00
	-----	-----
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$ 1,550.00	\$ 1,550.00
For Travel .....	150.00	150.00
For Operation .....	900.00	900.00
For Capital Investment.....	200.00	200.00
	-----	-----
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$ 2,800.00	\$ 2,800.00
	-----	-----

The personnel of the officers and directors of this Society for the year 1931-32, is shown on page 103 of the Arizona Blue Book for the year mentioned.

## HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF PRESCOTT

If this Society has any basis in Law, it is of course in Statutory Law. The compiler hereof has been unable to find any statute specifically creating the Historical Society of Prescott.

Chapter 69, Revised Code of 1928, Sec. 2914, recognizes a "Society of Arizona Pioneers," and Sec. 2915 describes its duties. But this Society has in the past received a separate appropriation.

No appropriation to the Historical Society of Prescott was made in the Fiscal Year 1916-17.

For the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, an appropriation for this Society was made, as set out below: (See p. 393, Session Laws of 1931).

	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
For Operation, Capital Investment and		
Repairs and Replacements.....	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 1,000.00
	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 1,000.00
<b>TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....</b>	<b>\$ 1,000.00</b>	<b>\$ 1,000.00</b>

An appropriation made for this Society for the Fiscal Years 1929-30 and 1930-31, page 389, Session Laws of 1929, indicates that the Historical Society of Prescott is under the direction of the Board of Directors of State Institutions, so far as expenditures of state appropriations is concerned. The appropriation for the years last referred to is set out below:

For each of the fiscal years beginning July 1, 1929, and ending June 30, 1930, and beginning July 1, 1930, and ending June 30, 1931:

For repairs and maintenance on the old Gubernatorial Mansion .....	\$1,000.00	
<b>TOTAL FOR THE TWO YEARS.....</b>		<b>\$2,000.00</b>

## ARIZONA GAME AND FISH COMMISSION

There has been a Game and Fish Department in Arizona ever since the year 1912. In the Revised Code of 1928, the provisions for this Department were set out in Chapter 30, Secs. 1530 to 1556, inclusive, amended in 1928, (Session Laws 1928, pp. 465 to 467).

By an Act approved March 18, 1929, pp. 235 to 266, inclusive, Session Laws of 1929, this Department was entirely reorganized.

The Act of 1929 was largely revised by an Act approved March 18, 1931, Session Laws of 1931, pp. 227 to 238, inclusive.

The present statutory law with respect to this Department is to be found in the Acts referred to in the two preceding paragraphs.

Section 2 of the 1929 Act, still in effect, provides that the affairs of the State relating to fish and game shall be administered by the Arizona Game and Fish Commission. The Commission consists of three members, not more than two to be of the same political party. The members are appointed by the Governor. The term of office is six years. The Commission elects one of its members as Chairman for the term of two years. The Governor has the right to remove any Commissioner for inefficiency, neglect, etc., after a hearing. The members of the Commission each receive a yearly salary of \$1.00, together with all actual and necessary traveling and other expenses not exceeding \$1,000 in any one calendar year for each member.

The Commission is given broad powers in the matter of propagation and preservation of fish and game. The Commission fixes open seasons, bag limits, license fees, etc.

Section 6, of the 1929 Act, provides that the Commission shall appoint a State Game and Fish Warden, to serve for four years, unless removed by the Commission after a hearing. His salary shall be an amount fixed by the Commission not exceeding \$3,600.00 per annum, together with traveling and other expenses and disbursements not exceeding \$1,200.00 in any one calendar year.

Section 7, of the 1929 Act, authorizes the Game Warden, with the approval of the Commission, to appoint Deputy Wardens. The provision for the salaries of Deputy Wardens reads as follows:

"The Commission shall fix the salaries of the deputy wardens, provided, however, that they shall not receive more than \$180 per month during their first two years of service, nor more than \$200 per month for their second to fourth years, nor more than \$220 for their fourth to sixth years in the Department, and special deputies shall receive not more than \$150 per month; provided further, that they shall be paid their actual and necessary traveling expenses incurred in the performance of their duties not exceeding \$60 during any one month."

Section 4, among other things, provides,—

“It (the Commission), shall have the exclusive power to expend for the protection, preservation, or propagation of game birds, game animals, and fish, all funds of the State acquired for the protection, preservation or propagation of birds, animals, or fish, arising from appropriations, licenses, gifts, or other sources.”

No specific appropriations have been made for the support of this Department since the adoption of the 1929 Law, and of course none are needed, for the Commission collects annually a large amount in license fees, etc., and has full authority to spend all of it as they may see fit.

The State Auditor's Report for the Fiscal Year 1930-31, page 15, shows the collections of this Department for that year amounted to \$119,973.93.

The personnel of this Department, with salaries paid, for the year 1931-32, is shown in the Arizona Blue Book for that year, on pp. 103 and 104.

## STATE FAIR COMMISSION

This is a legislative creation. It was first created by the Laws of 1905. In the Revised Statutes of 1913, the provisions regarding the State Fair and the State Fair Commission will be found in Secs. 4535 to 4542, inclusive.

The statutory provisions regarding this Commission were, with some slight changes, brought forward into the Revised Code of 1928, being Secs. 2943 to 2945, inclusive, of said Code.

The Fair Commission consists of three members, no two of whom shall be residents of the same County. They are appointed by the Governor, and hold office for two years each. The Commission at each annual meeting elects one of its number Chairman and one as Secretary and Treasurer.

Section 2944 gives the Commission broad authority to conduct an annual State Fair, and provides that it may charge entrance fees, etc. In December of each year, after the Fair has been held, the Commission is required to prepare and transmit to the Governor a full financial statement signed by each member, showing all funds received and disbursed, etc.

Section 2945 provides that each member of the Commission shall be paid \$5.00 for each day actually devoted to the transaction of the business of the State Fair, not to exceed \$250.00 per year, together with expenses incurred while traveling in the interests of such Fair. It provides that no Commissioner shall be interested directly or indirectly in any contract made by the Commission, and that a violation of this provision shall be punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for one year.

The appropriations to this Department for the Fiscal Year 1916-17 were as follows: (See pp. 23, 24, and 25, Session Laws of 1915, First Special Session).

For maintenance and repairs.....	\$15,000.00
Also all gate receipts and other receipts.	
For improvements and betterments.....	8,000.00
To pay deficit from Feb. 1, 1915, to June 30, 1915.....	4,000.00
	<hr/>
TOTAL.....	\$27,000.00

The appropriations to this Department for the Fiscal Years 1931-32 and 1932-33, as set out on pp. 390 and 391, Session Laws of 1931, were as follows :

For Salaries and Wages for the following positions:	For the 20th Fiscal Year	For the 21st Fiscal Year
Per Diem, Commissioners (Periodic).....	\$ 750.00	\$ 750.00
Business Manager .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Custodian .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Stenographer (Periodic) .....	600.00	600.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL SALARIES AND WAGES.....	\$ 6,150.00	\$ 6,150.00
For other Salaries and Wages, Operation, Travel, Capital Investment and Repairs and Replacements .....	44,300.	44,300.00
For County and District Fair Assistance,— 14 Counties @ \$1,000 each.....	14,000.00	14,000.00
For Northern Arizona Fair.....	4,000.00	4,000.00
For Southern Arizona Fair.....	4,000.00	4,000.00
For Helldorado .....	4,000.00	4,000.00
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL APPROPRIATION .....	\$76,450.00	\$76,450.00

The appropriation for the Fair Commission is made subject to the condition that a general admission be charged, and it is further provided that the amount of all admissions, fees and receipts received by the Fair Commission during each of said fiscal years, when paid into the State Treasury, is hereby appropriated for the payment of expenses of the State Fair.

Special appropriation for deficiency (Laws of 1931, Special Session, p. 8), \$15,800.00.

The personnel and salaries of the State Fair Commission, as shown on page 104, of the Arizona Blue Book for 1931-32, are as set out below:

A. B. Bobb, Chairman .....	Phoenix
Wilson T. Wright, Sec.-Treas. ....	Globe
Carmel Giragi .....	Winslow
J. P. Dillon, Sec.-Mgr. ....	Phoenix
B. N. Richards, Custodian .....	Phoenix

#### SALARIES

Commissioners, each .....	\$ 250.00
	<i>Per Annum</i>
Secretary .....	\$4,200.00
Custodian .....	1,800.00

APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1931-32 AND 1932-33 FOR THE  
DEPARTMENTS OF STATE INCLUDED IN  
THIS COMPILATION

CONSTITUTIONAL DEPARTMENTS

	1931-32	1932-33
The Governor .....	\$ 54,700.00	\$ 41,700.00
Secretary of State.....	33,685.00	36,185.00
State Auditor .....	23,400.00	23,400.00
State Treasurer .....	30,635.00	29,350.00
Attorney General.....	136,270.00	85,770.00
Do. Special Emergency Commission.....	3,000.00	.....
Corporation Commission.....	89,130.00	89,130.00
Do. Special Appro. for Deficiency.....	970.00	.....
State Mine Inspector.....	24,425.00	23,725.00
State Board of Education.....	.....	.....
*State Supt. of Public Instruction.....	2,333,378.38	2,385,353.38
Supreme Court .....	42,400.00	42,400.00
do. Spec. Appro. for Deficiency.....	4,100.00	.....
Superior Courts .....	42,000.00	42,400.00
Do. Spec. Appro. for Deficiency.....	758.58	.....
Do. Spec. Appro. for Deficiency.....	5,910.00	.....
Legislature .....	202,138.00	.....
National Guard of Arizona.....	71,770.00	71,020.00
Do. Special Appropriation for Deficit and Armories.....	18,000.00	.....

DEPARTMENTS CREATED BY THE LEGISLATURE

Board of Directors, State Institutions.....	14,330.00	13,480.00
Do. Free Employment Department.....	5,100.00	5,100.00
Do. Capitol Buildings and Grounds.....	58,900.20	55,100.00
Do. Cap. Bldgs & Grnds,—for Deficit	19,883.30	.....
**Arizona State Highway Commission.....	7,110,412.03	7,110,412.03
Do. Spec. Flood Control Appro.....	15,000.00	.....

*Taxes and Finance:*

State Tax Commission .....	24,150.00	26,800.00
Tax Survey Commission.....	4,500.00	2,250.00
Permanent State Board of Tax Survey.....	250,000.00	.....
Superintendent of Banks.....	26,475.00	26,475.00
State Examiner .....	18,100.00	17,950.00
Legislative Examiner .....	16,525.00	18,825.00
State Loan Board.....	20,600.00	20,600.00
Loan Commissioners .....	1,000.00	1,000.00

*Public Health and Human Relationships:*

	1931-32	1932-33
Board of Health .....	\$18,125.00	\$18,300.00
Board of Health,—Child Hygiene .....	15,000.00	15,000.00
Child Welfare Board .....	43,550.00	43,000.00
State Laboratory .....	12,140.00	11,690.00
Bureau of Criminal Identification .....	7,425.00	7,225.00
Veterans' Service Officer .....	8,900.00	8,850.00
Veterans' Relief Commission .....	7,500.00	10,000.00
Board of Pardons and Paroles .....	2,550.00	2,425.00
Do. Special Appropriation .....	500.00	.....
Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund .....	Indefinite Amount	.....
State Industrial Commission .....	18,500.00	18,500.00

*Agriculture, Horticulture and Live Stock:*

Commission of Agriculture & Horticulture .....	164,328.28	159,728.28
Live Stock Sanitary Board .....	162,387.00	157,675.00
Sheep Sanitary Commission .....	8,900.00	8,900.00
State Dairy Commission .....	11,795.00	11,445.00
State Veterinary Board .....	300.00	300.00
State Veterinarian .....	4,400.00	4,400.00

*Lands, and Water Conservation:*

State Land Department .....	59,220.00	59,220.00
Do. Spec. Appro. for Water Dev. ....	10,000.00	.....
Do. Emerg. Appro., Spec. Session .....	2,750.00	1,000.00
Arizona Land Settlement Commission .....	.....	.....
State Water Commissioner .....	15,025.00	14,550.00
Do. Spec. Appro. for Water Surveys .....	10,000.00	.....
Do. Gen. Appro. for Water Surveys .....	20,500.00	22,500.00
Colorado River Commission .....	100,000.00	.....
Board of Reservoir Control & Supervision .....	.....	.....
State Engineer: Appropriation of fees, also Special Appropriation for Repair Lyman Dam .....	19,800.00	.....

*Licenses,—Professional and Trade Examinations:*

Bar Examiners .....	1,130.00	1,130.00
Board of Medical Examiners .....	1,910.00	1,910.00
Board of Nurse Examiners .....	2,125.00	2,275.00
Board of Optometry Examiners .....	195.00	195.00
Board of Dental Examiners .....	1,680.00	1,680.00
Board of Chiropractic Examiners .....	1,100.00	1,100.00
Board of Pharmacy .....	5,130.00	5,130.00
Board of Embalming Examiners .....	500.00	500.00
Board of Barbers and Cosmeticians .....	11,175.00	11,175.00
Board of Accountancy .....	Appropriation of Fees	.....

*Licenses,—Professional and Trade Examinations (Continued)*

	1931-32	1932-33
State Board of Registration.....	\$1,810.00	\$1,810.00
Registrar of Contractors.....	Appropriation of Fees	
State Real-Estate Commissioner.....	Appropriation of Fees	
Board of Library Examiners.....	200.00	200.00
Inspector of Weights and Measures.....	5,050.00	4,400.00

*Historical and Literary:*

State Law and Legislative Ref. Library...	16,350.00	14,335.00
State Historian .....	6,400.00	6,400.00
Pioneers' Historical Society.....	2,800.00	2,800.00
Historical Society of Prescott.....	1,000.00	1,000.00

*Miscellaneous:*

***Arizona Game and Fish Commission: Appropriation of Receipts estimated same as in 1930-31.....	119,973.93	119,973.93
State Fair Commission, (in addition to all Receipts) .....	76,450.00	76,450.00
Do. Appropriation for Deficit at Special Session .....	15,800.00	.....
	\$11,694,019.70	\$10,945,197.62

- (\*) This appropriation is in part an estimate, for the reason that it includes an appropriation of Receipts, the amount of which was unknown at date of appropriation. (See explanation on page 2).
- (\*\*) The appropriation for this Department for the Fiscal Year 1932-33 is an estimate, for the reason that it is an appropriation of the entire Receipts of that year, the amount of which is not yet known. (See explanation on page 2).
- (\*\*\*) This appropriation is an estimate, for the reason that it is an appropriation of receipts, the amount of which was unknown at date of appropriation. (See explanation on page 2.)

NOTE: The foregoing list covers only appropriations for the Departments of State hereinbefore set out. It does not include appropriations for State Institutions, such as the State University, the Flagstaff and Tempe Normal Schools, or any of the various penal, correctional, or charitable institutions of the State.

ARIZONA LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE  
FISCAL YEARS 1931-32 AND 1932-33

GENERAL APPROPRIATION BILL

	1931-32	1932-33
Live Stock Sanitary Board,		
ANIMAL HUSBANDRY .....	\$ 21,900.00	\$ 21,900.00
Arizona Game and Fish Commission.....	All fees and receipts	
State School for Deaf and Blind.....	72,875.00	70,000.00
Teachers' College, Flagstaff.....	269,970.00	232,384.00
"    "    Tempe .....	285,650.00	263,050.00
Attorney General .....	36,270.00	35,770.00
Attorney General, re Colorado River Suit..	100,000.00	.....
State Auditor .....	25,500.00	26,400.00
Banking Department .....	26,475.00	26,475.00
Board of Bar Examiners.....	1,130.00	1,130.00
Board of Barbers and Cosmeticians.....	11,175.00	11,175.00
Board of Chiropractic Examiners .....	1,100.00	1,100.00
Board of Dental Examiners.....	1,680.00	1,680.00
Board of Directors, State Institutions .....	14,330.00	13,480.00
Board of Embalming Examiners .....	500.00	500.00
Board of Health.....	18,125.00	18,300.00
Board of Health, Child Hygiene, (subject to being matched by some other agency)	15,000.00	15,000.00
Board of Library Examiners .....	200.00	200.00
Board of Medical Examiners.....	1,910.00	1,910.00
Board of Nurse Examiners .....	2,125.00	2,275.00
Board of Optometry Examiners.....	195.00	195.00
Board of Pardons and Paroles.....	2,550.00	2,425.00
Board of Pharmacy .....	5,130.00	5,130.00
Board of Registration .....	1,810.00	1,810.00
Bureau of Criminal Identification.....	7,425.00	7,225.00
Capitol Building and Grounds.....	56,900.00 <sup>20</sup>	55,100.00
Child Welfare Board.....	43,550.00	43,000.00
Colorado River and other stream gauging, (subject to being matched by Fed. Gov.)	20,500.00	22,500.00 <sup>3</sup>
Commission of Agriculture and Horticul- ture (Vetoed in part).....	164,328.28	159,728.28
Corporation Commission.....	89,130.00	89,130.00
County Scholarships (Vetoed).....	14,000.00	14,000.00
Dairy Commissioner .....	11,795.00	11,445.00
Eradication of Rodents (subject to being matched by Federal Government).....	15,000.00	15,000.00
Fair Commission .....	76,450.00	76,450.00
(\$14,000 allowed for Co. Fair assist- ance for first year was vetoed).		

	1931-32	1932-33
Free Employment .....	\$ 5,100.00	\$ 5,100.00
Governor .....	54,700.00	41,700.00
Historical Society of Prescott.....	1,000.00	1,000.00
Industrial Commission .....	18,500.00	18,500.00
Enforcement of Labor Laws.....	14,000.00	14,000.00
Industrial School .....	55,320.00	51,820.00
Inspector of Weights and Measures.....	5,050.00	4,400.00
Insurance Premiums, State Employees.....	22,733.40	23,132.40
Interest on Public Debt.....	117,802.07	115,552.07
Laboratory .....	12,140.00	11,690.00
Land Commission .....	59,220.00	59,220.00
Law and Legislative Reference Library.....	16,350.00	14,335.00
Legislative Examiner (Vetoed in toto).....	16,525.00	18,825.00
Live Stock Sanitary Board.....	125,487.00	120,775.00
Loan Commission .....	1,000.00	1,000.00
Mine Inspector .....	24,425.00	23,725.00
National Guard .....	71,770.00	71,020.00
Pioneers' Historical Society.....	2,800.00	2,800.00
Pioneers' Home .....	97,010.00	86,960.00
Predatory Animals (subject to being match- ed by Federal Government).....	15,000.00	15,000.00
State Prison .....	196,323.30	164,182.00
Redemption of Public Debt.....	50,000.00	50,000.00
Secretary of State .....	33,685.00	36,185.00
Sheep Sanitary Commission.....	8,900.00	8,900.00
State Examiner .....	18,100.00	17,950.00
State Historian .....	6,400.00	6,400.00
State Hospital for Insane.....	194,470.50	191,400.50
State Loan Board.....	20,600.00	20,600.00
(Vetoed as to \$17,500 in each year)		
*Supt. Public Instruction and Common Schools:		
Appropriation of \$25 per enrolled pupil:		
1931-32 Enrollment, 80,993.....	2,024,825.00	
1932-33 Enrollment, 83,072.....		2,076,800.00
*Supt. Public Instruction and Common Schools:		
Land and Other Revenues, estimated as equal to those of 1930-31, shown on p. 13, State Auditor's Report for said year .....	308,553.38	308,553.38
Superior Courts .....	42,000.00	42,000.00
Supreme Court .....	42,400.00	42,400.00
Tax Commission .....	24,150.00	26,800.00
Board of Tax Survey .....	4,500.00	2,250.00
State Treasurer .....	30,635.00	29,350.00

	1931-32	1932-33
University of Arizona (Specific Appropriations) .....	\$ 1,002,500.00	\$ 937,500.00
**University of Arizona:		
Land and Other Revenues, estimated as equal to those of 1930-31, shown on p. 14, State Auditor's Report for said year .....	339,202.59 ✓	339,202.59
Veterans' Relief Commission.....	7,500.00	10,000.00
Veterans' Service Officer (Vetoed as to one item of \$3,000 in each fiscal year).....	8,900.00	8,850.00
Veterinarian .....	4,400.00	4,400.00
Veterinary Board .....	300.00	300.00
Water Commissioner .....	15,025.00	14,550.00
Colorado River Commission.....	100,000.00	
	\$ 6,655,630.72	\$ 6,302,395.22

## ITEMS VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR

Legislative Examiner .....	\$ 16,525.00	\$ 18,825.00
Teachers' College, Flagstaff.....	28,400.00	
Teachers' College, Tempe.....	47,500.00	25,000.00
Commission, Agriculture and Horticulture	92,800.00	92,800.00
County Scholarships .....	14,000.00	14,000.00
Fair Commission .....	14,000.00	
State Loan Board.....	17,500.00	17,500.00
Veterans' Service Officer.....	3,000.00	3,000.00
	\$ 233,725.00	\$ 171,125.00
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS .....	\$ 6,655,630.72	\$ 6,302,395.22
LESS VETOED ITEMS.....	233,725.00	171,125.00
NET APPROPRIATIONS .....	\$ 6 421,905.72	\$ 6,131,270.22

- (\*) The appropriation for support of this Department was not for a definite sum. It was for a sum equal to \$25.00 per pupil for the entire pupil enrollment of the State, as found and certified by the Supt. of Public Instruction. In addition to the per capita pupil appropriation, there was appropriation of land and other revenues, the exact amount of which cannot be known until after the close of the year during which such revenues accrue. The amounts stated are an estimate, based upon the known receipts of a former year.
- (\*\*) The exact amount of this appropriation of land and other revenues cannot be known until after the close of the year during which such revenues accrue. The amounts stated are an estimate, based upon the known receipts of a former year.

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS, REGULAR SESSION,  
10TH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Expense Bill.....	\$ 173,920.00
State Highway Department.....	650,000.00
Pioneers' Home .....	10,000.00
Deaf and Blind School .....	17,618.00
Attorney General, for Emergency Use.....	3,000.00
Flood Control near Holbrook.....	15,000.00
Relief of Town of Florence .....	3,283.60
Relief of Fred Francis.....	250.00
Relief of James Rork.....	3,000.00
Capitol Buildings and Grounds.....	19,883.30
Relief of Hamilton Grocery, Jerome.....	86.10
Relief of Chris Totten .....	530.80
For refund to U. S., re Cotton Boll Worm Eradication:	
1st Fiscal Year.....	163,750.00
2nd Fiscal Year.....	163,750.00
National Guard Armories.....	18,000.00
Board of Pardons and Paroles.....	500.00
Relief of D. M. Penny and E. S. Lyman.....	209.50
Relief of Jos. F. Nugent.....	346.70
Judges of Superior Courts, deficiency.....	758.58
Relief of Merchants in Winslow and Flagstaff.....	1,041.97
Relief of Miss Esther Cummings .....	43.20
School for Deaf and Blind.....	6,920.95
Relief of Harry F. Lane.....	165.00
Relief of Arizona Packing Co.....	184.06
Relief of Nellie B. Hoy.....	124.35
Relief of Lescher & Mahoney.....	1,866.09
Survey of Gila River and tributaries (provided same is match- ed by U. S.).....	10,000.00
Reimbursement to Pinal County.....	2,217.50
Relief of Electrical Dist. No. 2, Pinal County.....	1,667.70
For Salary Deficiencies, Judges Superior Courts.....	5,910.00
On account Salaries of Supreme Court Judges.....	4,100.00
Corporation Commission, Salary Deficiencies.....	970.00
Relief of O. S. Stapley Co.....	59.55
Relief of E. S. Westover.....	251.00
State Land Commissioner, for Water Development.....	10,000.00
Protection of Lyman Dam.....	19,800.00

Tax Survey .....	250,000.00
(The Bill carrying above appropriation has been held up by referendum)	
<u>TOTAL .....</u>	<u>\$1,559,207.95</u>
Less U. S. Refund 1932-33 (Cotton) .....	163,750.00
<u>TOTAL FOR 1931-32 .....</u>	<u>\$1,395,457.95</u>
<u>TOTAL FOR 1932-33 .....</u>	<u>163,750.00</u>

## SPECIAL SESSION 10TH LEGISLATURE 1931-32

	1931-32	1932-33
Appropriation for Legislative Expense.....	\$28,218.00	
State Fair Commission Deficiency.....	15,800.00	
State Hospital for Insane.....	6,525.00	\$13,050.00
Land Commission .....	2,750.00	1,000.00
Land Commission: Appropriation of certain fees for support of said Department.....		
State Prison .....	13,170.00	7,960.00
Tax Commission: Appropriation of certain Chain Store License Fees for support of said De- partment .....		
<b>TOTAL</b> .....	<b>\$66,463.00</b>	<b>\$22,00.00</b>

**FEES AND COLLECTIONS APPROPRIATED FOR THE  
SUPPORT OF CERTAIN DEPARTMENTS, IN LIEU  
OF, OR IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIC  
APPROPRIATIONS**

State Highway Department:		
Exclusive of Federal Aid,	1931-32	1932-33
(See p. 36 hereof).....	\$3,530,787.35	
1932-33, Estimated as equal to 1931-32.....		\$3,530,787.35
Game and Fish Commission:		
Estimated as equal to 1930-31,		
(See p. 107 hereof).....	119,973.93	119,973.93
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL.....	\$3,650,761.28	\$3,650,761.28
	<hr/>	<hr/>

NOTE: Having the right under the law to expend their entire receipts, the above Departments are the beneficiaries of continuing appropriations equal to their annual receipts.

The 1931-32 statement of receipts of State Highway Commission was taken from the June 30, 1932, statement of that Department, and is therefore definite. The figures for 1932-33 are only an estimate, based upon the theory that the receipts for that year will equal those for 1931-32.

The figures for the Game and Fish Commission for both fiscal years are estimates, based upon the theory that the receipts for said years would equal those for 1930-31, which is the last year for which a report by the State Auditor is available. From information available in advance of the Auditor's next report, it is probable there has been a substantial shrinkage in the receipts of this Department, and that the receipts for the Fiscal Year 1931-32 will show something less than \$100,000.00.

## RECAPITULATION

	1931-32	1932-33
Net General Appropriations, (See p. 116 hereof).....	\$ 6,421,905.72	\$ 6,131,270.22
Special Appropriations, (See p. 118 hereof).....	1,395,457.95	163,750.00
Appropriations of Special Session, Tenth Legislature, (See p. 119 hereof).....	66,463.00	22,010.00
 SUB-TOTAL .....	 \$ 7,883,826.67	 \$ 6,317,030.22
State Highway Commission, exclusive of Federal Aid, and exclusive of that por- tion of Gasoline Tax paid over to the Counties (See p. 36 hereof).....	3,530,787.35	3,530,787.35
Game and Fish Commission, (See p. 107 hereof).....	119,973.93	119,973.93
 TOTAL .....	 \$11,534,587.95	 \$ 9,967,791.50

ARIZONA LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE  
FISCAL YEARS 1915-16 AND 1916-17

GENERAL APPROPRIATION BILL

	1915-16	1916-17
Corporation Commission .....	\$ 38,580.00	\$ 38,580.00
Attorney General .....	13,400.00	10,900.00
State Auditor .....	12,000.00	12,000.00
Bank Examiner .....	4,400.00	4,400.00
Tax Commission .....	17,900.00	17,900.00
Game Warden .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
(Also all license and other fees).		
Governor .....	16,150.00	16,150.00
State Treasurer .....	5,750.00	5,750.00
State Examiner .....	5,600.00	5,600.00
Inspector of Weights and Measures.....	4,700.00	4,700.00
Secretary of State:		
Salaries .....	9,500.00	9,500.00
Auto License Plates.....	4,000.00	4,000.00
Initiative and Referendum Expense .....		6,000.00
Publication of Session Laws.....	2,000.00	
Publishing Supreme Court Decisions.....	2,250.00	
Board of Control:		
Salary, Citizen Member .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Publishing Reports .....	1,500.00	1,500.00
Publishing Minutes of Board.....	2,000.00	2,000.00
Clerical Wages .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Traveling Expense .....	2,000.00	2,000.00
(Total each year \$10,000)		
Superior Court:		
State's Portion of Judges' Salaries.....	23,750.00	23,750.00
Supreme Court:		
Judges' Salaries .....	15,000.00	15,000.00
Clerk's Salary .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Reporter's Salary .....	500.00	500.00
Stenographic Assistance .....	3,240.00	3,240.00
Contingent Expenses .....	1,000.00	1,000.00
Premium on Official Bonds of State Officers.....	550.00	550.00
Superintendent of Public Health:		
Salary .....	1,000.00	1,000.00
Salary of Registrar.....	1,000.00	1,000.00
Office Expenses .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
State Laboratory:		
Salary of Chemist .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Office Expense .....	2,700.00	2,700.00

	1915-16	1916-17
State Engineer:		
Salary .....	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00
Office Expense .....	2,500.00	2,500.00
Board of Pardons:		
Per diem and all Board Expense.....	1,000.00	1,000.00
Bar Examiners .....	250.00	250.00
Horticultural Commission:		
Salaries of Commissioners, Entomologists, Secretary, Assistants, etc.....	12,000.00	12,000.00
Alfalfa and Boll Weevil Control.....	2,000.00	2,000.00
Board of Dental Examiners .....	300.00	300.00
State Historian:		
Salary .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Clerk and Office Expense.....	1,700.00	1,700.00
Traveling and Extra Help.....	1,250.00	1,250.00
Printing and Binding .....		5,000.00
Sheep Sanitary Board.....	4,500.00	4,500.00
State Armories:		
Erection of Armories, etc.....	6,500.00	6,500.00
State Capitol Buildings and Grounds.....	15,000.00	15,000.00
Vocational Education .....	36,500.00	36,500.00
Law and Legislative Reference Library:		
Librarian's Salary .....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Clerical Assistance .....	1,200.00	1,200.00
(Also all fees received by Clerk of Supreme Court).		
Live Stock Sanitary Board:		
Per Diem of Members.....	1,000.00	1,000.00
Salaries and per diem of Inspectors.....	9,200.05	9,250.00
National Guard .....	30,000.00	30,000.00
State Mine Inspector:		
Salary .....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Salaries of three Deputies.....	5,400.00	5,400.00
Clerk Hire and Office Expense.....	1,400.00	1,400.00
State Veterinarian:		
Salary .....	1,800.00	1,800.00
Traveling Expenses .....	500.00	500.00
Education of Deaf and Dumb in University of Arizona .....	14,990.00	14,990.00
Arizona Pioneers' Historical Society.....	1,250.00	1,250.00
State Land Commission:		
Salaries and Expenses, March 11, 1915, to July 1, 1915.....	5,235.00	

	1915-16	1916-17
<b>Arizona State Fair:</b>		
Maintenance and Repairs.....\$	15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00
Improvements .....	8,000.00	8,000.00
Deficit from 1915.....	<del>4,000.00</del>	-----
(Also all entrance fees and other receipts of the State Fair).	<del>4,000.00</del>	-----
<b>Pioneers' Home:</b>		
Maintenance .....	15,000.00	15,000.00
Improvement and Repairs .....	1,000.00	1,000.00
Maintenance Deficit of 1915.....	4,500.00	-----
Public Highways .....	250,000.00	250,000.00
To P. E. Borchers for Materials.....	1,101.40	-----
<b>Inspector of Apiaries:</b>		
Salary .....	1,000.00	1,000.00
For Expenses .....	350.00	350.00
<b>State Asylum for Insane:</b>		
Maintenance .....	85,000.00	85,000.00
Equipping Female Ward.....	25,000.00	-----
Improvement and Repairs .....	15,000.00	10,000.00
Sewage Disposal .....	3,200.00	-----
<b>State Prison:</b>		
Maintenance .....	85,000.00	85,000.00
Improvements and Repairs.....	23,900.00	-----
Construction of Storage House.....	2,500.00	-----
Repairs to Female Ward.....	1,000.00	-----
Construction of Power Line.....	19,400.00	-----
Purchase of Hog Sties .....	500.00	-----
Paints and Oils.....	500.00	-----
<b>Tempe Normal School:</b>		
Maintenance .....	90,000.00	90,000.00
Improvements and Repairs.....	7,500.00	7,500.00
Sewer Construction .....	5,000.00	-----
General Improvements .....	5,000.00	5,000.00
Improvement of Grounds .....	5,000.00	5,000.00
Hospital Construction .....	4,000.00	-----
<b>University of Arizona:</b>		
Maintenance .....	112,078.40	112,078.40
Improvement and Repairs .....	73,763.25	73,763.25
Repairs, etc., Agricultural Building.....	12,763.25	12,763.25
Land Purchase .....	5,000.00	-----
Farm Maintenance .....	11,000.00	11,000.00
University Extension Work.....	10,000.00	10,000.00
Erection of Mine & Engineering Building..	-----	75,000.00
Central Heating and Power Plant.....	48,000.00	-----
Plant Breeding Work .....	3,000.00	3,000.00

	1915-16	1916-17
Supervisor of Dry Farming, Sal. and Exp..\$	3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00
Prescott Dry Farm Expense.....	4,050.00	4,050.00
Salaries and Administrative Expense re above item .....	3,500.00	3,500.00
Pump and Engine, Prescott Dry Farms...	1,100.00	.....
Sulphur Springs Valley Dry Farm:		
Wages, Equipment, etc.....	3,580.00	3,580.00
Wages of Foreman and Laborers.....	3,000.00	3,000.00
Pumping Plant .....	1,160.00	.....
Northern Arizona Dry Farm.....	3,200.00	3,200.00
State Date Palm Orchard.....	3,500.00	3,500.00
Yuma Horticultural Station.....	700.00	700.00
Printing and Binding University Reports...	1,500.00	1,500.00
Water Investigations:		
Underflow Investigations, etc.....	2,000.00	2,000.00
Underflow Investigations in several Cos....	1,250.00	1,250.00
Well Development near Servoss.....	1,500.00	.....
Salt River Valley Experimental Farm:		
Improvements and Expenses.....	3,000.00	7,000.00
Bureau of Mines.....	5,000.00	5,000.00
County Scholarships .....	2,100.00	2,100.00
Northern Arizona Normal School:		
Maintenance .....	40,000.00	40,000.00
Deficit .....	11,000.00	.....
Boys' Dormitory .....	8,900.00	.....
Improvement and Repairs.....	20,071.50	20,071.50
Dormitory .....	48,000.00	.....
State Industrial School:		
Maintenance .....	30,000.00	25,000.00
Improvement and Repairs.....	14,000.00	<del>1,000.00</del> Sec. 20
Supt. of Public Instruction, Common Schools...	100,000.00	100,000.00
Water Investigations:		
Underflow Colo R. Indian Reservation.....	5,000.00	.....
General Stream Gauging.....	4,000.00	4,000.00
Water Duty Investigation.....	3,000.00	3,000.00
TOTAL.....	<u>\$1,650,462.80</u>	<u>\$1,483,016.40</u>

ITEMS IN GENERAL APPROPRIATION  
BILL VETOED BY GOVERNOR:

	1915-16	1916-17
Corporation Commission:		
Sub-Division 8, Section 1.....\$	2,280.00	\$ 2,280.00
State Tax Commission:		
Sub-div. 27, Sec. 1.....	1,500.00	1,500.00
Sub-div. 28, Sec. 1.....	1,500.00	1,500.00
Sub-div. 29, Sec. 1.....	2,000.00	2,000.00
Sub-div. 30, Sec. 1.....	300.00	300.00
Game Warden:		
Sub-div. 32, Sec. 1 (Vetoed in its entirety)		
Board of Control:		
Sub-div. 59, Sec. 1.....	2,000.00	2,000.00
Sub-div. 61, Sec. 1.....	2,000.00	2,000.00
National Guard:		
Sub-div. 93, Sec. 1.....	30,000.00	30,000.00
(Vetoed in its entirety).		
Supt. of Public Instruction and Common Schools:		
Sec. 44, (Vetoed in its entirety).....	100,000.00	100,000.00
<b>TOTAL.....</b>	<b>\$ 141,580.00</b>	<b>\$ 141,580.00</b>

NOTE: The Message of the Governor, in which he vetoed the above items, will be found on pages 49 to 74, inclusive, Laws of First Special Session, Second Legislature, 1915.

The validity and effect of the Governor's veto of items in the General Appropriation Bill, was later passed upon by the Supreme Court of Arizona, in the case of Callaghan vs. Boyce (1915), 17th Ariz., 433, 153d Pac., 773.

Throughout this Appropriation Bill, the Legislature, in making specific appropriations, attempted to repeal existing statutes which might have provided other sources of revenue. The Supreme Court held the attempted repeals ineffective.

It is evident that some of the vetoed appropriations above set out were replaced by continuing appropriations under certain statutes then in existence. As an example of this, the Governor's veto of Sec. 44, providing a sum of \$100,000 in each of the two fiscal years for the support of the common schools did not leave the schools without support. In fact, it left them with a greater support; because Sec. 2815 of the Revised Code of 1913 was still in effect, and provided a fund of \$500,000 per annum for such school support.

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS,  
2ND LEGISLATURE:

Regular Session:	1915-16	1916-17
Legislative Expense .....	\$ 50,000.00	\$
State Fair Deficit.....	21,000.00	
For Drilling Well in Mohave County.....	8,500.00	
Establishment of State Bureau of Mines....	5,000.00	5,000.00
Transfer to Yavapai Co. Road Tax Fund..	7,500.00	
For Purchase and Sale of Serums for Live Stock Treatment, (together with all sums received from sale of serums).....	2,000.00	
Relief of W. G. Randell.....	327.02	
Arizona Historian, Support and Mainten- tenance of .....	800.00	
To Aid Construction of Road to certain Bridges on San Carlos Indian Res.....	20,000.00	
Relief of Paul C. Thorne .....	52.60	
Repair of Borderland Highway.....	10,000.00	
Northern Arizona Fair.....	2,500.00	2,500.00
Relief of H. J. Parmley, et al.....	1,177.20	
Bldg. of Bridge across Santa Cruz River..	12,500.00	
For Painting Portraits of the Speaker and President of the Senate.....	200.00	
State Law and Legislative Ref. Library.... (Plus all fees collected by Clerk of Supreme Court).	2,400.00	2,400.00
Sinking Well near Franklin, Arizona.....	8,500.00	
First Special Session:		
Legislative Expense .....	25,000.00	
Deficiency Appropriation, Legislative Ex pense, Regular Expense.....	3,822.31	
Second Special Session:		
Legislative Expense .....	22,500.00	
Relief of Persons in Apache and Navajo Cos., whose property was damaged by floods from Lyman Res. ....	40,000.00	
Relief of Sundry Persons, viz.:		
Mulford Winsor .....	911.30	
W. A. Moody.....	911.30	
Cy Byrne .....	911.30	
TOTAL.....	\$ 246,513.03	\$ 9,900.00

## RECAPITULATION

	1915-16	1916-17
General Appropriations, page 125.....	\$1,650,462.80	\$1,483,016.40
Less Total of Vetoed Items.....	141,580.00	141,580.00
<b>NET TOTALS</b> .....	<b>\$1,508,882.80</b>	<b>\$1,341,436.40</b>
Special Appropriations, page 127.....	\$ 246,513.03	\$ 9,900.00
<b>NET TOTAL ALL APPROPRIATIONS</b> .....	<b>\$1,755,395.83</b>	<b>\$1,351,336.40</b>

NOTE: The specific appropriations made by the Legislature for the Fiscal Years 1915-16 and 1916-17 have little relationship to the amounts actually expended for those years. For the actual expenditures, we must go to the report of the State Auditor. For example:

Total Expenditures Fiscal Year 1916-17 shown in detail in 6th Annual Report State Auditor, pp. 16 to 20, incl. ....	\$3,200,826.78
Total Appropriations of 2d Legislature for same Fiscal Year, as shown above.....	1,351,336.40
<b>DIFFERENCE</b> .....	<b>\$1,849,490.38</b>

The above shown difference represents expenditures made in that fiscal year under authority of then existing statutes in the nature of continuing appropriations.

Section 2626, of the present Code, attempts to cure this evil. Whether or not it does so is a question, and of course it is subject to repeal by the Legislature. We know that the State Highway Department has been taken out from under the restrictive provisions of this section, and that the same applies to the Industrial Commission and to the Game Commission.

The Governor's veto of specific items of the General Appropriation Bill, was effective only to wipe out the specific appropriations to which it applied. Each and every item vetoed was revived and vastly extended by existing statutes providing for continuing appropriations. That in fact was the purpose of the veto. (See Callaghan vs. Boyce, 17th Ariz., 433).

**ACTUAL EXPENDITURES FOR FISCAL YEARS 1915-16 AND  
1916-17, AS SHOWN BY 6th ANNUAL REPORT  
OF STATE AUDITOR**

GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATION:	1915-16	1916-17
Arizona Corporation Commission .....	\$ 39,864.74	\$ 46,321.77
Arizona Historian .....	9,586.48	5,614.34
Arizona Agricultural & Horticultural Com.....	14,241.49	14,942.55
Arizona Pioneers' Historical Society .....	1,249.65	1,247.34
Attorney General's Dept. ....	11,960.14	12,594.37
Auditor's Department .....	16,850.36	17,899.55
Board of Bar Examiners .....	433.90	447.55
Board of Control.....	8,381.45	7,442.85
Board of Dental Examiners .....	271.85	328.15
Board of Pardons and Paroles .....	771.82	735.61
Board of Special Examiners .....	330.00	962.19
Borderland State Highway .....	10,000.00	
Capitol Building and Grounds .....	20,166.88	46,677.90
Capitol Bldg. and Grounds: Expense placing Field Pieces .....		113.80
Commission of State Institutions .....		1,453.33
Court Commissioners .....	45.00	15.00
Education of Deaf and Dumb .....	14,983.67	16,949.81
Experimental Wells, Greenlee Co. ....	7,991.76	527.83
Experimental Wells, Hualapai Val. ....		3,935.34
Experimental Wells, Yuma Co. ....	2,500.00	
Florence Bridge Extension .....		38,130.39
Gila & San Carlos Riv. Bridge Approaches .....	20,000.00	
Governor's Department .....	14,361.98	13,552.97
High Schools & Normals,—To Encourage Voca- tional Pursuits .....	44,823.89	51,782.78
Imprest Fund,—State Road Work .....	4,000.00	1,000.00
Initiative & Referendum Expenses .....	72.00	
Inspector Weights & Meausres .....	4,617.09	3,969.67
Law & Legis. Ref. Librarian .....		2,400.00
Live Stock Sanitary Board .....	9,261.95	11,300.96
Loan Commission Expense .....	38.60	842.50
Loans to Counties, Bridge Cons. ....	67,500.00	12,500.00
National Guard of Arizona .....	109,929.21	37,708.56
Northern Arizona Fair .....	2,500.00	2,500.00
Northern Arizona Normal School, Deficit Appro- priation .....	11,000.00	
Premium on Bonds of State Officials .....	530.00	533.75
Printing Decisions of Supreme Court .....	750.00	750.00
Printing Reports of State Officials and Com- missions .....	2,737.25	8,594.72
Prison Labor, Transfer to State Road Tax Fund....	60,000.00	60,000.00
Relief of Flood Sufferers, Navajo-Apache Cos.....	10,040.60	29,959.40

	1915-16	1916-17
Relief of A. W. Gregg.....	\$	\$ 17,124.40
Relief of State Law Library .....		4,334.61
Relief of W. J. Corbett .....		289.40
Reimbursement for Kiling Horses affected with Dourine .....		2,410.75
Reimbursing Con Cronin, in re Chap. 42, Laws 1915 .....		500.00
Relief of Mrs. J. W. Henderson .....		355.00
Relief of W. A. Combs .....		390.00
Sale Old Indus. School Property near Benson (Expense) .....		80.75
Santa Cruz River Bridge.....	12,500.00	
Secretary of State's Dept. ....	16,135.57	23,373.59
Sheep Sanitary Commission .....	4,500.00	4,498.10
State Board of Equalization .....	306.15	867.22
State Eng., Sal. and Traveling Expense .....	5,157.33	5,558.73
State Examiner's Department .....	5,923.97	5,671.96
State Game Warden .....	3,535.10	3,973.35
State Laboratory .....	4,785.21	4,584.67
State Land Adminis., Initiative Appropriation..... (Transfer to State Land Adminis. Fund).	20,000.00	20,000.00
State Land Commission .....	13.90	
State Land Department .....	28,238.71	33,058.36
State Land Dept. (Exp. Carey Act) .....	186.90	
State Legislature .....	1,102.04	49,445.87
State Library .....	2,753.94	
State Mine Inspector's Dept. ....	13,422.03	13,744.37
State Tax Commission .....	18,010.98	16,290.81
State Treasurer's Department .....	5,577.14	5,957.57
State Veterinarian .....	3,696.14	4,533.42
Supt. Public Health Department .....	5,383.90	5,653.64
Superior Court Judges .....	25,777.77	25,690.80
Supreme Court .....	21,875.93	22,099.79
50% of the 2% collected by A. C. C. on Premiums collected by Ins. Cos. paid to various cities.....	4,957.17	6,256.89
Interest on Registered Warrants .....	16,079.23	9,659.98
Transferred to Univ. of Ariz. Maintenance Fund....		4,662.29
Transferred to State School Fund .....		860.52
Transferred to Asylum Bldg. Fund .....		3,000.00
Transferred to State Road Tax Fund,—Ac. Agua Fria Bridge .....		22,000.00
Transferred to Northern Ariz. Normal Bldg. Fund (Deficit caused by delinquent taxes) .....		2,258.83
To correct error in Treasurer's office in crediting interest on State Deposits for months of Jan. and Feb., 1917 .....		38.74
Int. on St. Louis Expo. Bonds .....	1,500.00	
U. of A. Exp. Station .....	1,036.98	

## MISCELLANEOUS FUNDS:

	1915-16	1916-17
Agricultural College (Fed. Appropriation).....	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 50,000.00
Apiary Inspection .....	1,110.76	642.91
Asylum for the Insane, Maintenance .....	87,670.16	101,259.79
Asylum for the Insane, Building .....	10,121.79	18,113.96
Asylum for the Insane, Improvements .....	14,994.77	9,529.57
Asylum for the Insane, Interest .....	975.00	1,025.00
Asylum for the Insane, Sewage .....	2,376.42	739.14
Bureau of Mines .....	4,940.25	5,059.75
Capitol Building, Interest .....	7,400.00	4,900.00
County Scholarship .....	1,556.25	1,716.50
Date Palm Orchard .....	3,338.07	3,741.93
Dry Farming .....	6,785.77	7,458.83
Experimental Farm .....		1,941.61
Inheritance Tax .....	403.72	15,478.97
Interest .....	124,835.76	124,990.76
Institutional Land Grants .....		3,865.70
Library .....	3,067.40	4,323.69
License and Inspection .....	59,314.77	52,032.38
National Forest Schools and Roads .....	59,807.89	64,024.72
Northern Arizona Dry Farm .....	1,523.99	1.65
Nor. Ariz. Normal School, Maintenance .....	53,731.37	44,211.67
Nor. Ariz. Normal School, Building .....	55,545.43	3,744.17
Nor. Ariz. Normal School, Improvements .....	18,112.82	26,260.81
Permanent School .....		125,381.99
Pioneers' Home, Maintenance .....	14,593.92	15,910.98
Pioneers' Home, Improvements .....	753.35	2,965.15
Plant Introduction .....	2,867.07	3,016.09
Prison, Maintenance .....	90,204.25	84,941.68
Prison, Building .....	1,273.41	
Prison, Imp. and Power Line.....	2,250.95	1,162.56
Salt River Valley Experimental Farm .....	2,997.87	6,994.56
School Land Rentals .....	42,948.55	1,011.73
State Fair, Maintenance .....	64,025.07	67,868.86
State Fair, Improvements .....	7,999.91	7,959.97
State Game Protection .....	11,536.35	10,339.34
State Industrial School, Maintenance .....	32,392.46	29,377.55
State Industrial School, Improvements .....	10,052.69	4,833.79
State Land Administration .....	22,667.46	62,338.02
State Loan .....		39.99
State Road Tax, General .....	245,032.96	335,868.22
State Road Tax, Counties .....	242,638.60	239,704.44
State School .....	519,388.67	667,309.42
Sulphur Springs Valley Dry Farm .....	3,547.75	3,610.03
Surface Water Investigation .....	3,712.25	4,236.68
Tempe Normal School, Maintenance .....	95,386.05	97,858.89

	1915-16	1916-17
Tempe Normal School, Building .....	\$ 210.80	\$ 6,334.18
Tempe Normal School, Improvements .....	10,000.00	5,416.10
Tempe Normal School, Gnd. Imp. ....	5,024.05	5,159.27
Transient Herd Tax .....	2,736.82	416.46
University of Arizona, Maintenance .....	112,081.83	123,212.99
University of Arizona, Building .....	2,729.45	2,083.73
University of Arizona, Improvements .....	34,928.51	43,580.29
University of Arizona, Cent. Htg. & Pwr. Plant...	14,020.45	34,079.90
University of Arizona, Printing .....	548.10	2,451.90
University of Arizona, Int. (Par. 3663, R. S. '01)	1,250.00	1,250.00
University of Arizona, Int. (Act. 14, 1903).....	550.00	550.00
University Timber Account .....	2,791.54	183,551.41
Underflow Water Investigation .....	5,990.41	1,720.48
Water Duty Investigation .....	2,961.85	3,027.39
Yuma Horticultural Station .....	593.36	803.16
<b>TOTAL .....</b>	<b>\$2,924,597.00</b>	<b>\$3,504,440.10</b>

## TRANSFERS AND REFUNDS:

	1915-16	1916-17
General .....	\$174,528.05	\$135,609.99
Asylum for the Insane, Maintenance .....	5,168.18	348.01
Asylum for the Insane, Building .....	136.00	3,110.81
Asylum for the Insane, Improvements .....	540.67	150.00
Date Palm Orchard .....	83.69	
Dry Farming .....	200.00	
Experimental Farm .....		1,941.61
Inheritance Tax .....		13,977.47
Institutional Land Grants .....		3,865.70
Library .....		12.65
License and Inspection .....	272.85	
Northern Ariz. Normal Sch., Maintenance .....	262.50	150.68
Northern Ariz. Normal Sch., Building .....	943.62	1,445.98
Permanent School .....		34,140.99
Prison, Maintenance .....	4,428.03	6,928.41
State Industrial School, Maintenance .....	592.65	654.27
State Industrial School, Improvement .....	56.94	
State Land Administration .....	19.16	30,413.77
State Road Tax, General .....	48,924.07	38,476.28
State Road Tax, Counties .....	23,508.03	24,382.92
State School .....	56.40	80.13
Tempe Normal School, Maintenance .....	934.70	1,825.61
Tempe Normal School, Improvements .....		429.21
Tempe Normal School, Ground Improvement.....		189.55
University of Arizona, Maintenance .....	1,624.38	2,203.73

	1915-16	1916-17
University of Arizona, Maintenance .....	\$ 1,624.38	\$ 2,203.73
University Timber Account .....	536.40	3,250.00
Underflow Water Investigation .....	11.36	25.55
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$262,827.68	\$303,613.32

## SUMMARY

Total Expenditures 1915-16 .....	\$2,924,597.00
Less Transfers and Refunds .....	262,827.68
	<hr/>
NET EXPENDITURES 1915-16 .....	\$2,661,769.32
Total Expenditures 1916-17 .....	\$3,504,440.10
Less Transfers and Refunds .....	303,613.32
	<hr/>
NET EXPENDITURES 1916-17 .....	\$3,200,826.78

STATE VALUATION AND TAX RATE  
1912 to 1932

Year	Total Assessed Valuation in State	State Tax Rate
1912-1913	\$140,338,191.08	\$0.90
1913-1914	375,862,414.66	.49½
1914-1915	407,267,393.11	.44½
1915-1916	420,532,411.90	.54
1916-1917	486,406,518.50	.40
1917-1918	697,526,619.68	.53½
1918-1919	834,020,532.22	.39
1919-1920	855,224,720.93	.60
1920-1921	884,455,682.50	.47½
1921-1922	880,536,582.00	.73
1922-1923	732,021,286.00	.51
1923-1924	697,002,006.00	.57½
1924-1925	649,879,308.00	.56
1925-1926	640,895,855.00	.78
1926-1927	653,163,397.00	.67
1927-1928	673,127,177.00	.89
1928-1929	681,736,018.00	.77
1929-1930	700,890,801.00	.93
1930-1931	714,945,809.00	.80
1931-1932	674,729,235.00	.95
1932-1933	473,342,415.00	1.20

POPULATION OF ARIZONA

U. S. Census Reports

Year	Total Population	Increase Over Preceding Census
1910	204,354	81,423
1920	334,162	129,808
1930	435,573	101,411

1931

## COUNTY BUDGET REQUIREMENTS

1931

	County General Fund	County Road Fund	County School Fund	County Bonds I & R	School District Maintenance	School Bonds I & R	TOTALS
Apache .....	\$ 66,088	\$ 18,000	\$ 155,540	\$ 3,574	\$ 4,582	\$ 6,685	\$ 254,469
Cochise .....	351,937	150,000	564,763	131,000	400,920	111,800	1,710,420
Coconino .....	132,994	77,900	156,485	35,300	95,730	24,100	522,509
Gila .....	295,116	117,970	541,760	7,367	119,316	83,612	1,165,141
Graham .....	74,025	22,400	214,192	54,105	36,485	40,650	441,857
Greenlee .....	82,270	50,040	226,036	51,818	53,916	27,729	491,809
Maricopa .....	1,025,088	426,000	2,281,100	609,135	574,212	614,486	5,530,021
Mohave .....	156,735	61,000	118,991	61,850	13,375	11,000	422,951
Navajo .....	80,685	40,000	224,822	38,155	83,916	32,039	499,617
Pima .....	392,703	215,021	883,124	269,500	129,045	228,468	2,117,861
Pinal .....	157,664	165,000	425,329	96,225	92,654	66,087	1,002,959
Santa Cruz .....	96,702	19,965	159,847	38,590	43,667	30,823	389,594
Yavapai .....	251,039	161,800	424,999	125,620	215,941	146,220	1,325,619
Yuma .....	252,263	67,609	247,548	131,468	118,468	80,055	897,411
	\$3,415,809	\$1,592,705	\$6,624,536	\$1,653,707	\$1,982,227	\$1,503,754	\$16,772,248

NOTE: From records of State Tax Commission.

ARIZONA DEPARTMENTS OF STATE

## COUNTY BUDGET REQUIREMENTS 1932

	County General Fund	County Road Fund	County School Fund	County Bonds I & R	County Tax Funds	School District Mainte- nance	School District Bonds I & R	TOTALS
*Apache..	\$ 48,406	\$	\$ 104,524	\$ 35,851	\$	\$	\$ 5,321	\$ 194,102
Cochise ....	411,317	130,000	535,907	82,365	136,122	191,020	62,250	1,548,981
Coconino ..	126,083	50,140	161,816	36,800		44,376	24,500	443,715
Gila .....	229,706	60,110	403,509	12,375		20,907	66,191	792,798
Graham ....	75,105	16,550	215,120	38,579		15,731	48,062	409,147
Greenlee ..	81,100	9,000	162,200	52,164		8,573	27,001	340,038
Maricopa ..	945,008	350,000	2,196,900	693,000		387,373	464,900	5,037,181
Mohave ....	142,318	45,300	114,387	53,800		6,450	10,500	372,755
Navajo —	78,883	35,000	234,443	42,030		52,922	29,975	473,253
Pima .....	338,000	175,000	785,350	230,000		55,495	231,775	1,815,620
Pinal .....	142,397	95,000	356,517	117,044		48,579	74,376	833,913
Santa Cruz	82,354	20,000	154,095	30,840		55,072	19,950	362,311
Yavapai ..	224,937	120,000	418,471	120,000	126,656	126,646	123,053	1,259,763
Yuma .....	226,410	67,181	233,800	151,603		88,861	71,227	839,082
	\$3,152,024	\$1,173,281	\$6,077,039	\$1,696,451	\$262,778	\$1,102,005	\$1,259,081	\$14,722,659

\* Apache County figures show taxes over; budget figures not available.

NOTE: From records of State Tax Commission.

The Arizona Tax Ass'n.  
Heard Building - Phoenix, Arizona

*Corrections*

*pages 114-115-124-125-130-*

17  
353.9  
A719L