

Twenty-first
Legislature
of
Arizona
1901



Harriet Jean Oliver

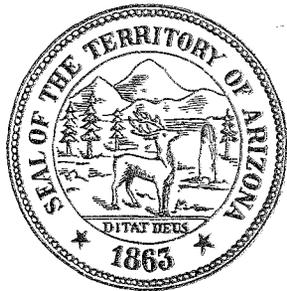
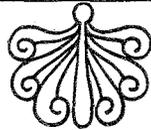
Roll Call of Attaches--House.

NAME	POSITION	P	A	Ex
Curt W. Miller	Chief Clerk	/		
Mulford Winsor	Assistant Chief Clerk	/		
Sol Drachman	Enrolling and Engr. Clerk	/		
D. J. Warren	1st Asst En. and Eng Clk	/		
Mamie Meagher	2nd Asst En and Eng Clk	/		
Mrs. D. M. Faribault	Journal Clerk	/		
Clare Kimball	Asst Journal Clerk	/		
Madge Dawes	Speaker's Clerk	/		
George Hochderfer	Sergeant-at-Arms	/		
John McCormick	1st Committee Clerk	/		
S. A. D. Upton	2nd " "	/		
J. Uhlman	3rd " "	/		
Albert Raybard	4th " "	/		
Harriet Oliver	5th " "	/		
Lulu Daily	6th " "	/		
Walter Bailey	7th " "	/		
L. J. Hedgepeth	Chaplain			
J. E Golden	Watchman	/		
Clarence Dunbar	Page	/		

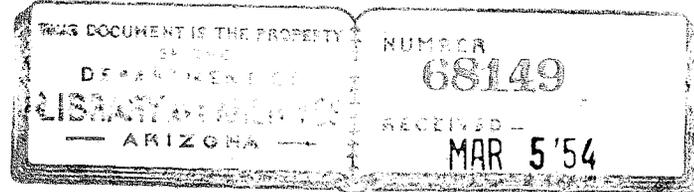


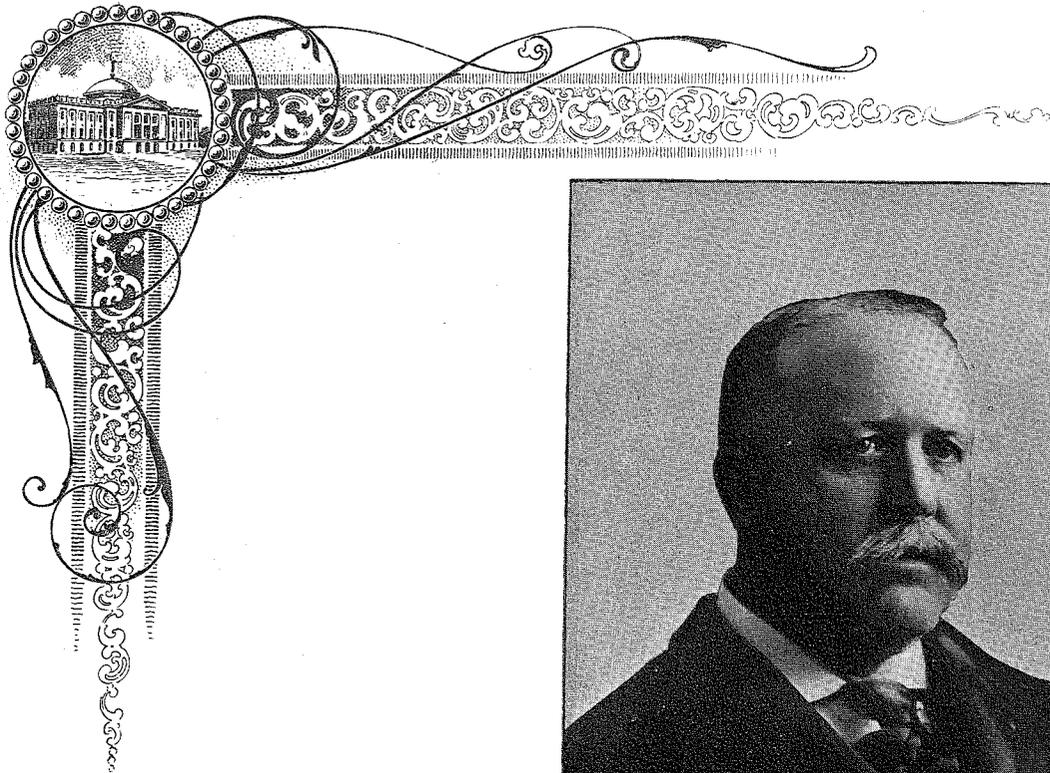
ARIZONA'S
TWENTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE
PHOENIX, ARIZONA,
1901.

Harriet Jean & Co.



Published by JAMES H. McCLINTOCK.





A. O. Murphy,
GOVERNOR
OF THE
TERRITORY OF ARIZONA.

Yours Sincerely, A. O. Murphy

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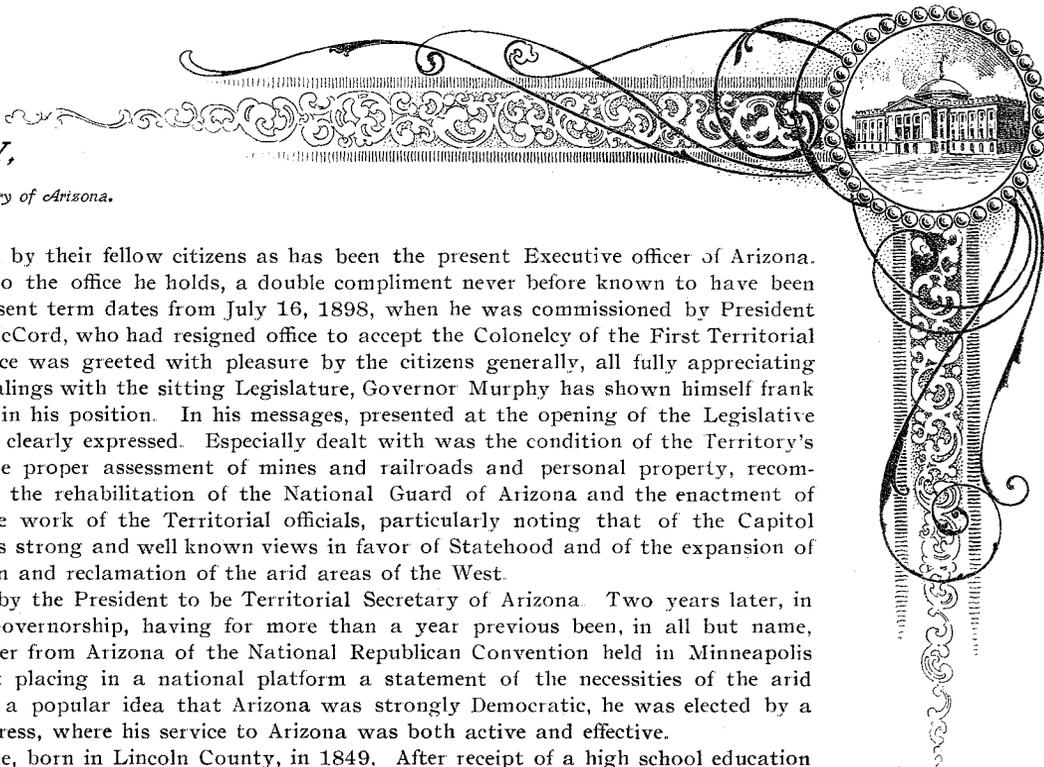
NATHAN OAKES MURPHY,

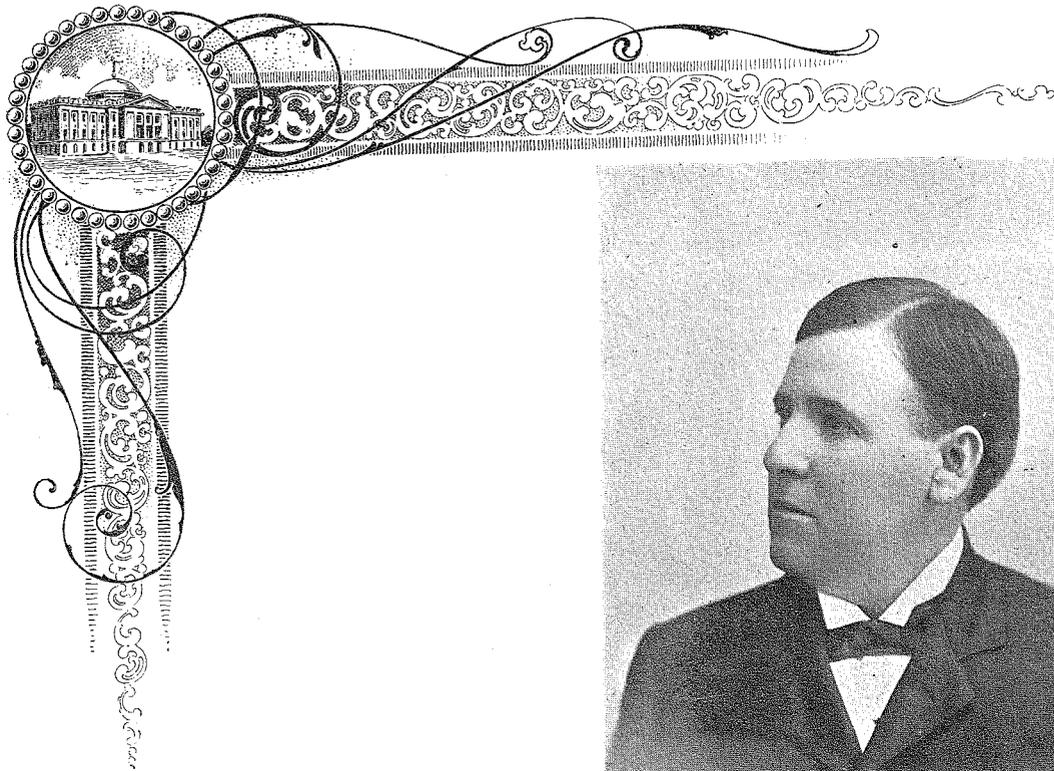
Governor of the Territory of Arizona.

FEW WESTERN men have been honored by their fellow citizens as has been the present Executive officer of Arizona. Twice has he received appointment to the office he holds, a double compliment never before known to have been paid a Territorial Governor. The present term dates from July 16, 1898, when he was commissioned by President McKinley to succeed Governor Myron H. McCord, who had resigned office to accept the Colonelcy of the First Territorial Volunteer Infantry. His re-entrance to office was greeted with pleasure by the citizens generally, all fully appreciating his peculiar fitness for the place. In his dealings with the sitting Legislature, Governor Murphy has shown himself frank and fearless to a degree hitherto unknown in his position. In his messages, presented at the opening of the Legislative sessions, his ideas are always strongly and clearly expressed. Especially dealt with was the condition of the Territory's finances. This year he especially urged the proper assessment of mines and railroads and personal property, recommended an entirely new Territorial Prison, the rehabilitation of the National Guard of Arizona and the enactment of primary election laws. He commended the work of the Territorial officials, particularly noting that of the Capitol Commission, and reiterated expression of his strong and well known views in favor of Statehood and of the expansion of the nation's resources through the irrigation and reclamation of the arid areas of the West.

In 1889, N. O. Murphy was selected by the President to be Territorial Secretary of Arizona. Two years later, in May, 1892, he logically succeeded to the Governorship, having for more than a year previous been, in all but name, the Territorial Executive. He was a member from Arizona of the National Republican Convention held in Minneapolis in June, 1892, and there succeeded in first placing in a national platform a statement of the necessities of the arid region. In November, 1894, in the face of a popular idea that Arizona was strongly Democratic, he was elected by a large plurality Territorial Delegate to Congress, where his service to Arizona was both active and effective.

Governor Murphy is a native of Maine, born in Lincoln County, in 1849. After receipt of a high school education he taught for a while in Wisconsin. In 1883 he came to Prescott to engage in profitable Arizona mining ventures with his brother, Frank M. Murphy, now president of the Santa Fe, Prescott and Phoenix Railway Company. In Prescott, Governor Murphy was married to Miss Nellie Banghart, daughter of one of the oldest families of northern Arizona. Fruit of the union is one child, a son.





Charles H. Akers,
SECRETARY
OF THE
TERRITORY OF ARIZONA.

Sincerely

Chas Akers

CHARLES H. AKERS,

Secretary of the Territory of Arizona.

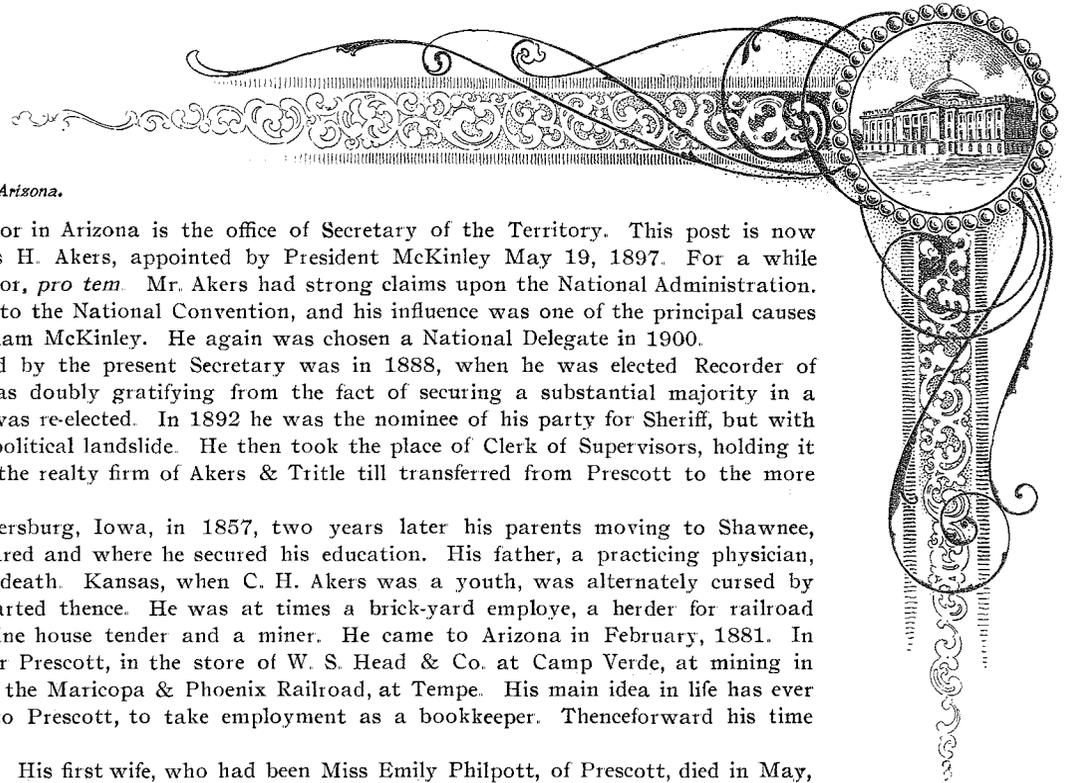
NEXT IN importance to that of Governor in Arizona is the office of Secretary of the Territory. This post is now ably and popularly filled by Charles H. Akers, appointed by President McKinley May 19, 1897. For a while succeeding appointment he acted as Governor, *pro tem*. Mr. Akers had strong claims upon the National Administration. He was a leader in the Arizona delegation to the National Convention, and his influence was one of the principal causes that swung the Territory into line for William McKinley. He again was chosen a National Delegate in 1900.

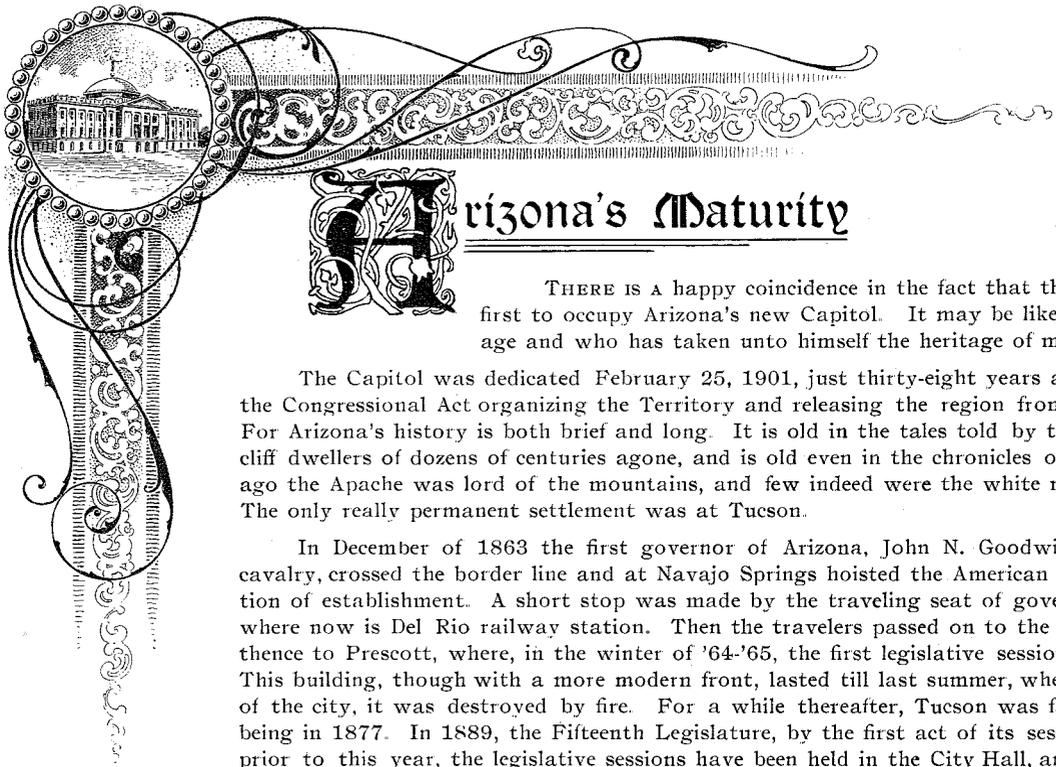
The first political experience ever had by the present Secretary was in 1888, when he was elected Recorder of Yavapai County, Arizona. His success was doubly gratifying from the fact of securing a substantial majority in a strongly Democratic County. In 1890 he was re-elected. In 1892 he was the nominee of his party for Sheriff, but with the balance of his ticket was caught by a political landslide. He then took the place of Clerk of Supervisors, holding it for four years. He was then a member of the realty firm of Akers & Tritle till transferred from Prescott to the more important duties of the present position.

Charles H. Akers was born in Millersburg, Iowa, in 1857, two years later his parents moving to Shawnee, Johnson County, Kansas, where he was reared and where he secured his education. His father, a practicing physician, continued his residence in Shawnee till his death. Kansas, when C. H. Akers was a youth, was alternately cursed by grasshoppers and drought, and so he departed thence. He was at times a brick-yard employe, a herder for railroad contractors, a butcher's employe, a fire engine house tender and a miner. He came to Arizona in February, 1881. In this Territory he worked in a saw mill near Prescott, in the store of W. S. Head & Co. at Camp Verde, at mining in Tip Top District, and as a section hand on the Maricopa & Phoenix Railroad, at Tempe. His main idea in life has ever been to keep busy. In 1888, he returned to Prescott, to take employment as a bookkeeper. Thenceforward his time has been occupied in the public service.

The Secretary has twice been married. His first wife, who had been Miss Emily Philpott, of Prescott, died in May, 1889, while the couple were on their wedding trip. December 1, 1891, he was again happily mated to Miss Jennie Bryan, of Phoenix. From the union have sprung three bright children, respectively named Bryan, John Kelsey and Henry Harlow.

In his dealings with the Twentieth and Twenty-first Legislatures, Secretary Akers has made every member his friend, by reason of uniform courtesy and by attention to every need that his office should supply.





Arizona's Maturity

THERE IS A happy coincidence in the fact that the Twenty-first Legislature of Arizona is the first to occupy Arizona's new Capitol. It may be likened unto a youth who has arrived at man's age and who has taken unto himself the heritage of manhood and has founded himself a home.

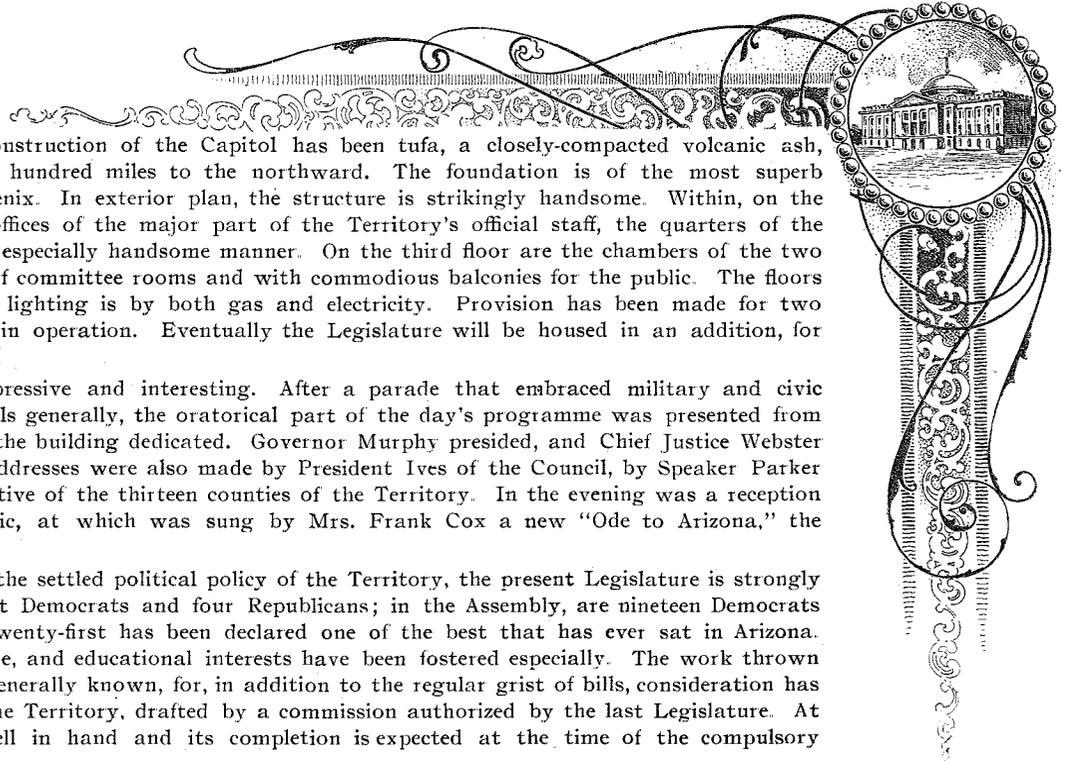
The Capitol was dedicated February 25, 1901, just thirty-eight years and a day after the date of the passage of the Congressional Act organizing the Territory and releasing the region from continued dependency upon New Mexico. For Arizona's history is both brief and long. It is old in the tales told by the pictographs left by the Toltec valley and cliff dwellers of dozens of centuries ago, and is old even in the chronicles of the Spanish occupation. Yet, forty years ago the Apache was lord of the mountains, and few indeed were the white men who had dared the redskin's authority. The only really permanent settlement was at Tucson.

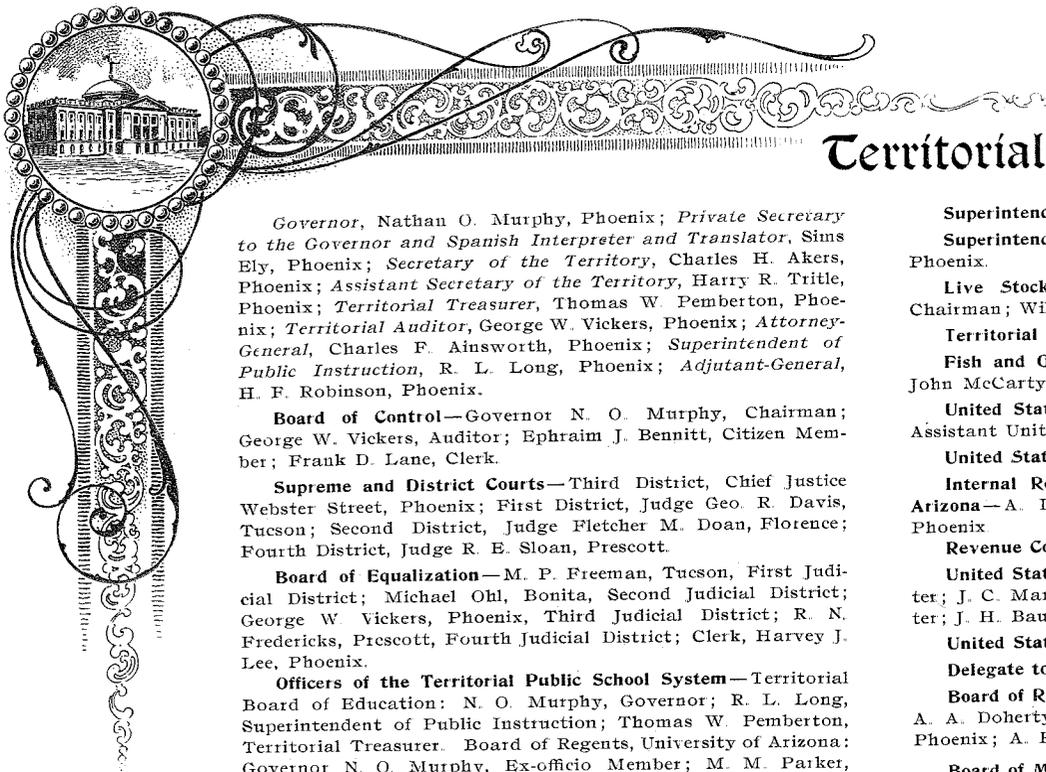
In December of 1863 the first governor of Arizona, John N. Goodwin, escorted from Santa Fe by a troop of cavalry, crossed the border line and at Navajo Springs hoisted the American flag and read President Lincoln's proclamation of establishment. A short stop was made by the traveling seat of government under tents in Little Chino Valley, where now is Del Rio railway station. Then the travelers passed on to the new military post of Whipple Barracks and thence to Prescott, where, in the winter of '64-'65, the first legislative session was held in a log hut especially erected. This building, though with a more modern front, lasted till last summer, when, with other buildings in the business part of the city, it was destroyed by fire. For a while thereafter, Tucson was favored with the capital, return to Prescott being in 1877. In 1889, the Fifteenth Legislature, by the first act of its session, moved the capital to Phoenix. Here, prior to this year, the legislative sessions have been held in the City Hall, an accessible and commodious structure. Yet the idea of a permanent building was almost coincident with moving the capital southward. By a Commission, created by the Legislature, grounds were secured west of Phoenix, and appropriations were thereafter biennially made for their improvement. The Nineteenth Legislature of 1897 authorized the issuance of \$100,000 in 5 per cent bonds for a new Capitol. Congress approved the loan and so work was begun early in 1899, with the assistance of an additional grant of \$30,000 from the Twentieth Legislature. The completed building is now in evidence.

The material mainly used in the construction of the Capitol has been tufa, a closely-compacted volcanic ash, brought by rail from Kirkland Valley, a hundred miles to the northward. The foundation is of the most superb quality of granite from the hills near Phoenix. In exterior plan, the structure is strikingly handsome. Within, on the ground and main floors, are located the offices of the major part of the Territory's official staff, the quarters of the Governor and Secretary being fitted up in especially handsome manner. On the third floor are the chambers of the two legislative bodies, with an ample number of committee rooms and with commodious balconies for the public. The floors are tiled, the heating is by steam and the lighting is by both gas and electricity. Provision has been made for two electric elevators, one of them being now in operation. Eventually the Legislature will be housed in an addition, for which provision has been made in the rear.

The dedicatory ceremonial was impressive and interesting. After a parade that embraced military and civic features and included legislators and officials generally, the oratorical part of the day's programme was presented from a stand built above the main entrance to the building dedicated. Governor Murphy presided, and Chief Justice Webster Street was the orator of the day. Brief addresses were also made by President Ives of the Council, by Speaker Parker of the House and by gentlemen representative of the thirteen counties of the Territory. In the evening was a reception tendered by the Legislature to the public, at which was sung by Mrs. Frank Cox a new "Ode to Arizona," the composition of Mrs. Elise R. Averill.

In keeping with what appears to be the settled political policy of the Territory, the present Legislature is strongly Democratic. In the Council, there are eight Democrats and four Republicans; in the Assembly, are nineteen Democrats and five Republicans. In personnel, the Twenty-first has been declared one of the best that has ever sat in Arizona. Its policy throughout has been a liberal one, and educational interests have been fostered especially. The work thrown upon the body has been far heavier than generally known, for, in addition to the regular grist of bills, consideration has been had of a codification of the laws of the Territory, drafted by a commission authorized by the last Legislature. At this writing, March 10th, the work is well in hand and its completion is expected at the time of the compulsory adjournment of the session, March 21st.





Territorial Officers.

Governor, Nathan O. Murphy, Phoenix; *Private Secretary to the Governor and Spanish Interpreter and Translator*, Sims Ely, Phoenix; *Secretary of the Territory*, Charles H. Akers, Phoenix; *Assistant Secretary of the Territory*, Harry R. Tritle, Phoenix; *Territorial Treasurer*, Thomas W. Pemberton, Phoenix; *Territorial Auditor*, George W. Vickers, Phoenix; *Attorney-General*, Charles F. Ainsworth, Phoenix; *Superintendent of Public Instruction*, R. L. Long, Phoenix; *Adjutant-General*, H. F. Robinson, Phoenix.

Board of Control—Governor N. O. Murphy, Chairman; George W. Vickers, Auditor; Ephraim J. Bennett, Citizen Member; Frank D. Lane, Clerk.

Supreme and District Courts—Third District, Chief Justice Webster Street, Phoenix; First District, Judge Geo. R. Davis, Tucson; Second District, Judge Fletcher M. Doan, Florence; Fourth District, Judge R. E. Sloan, Prescott.

Board of Equalization—M. P. Freeman, Tucson, First Judicial District; Michael Ohl, Bonita, Second Judicial District; George W. Vickers, Phoenix, Third Judicial District; R. N. Fredericks, Prescott, Fourth Judicial District; Clerk, Harvey J. Lee, Phoenix.

Officers of the Territorial Public School System—Territorial Board of Education: N. O. Murphy, Governor; R. L. Long, Superintendent of Public Instruction; Thomas W. Pemberton, Territorial Treasurer. Board of Regents, University of Arizona: Governor N. O. Murphy, Ex-officio Member; M. M. Parker, President; William Herring, Chancellor, Tucson; Charles R. Drake, Tucson; Herbert Tenney, Tucson; H. W. Fenner, Tucson; R. L. Long, Superintendent of Public Instruction, ex officio. Board of Education of Territorial Normal School: R. L. Long, Superintendent of Public Instruction; Thomas W. Pemberton, Territorial Treasurer, President; James H. McClintock, Phoenix, Secretary; A. A. Dutton, Flagstaff; T. E. Pollock, Flagstaff.

Superintendent Territorial Prison—Herbert Brown, Yuma.
Superintendent Territorial Insane Asylum—Dr. J. Miller, Phoenix.

Live Stock Sanitary Commission—Burt Dunlap, Tucson, Chairman; Will H. Kay, Phoenix; W. F. Nichols, Willcox.

Territorial Veterinarian—Dr. J. C. Norton, Phoenix.

Fish and Game Commissioners—J. L. V. Thomas, Flagstaff; John McCarty, J. K. Day.

United States District Attorney—R. E. Morrison, Prescott; Assistant United States Attorney, Thomas D. Bennett, Phoenix.

United States Marshal—W. M. Griffith, Tucson.

Internal Revenue Collector for District of New Mexico and Arizona—A. L. Morrison, Santa Fe; Deputy, S. M. Cullom, Phoenix.

Revenue Collector, Port of Nogales—W. M. Hoey.

United States Land Offices—At Prescott, F. A. Tritle, Register; J. C. Martin, Receiver. At Tucson, M. W. Moore, Register; J. H. Bauman, Receiver.

United States Surveyor General—George Christ, Tucson.

Delegate to Congress—M. A. Smith, Tucson.

Board of Registration in Dentistry—F. C. Devendorf, Tucson; A. A. Doherty, Nogales; E. C. Hyde, Phoenix; H. J. Jessop, Phoenix; A. P. Preston, Globe.

Board of Medical Examiners—Winfred Wylie (regular school), Phoenix; D. M. Purman (regular school), Phoenix; George Goodfellow (regular school), Tucson; W. L. Woodruff (homeopathic school), Phoenix; C. W. Woods (eclectic school), Jerome.

Capitol Grounds and Building Commission—E. B. Gage, Prescott, chairman; Walter Talbot, Phoenix; Frank H. Parker, Phoenix.

The Council....

EUGENE S. IVES, PRESIDENT.

Members.

Apache County, - - - - -	E. S. PERKINS, R	Mohave County, - - - - -	M. G. BURNS, D
Coconino County, - - - - -	M. J. RIORDAN, R	Navajo County, - - - - -	COLIN CAMPBELL, R
Cochise County, - - - - -	CHAS. C. WARNER, R	Pima and Santa Cruz Counties, - - - - -	J. B. FINLEY, D
Gila County, - - - - -	DR. S. B. CLAYPOOL, D	Pinal County, - - - - -	GEO. P. BLAIR, D
Graham County, - - - - -	C. M. SHANNON, D	Yavapai County, - - - - -	H. T. ANDREWS, D
Maricopa County, - - - - -	DR. J. M. FORD, D	Yuma County, - - - - -	EUGENE S. IVES, D

D—Democrats, 8.

R—Republicans, 4.

Council Committees.

Militia and Indian Affairs—Ford, Blair, Perkins.

Mines—Burns, Claypool, Warner.

Corporations—Finley, Andrews, Claypool, Burns, Riordan.

Ways and Means—Claypool, Ford, Riordan.

Printing—Ford, Shannon, Perkins.

Memorials and Petitions—Claypool, Finley, Campbell.

Enrolled and Engrossed Bills—Burns, Ford, Riordan.

Education—Finley, Blair, Perkins.

Judiciary—Blair, Claypool, Shannon, Burns, Riordan.

Counties and County Boundaries—Shannon, Andrews, Finley, Burns, Claypool.

Claims—Finley, Shannon, Warner.

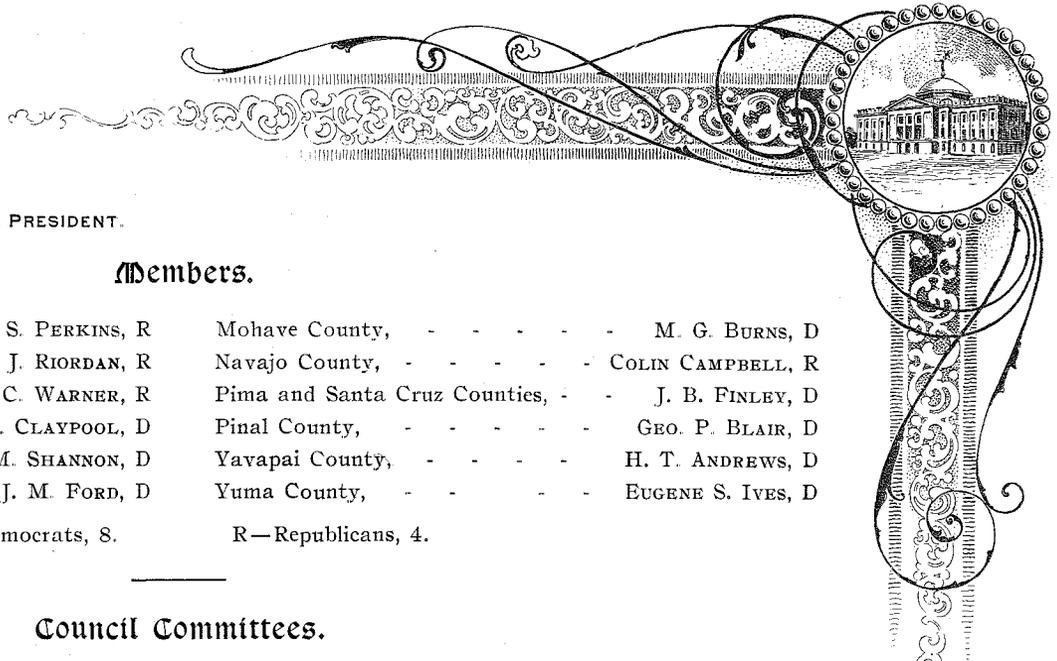
Federal Relations—Blair, Andrews, Campbell.

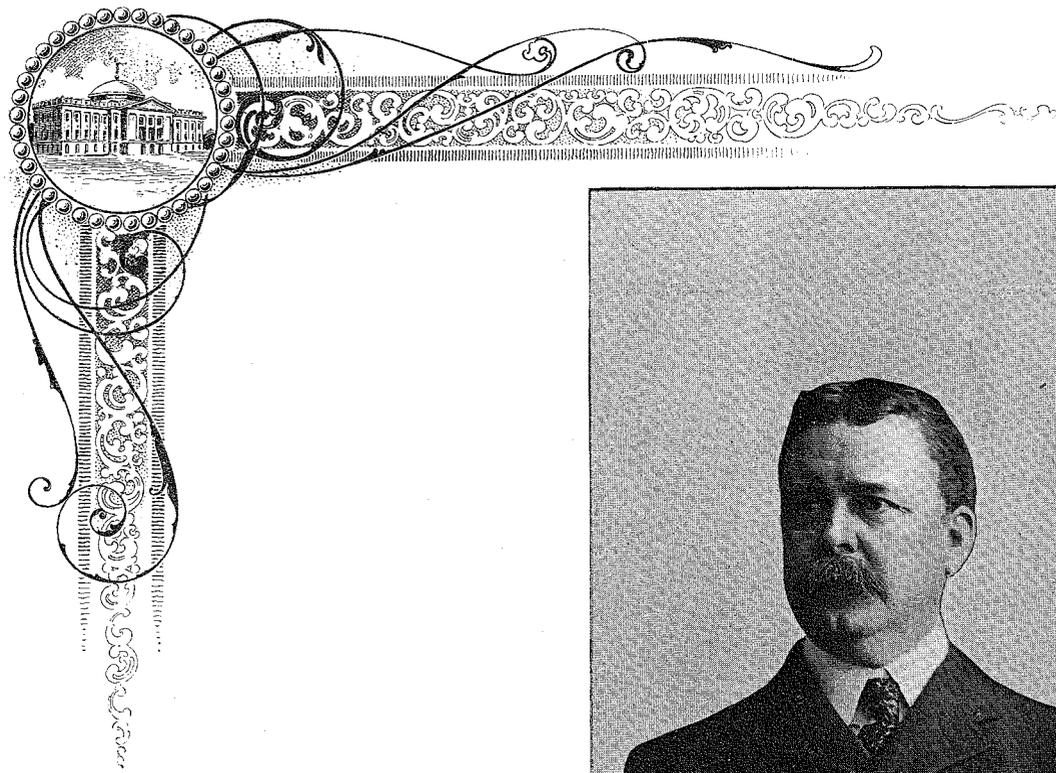
Agriculture—Ford, Finley, Campbell.

Roads and Ferries—Shannon, Warner, Andrews.

Territorial Affairs—Ford, Claypool, Campbell.

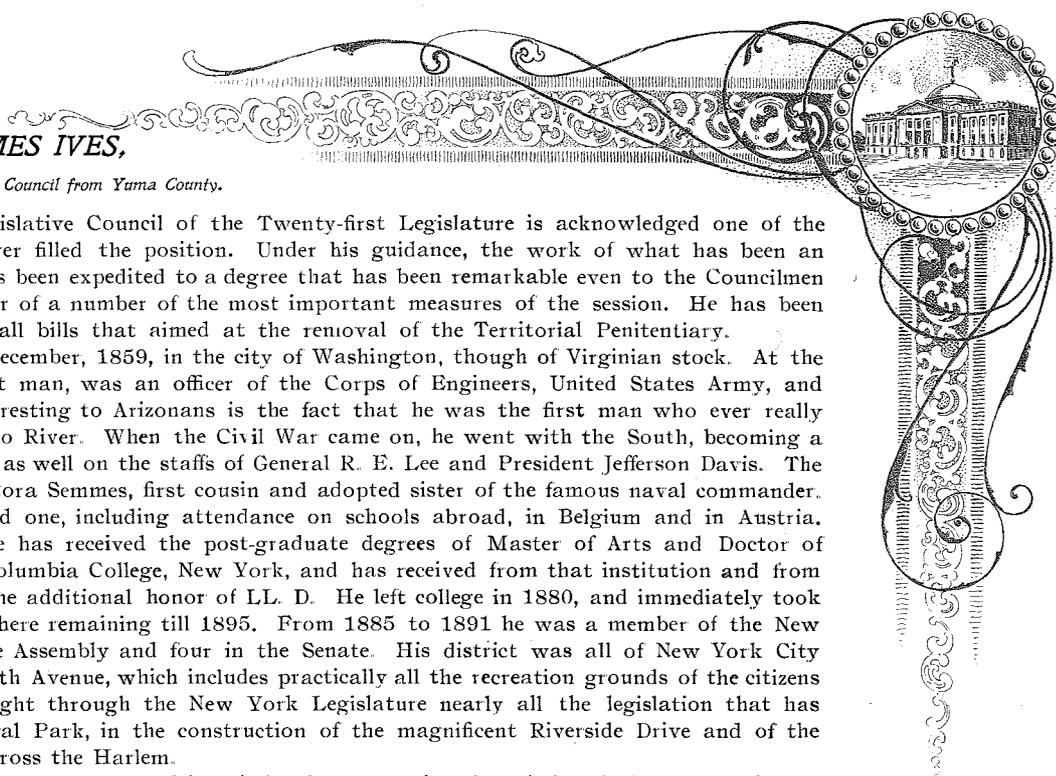
Rules—President, Finley, Warner.





Eugene S. Ives,

PRESIDENT OF THE
COUNCIL.



PRESIDENT EUGENE SEMMES IVES,

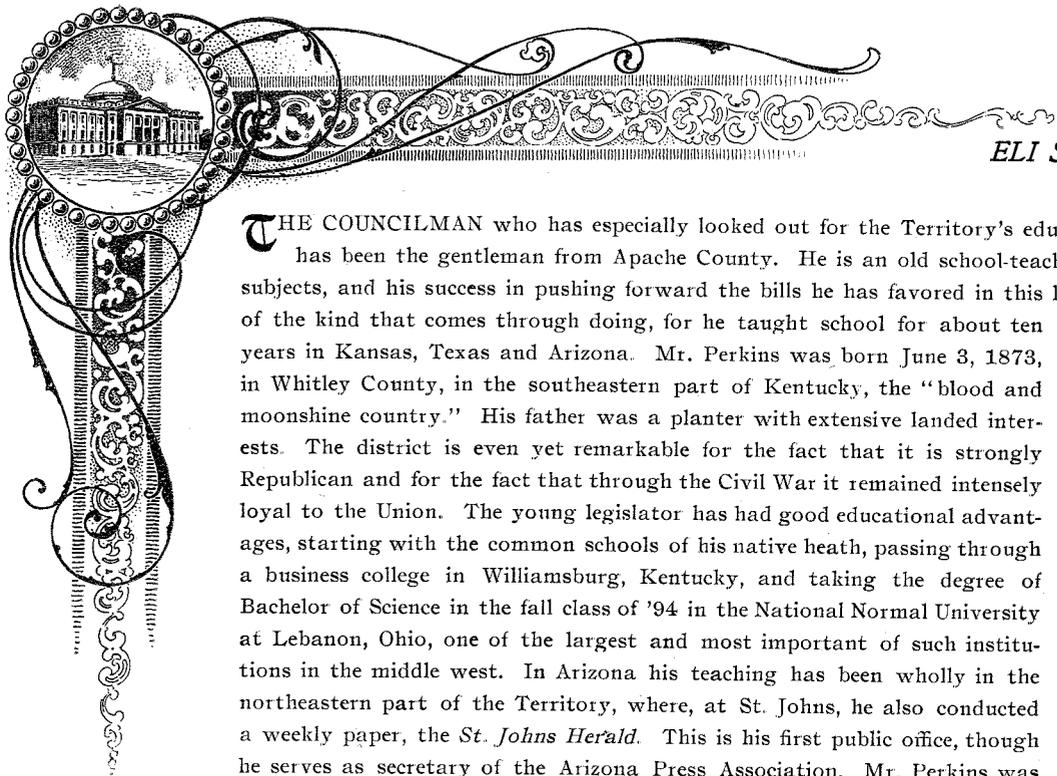
Member of the Council from Yuma County.

THE PRESIDING OFFICER of the Legislative Council of the Twenty-first Legislature is acknowledged one of the keenest parliamentarians who has ever filled the position. Under his guidance, the work of what has been an unusually vexatious and difficult session has been expedited to a degree that has been remarkable even to the Councilmen themselves. The President is as well author of a number of the most important measures of the session. He has been active and successful in his opposition to all bills that aimed at the removal of the Territorial Penitentiary.

Mr. Ives was born in the month of December, 1859, in the city of Washington, though of Virginian stock. At the time, his father, Jos. C. Ives, a West Point man, was an officer of the Corps of Engineers, United States Army, and stationed at Washington. Particularly interesting to Arizonans is the fact that he was the first man who ever really explored the Grand Canyon of the Colorado River. When the Civil War came on, he went with the South, becoming a Colonel of Confederate cavalry and serving as well on the staffs of General R. E. Lee and President Jefferson Davis. The mother of the present legislator had been Cora Semmes, first cousin and adopted sister of the famous naval commander.

The son's education has been a broad one, including attendance on schools abroad, in Belgium and in Austria. From Georgetown College, Washington, he has received the post-graduate degrees of Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy. He is as well a graduate of Columbia College, New York, and has received from that institution and from St. John's (Fordham) College, New York, the additional honor of LL. D. He left college in 1880, and immediately took up the practice of law in New York City, there remaining till 1895. From 1885 to 1891 he was a member of the New York Legislature, serving two years in the Assembly and four in the Senate. His district was all of New York City north of Thirtieth Street and west of Seventh Avenue, which includes practically all the recreation grounds of the citizens of Manhattan Island. It was he who fought through the New York Legislature nearly all the legislation that has resulted in the improvement of upper Central Park, in the construction of the magnificent Riverside Drive and of the marvelous and costly Washington bridge across the Harlem.

Mr. Ives came to Arizona in 1895, to manage an ambitious irrigating enterprise that designed the reclamation of an immense tract of arid land below Yuma. The project is "hung up" at present, but is bound to be put through before many years. During the last few years Mr. Ives has been associated with Col. Epes Randolph of Tucson in the management of their King of Arizona mine in Yuma County, a property that has proven one of the most phenomenal of gold mines. President Ives was married in Washington in 1881 to Miss Anna Waggaman and is the father of five children.



ELI SHERIDAN PERKINS,

Member of the Council from Apache County.

THE COUNCILMAN who has especially looked out for the Territory's educational interests in the sitting Legislature has been the gentleman from Apache County. He is an old school-teacher and has clear and definite ideas on such subjects, and his success in pushing forward the bills he has favored in this line has been remarkable. His knowledge is of the kind that comes through doing, for he taught school for about ten years in Kansas, Texas and Arizona. Mr. Perkins was born June 3, 1873, in Whitley County, in the southeastern part of Kentucky, the "blood and moonshine country." His father was a planter with extensive landed interests. The district is even yet remarkable for the fact that it is strongly Republican and for the fact that through the Civil War it remained intensely loyal to the Union. The young legislator has had good educational advantages, starting with the common schools of his native heath, passing through a business college in Williamsburg, Kentucky, and taking the degree of Bachelor of Science in the fall class of '94 in the National Normal University at Lebanon, Ohio, one of the largest and most important of such institutions in the middle west. In Arizona his teaching has been wholly in the northeastern part of the Territory, where, at St. Johns, he also conducted a weekly paper, the *St. Johns Herald*. This is his first public office, though he serves as secretary of the Arizona Press Association. Mr. Perkins was married only last July, in St. Johns, his home town, to Mrs. Sarah Craig.



*Eli Sheridan Perkins,
St. Johns.*

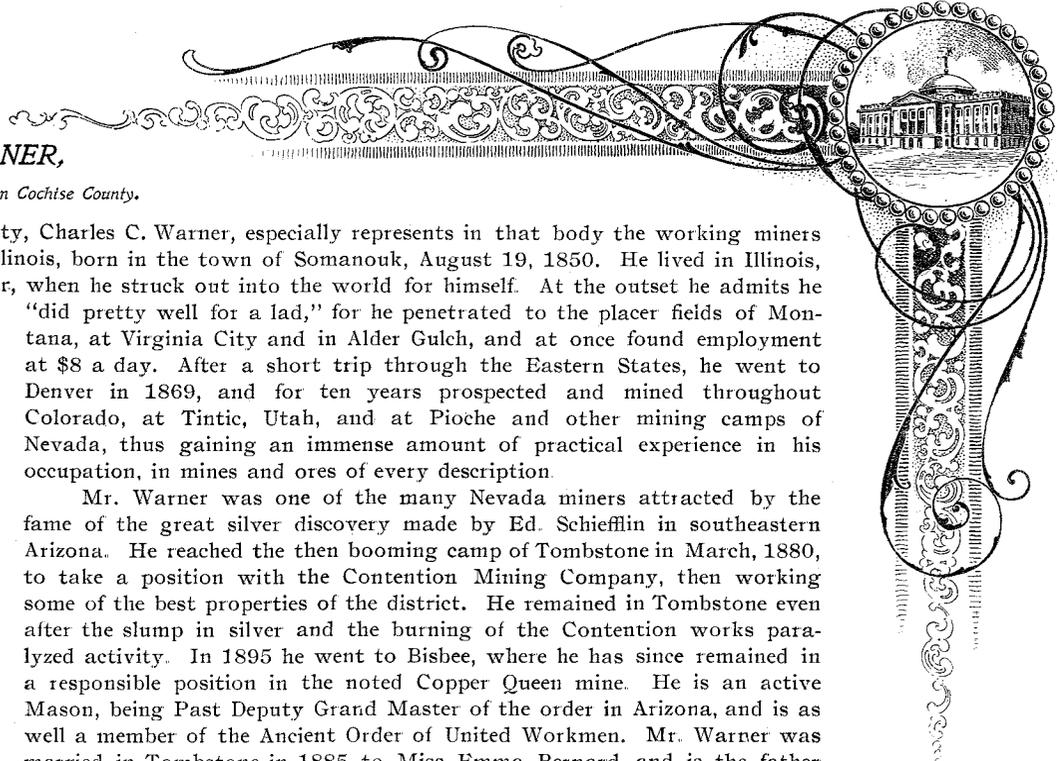
CHARLES CLARENCE WARNER,

Member of the Council from Cochise County.

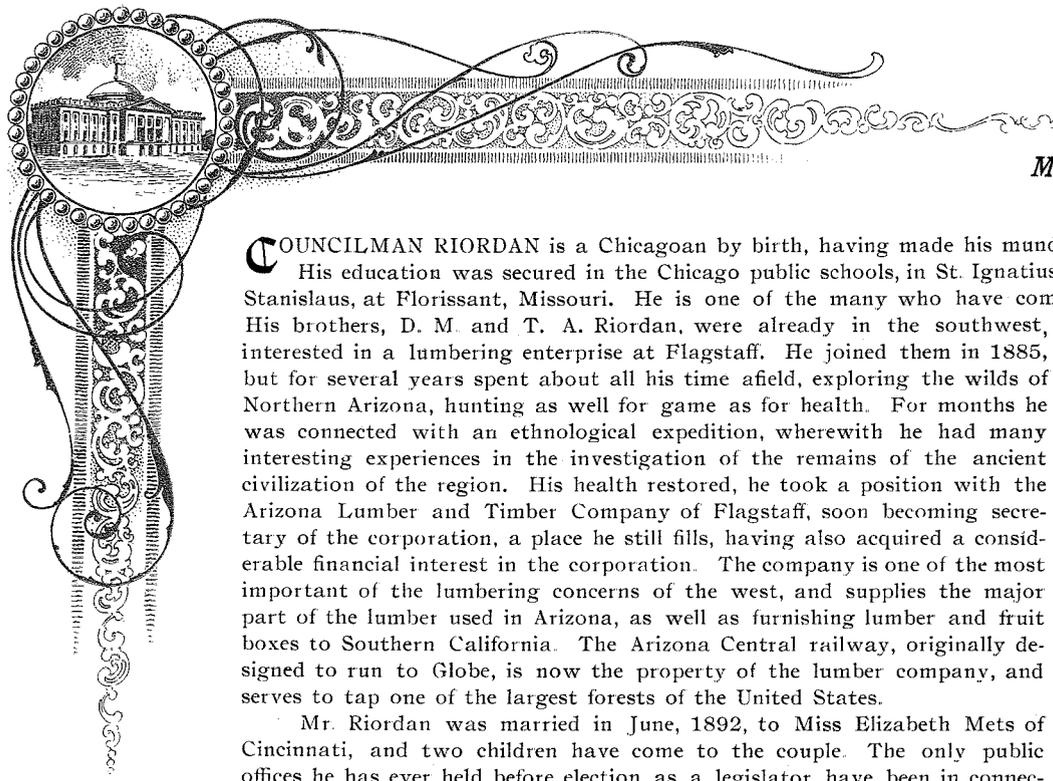
THE COUNCILMAN from Cochise County, Charles C. Warner, especially represents in that body the working miners of the Territory. He is a native of Illinois, born in the town of Somanouk, August 19, 1850. He lived in Illinois, mainly at Mendota, till his fourteenth year, when he struck out into the world for himself. At the outset he admits he "did pretty well for a lad," for he penetrated to the placer fields of Montana, at Virginia City and in Alder Gulch, and at once found employment at \$8 a day. After a short trip through the Eastern States, he went to Denver in 1869, and for ten years prospected and mined throughout Colorado, at Tintic, Utah, and at Pioche and other mining camps of Nevada, thus gaining an immense amount of practical experience in his occupation, in mines and ores of every description.



*yours Truly
C. C. Warner
Bisbee Ariz*



Mr. Warner was one of the many Nevada miners attracted by the fame of the great silver discovery made by Ed. Schiefflin in southeastern Arizona. He reached the then booming camp of Tombstone in March, 1880, to take a position with the Contention Mining Company, then working some of the best properties of the district. He remained in Tombstone even after the slump in silver and the burning of the Contention works paralyzed activity. In 1895 he went to Bisbee, where he has since remained in a responsible position in the noted Copper Queen mine. He is an active Mason, being Past Deputy Grand Master of the order in Arizona, and is as well a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Mr. Warner was married in Tombstone in 1885 to Miss Emma Bernard, and is the father of five children. Though his home county is strongly Democratic, this is Mr. Warner's second experience in the Council of Arizona's Legislature.



MICHAEL JAMES RIORDAN,

Member of the Council from Coconino County.

COUNCILMAN RIORDAN is a Chicagoan by birth, having made his mundane appearance in that city May 21, 1865.

His education was secured in the Chicago public schools, in St. Ignatius College of Chicago, and in the college of St. Stanislaus, at Florissant, Missouri. He is one of the many who have come to Arizona for the benefit of their health. His brothers, D. M. and T. A. Riordan, were already in the southwest, interested in a lumbering enterprise at Flagstaff. He joined them in 1885, but for several years spent about all his time afield, exploring the wilds of Northern Arizona, hunting as well for game as for health. For months he was connected with an ethnological expedition, wherewith he had many interesting experiences in the investigation of the remains of the ancient civilization of the region. His health restored, he took a position with the Arizona Lumber and Timber Company of Flagstaff, soon becoming secretary of the corporation, a place he still fills, having also acquired a considerable financial interest in the corporation. The company is one of the most important of the lumbering concerns of the west, and supplies the major part of the lumber used in Arizona, as well as furnishing lumber and fruit boxes to Southern California. The Arizona Central railway, originally designed to run to Globe, is now the property of the lumber company, and serves to tap one of the largest forests of the United States.

Mr. Riordan was married in June, 1892, to Miss Elizabeth Mets of Cincinnati, and two children have come to the couple. The only public offices he has ever held before election as a legislator have been in connection with education, as trustee of the Flagstaff schools and as a member of the Board of Visitors of the Northern Arizona Normal School.



With sincere regard:

Michael J. Riordan
Flagstaff, Arizona

DR. SAMUEL BARKLAY CLAYPOOL,

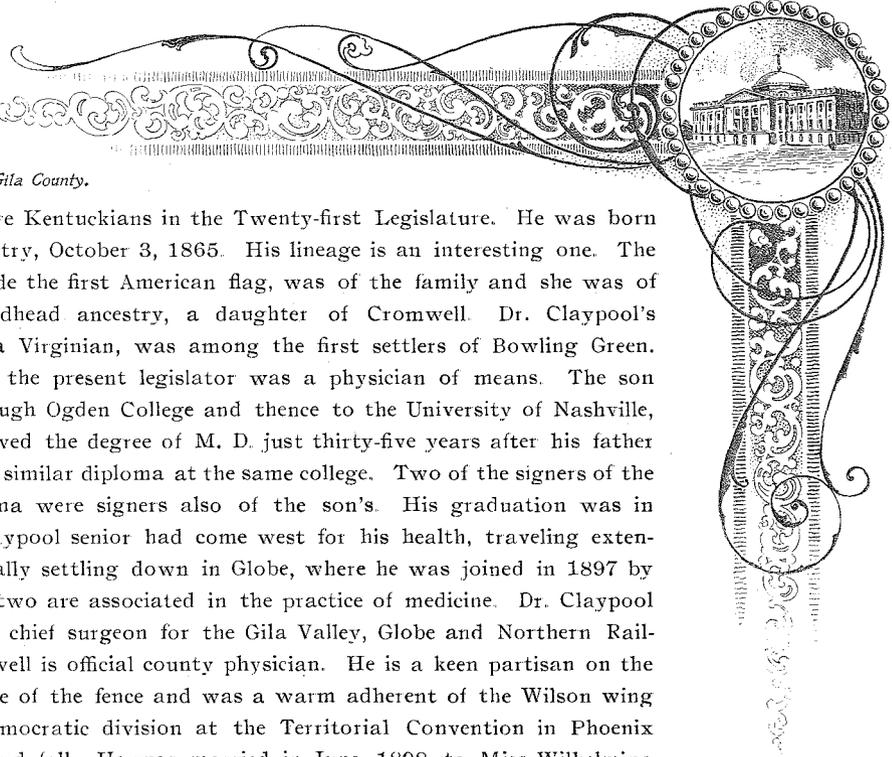
Member of the Council from Gila County.

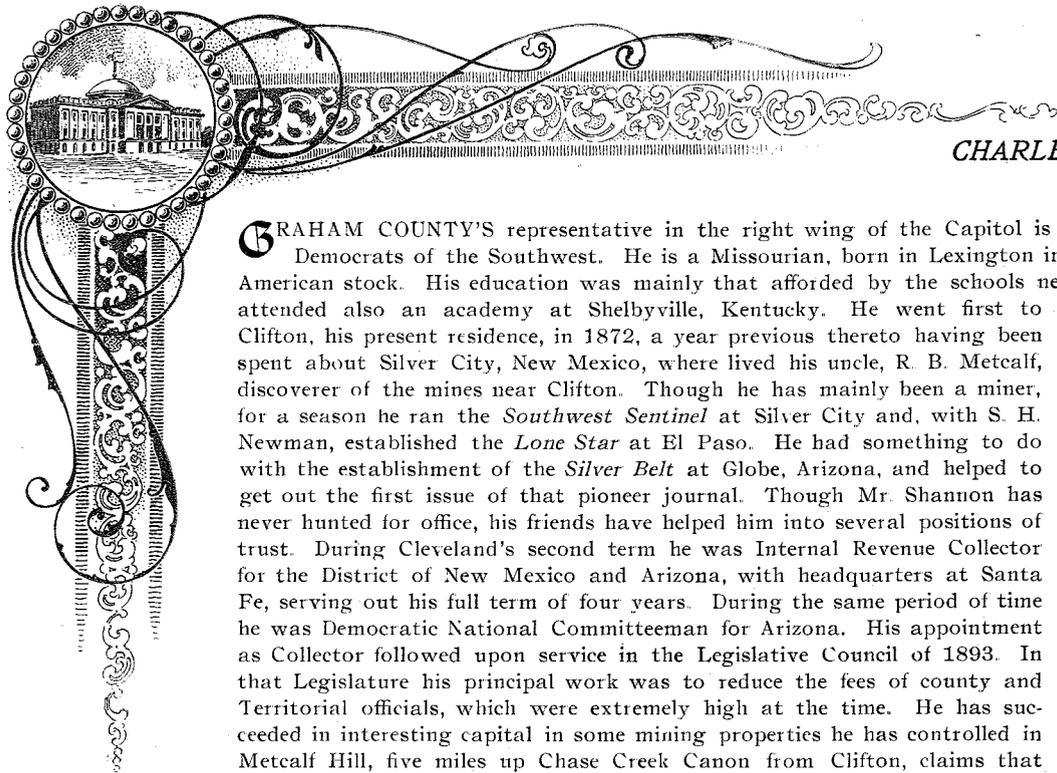
THE COUNCILMAN from Gila is one of the many native Kentuckians in the Twenty-first Legislature. He was born at Bowling Green, in the heart of the blue grass country, October 3, 1865. His lineage is an interesting one. The stock is Irish and English. Betsy Ross Claypool, who made the first American flag, was of the family and she was of



English Roundhead ancestry, a daughter of Cromwell. Dr. Claypool's grandfather, a Virginian, was among the first settlers of Bowling Green. The father of the present legislator was a physician of means. The son was sent through Ogden College and thence to the University of Nashville, where he received the degree of M. D. just thirty-five years after his father had received a similar diploma at the same college. Two of the signers of the father's diploma were signers also of the son's. His graduation was in 1896. Dr. Claypool senior had come west for his health, traveling extensively and finally settling down in Globe, where he was joined in 1897 by his son. The two are associated in the practice of medicine. Dr. Claypool junior is now chief surgeon for the Gila Valley, Globe and Northern Railway, and as well is official county physician. He is a keen partisan on the democratic side of the fence and was a warm adherent of the Wilson wing during the democratic division at the Territorial Convention in Phoenix last summer and fall. He was married in June, 1898, to Miss Wilhelmina Kellner, daughter of E. F. Kellner of Phoenix. They rejoice in an infant daughter.

S. B. Claypool Globe A. T.

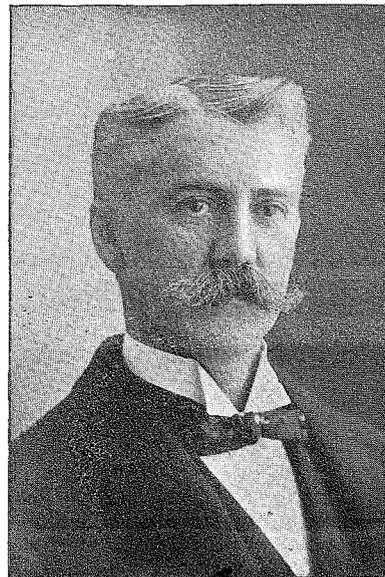




CHARLES METCALF SHANNON,

Member of the Council from Graham County.

GRAHAM COUNTY'S representative in the right wing of the Capitol is Chas. M. Shannon, one of the best-known Democrats of the Southwest. He is a Missourian, born in Lexington in August of 1852, of Kentucky and pioneer American stock. His education was mainly that afforded by the schools near the plantation of his father, though he attended also an academy at Shelbyville, Kentucky. He went first to Clifton, his present residence, in 1872, a year previous thereto having been spent about Silver City, New Mexico, where lived his uncle, R. B. Metcalf, discoverer of the mines near Clifton. Though he has mainly been a miner, for a season he ran the *Southwest Sentinel* at Silver City and, with S. H. Newman, established the *Lone Star* at El Paso. He had something to do with the establishment of the *Silver Belt* at Globe, Arizona, and helped to get out the first issue of that pioneer journal. Though Mr. Shannon has never hunted for office, his friends have helped him into several positions of trust. During Cleveland's second term he was Internal Revenue Collector for the District of New Mexico and Arizona, with headquarters at Santa Fe, serving out his full term of four years. During the same period of time he was Democratic National Committeeman for Arizona. His appointment as Collector followed upon service in the Legislative Council of 1893. In that Legislature his principal work was to reduce the fees of county and Territorial officials, which were extremely high at the time. He has succeeded in interesting capital in some mining properties he has controlled in Metcalf Hill, five miles up Chase Creek Canon from Clifton, claims that are considered by experts among the very best in the Southwest. It is confidently expected that great reduction works will soon be running on the ores of the Shannon copper mines. Mr. Shannon married in Dallas, Texas, in 1885, his better half having been Miss Mollie Betterton.

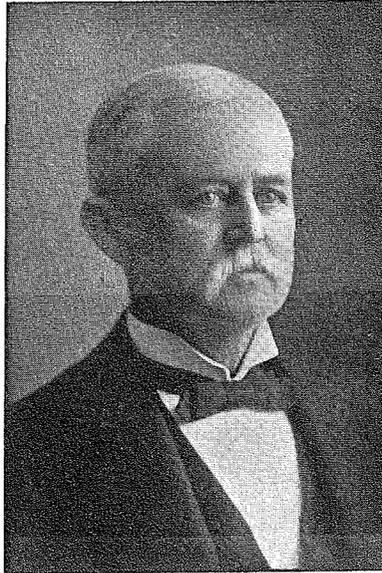


C. M. Shannon
Clifton

DR. JAMES MITCHELL FORD,

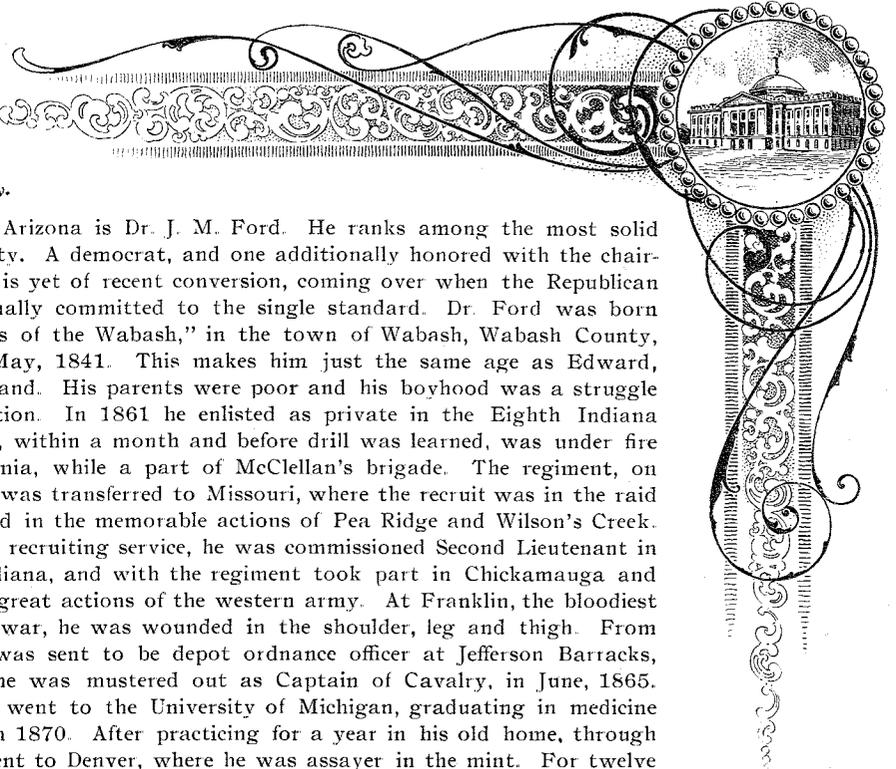
Member of the Council from Maricopa County.

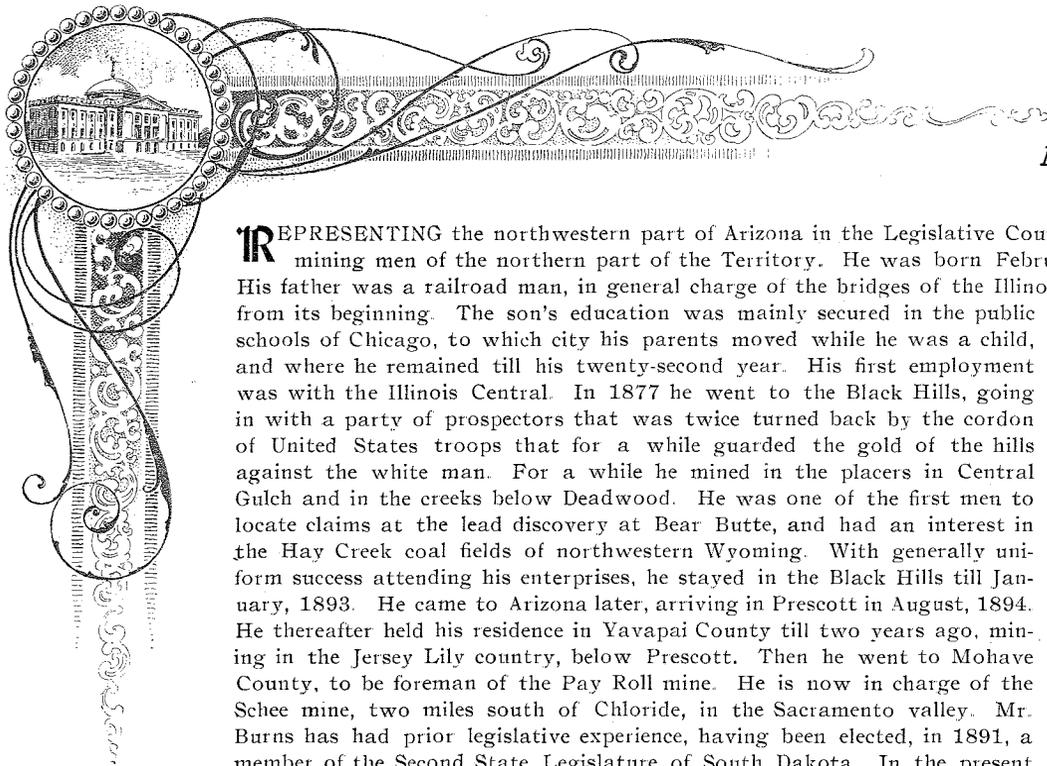
REPRESENTING the most populous of the counties of Arizona is Dr. J. M. Ford. He ranks among the most solid capitalists and largest realty owners of his home city. A democrat, and one additionally honored with the chairmanship of the party's Territorial Central Committee, he is yet of recent conversion, coming over when the Republican



party was finally committed to the single standard. Dr. Ford was born "on the banks of the Wabash," in the town of Wabash, Wabash County, Indiana, in May, 1841. This makes him just the same age as Edward, King of England. His parents were poor and his boyhood was a struggle for an education. In 1861 he enlisted as private in the Eighth Indiana Infantry, and, within a month and before drill was learned, was under fire in West Virginia, while a part of McClellan's brigade. The regiment, on re-enlistment, was transferred to Missouri, where the recruit was in the raid after Price and in the memorable actions of Pea Ridge and Wilson's Creek. Sent home on recruiting service, he was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the 130th Indiana, and with the regiment took part in Chickamauga and all the other great actions of the western army. At Franklin, the bloodiest battle of the war, he was wounded in the shoulder, leg and thigh. From hospital, he was sent to be depot ordnance officer at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., where he was mustered out as Captain of Cavalry, in June, 1865. Thereafter he went to the University of Michigan, graduating in medicine and science in 1870. After practicing for a year in his old home, through Illinois, he went to Denver, where he was assayer in the mint. For twelve years he lived in Kansas City, where he served as president of the City Board of Aldermen at the time the city had its most rapid civic advancement. He came to Phoenix in 1894. Dr. Ford, in Indianapolis in 1869, married Miss Beulah Kirk. They have one son, a resident of Phoenix.

*Sincerely Yours
J. M. Ford*

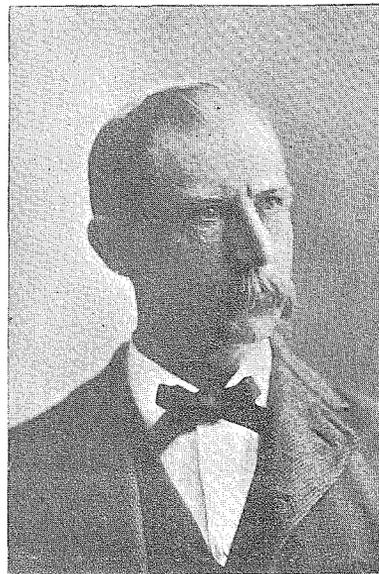




MICHAEL G. BURNS,

Member of the Council from Mohave County.

REPRESENTING the northwestern part of Arizona in the Legislative Council is M. G. Burns, one of the best-known mining men of the northern part of the Territory. He was born February 6, 1855, in Effingham County, Illinois. His father was a railroad man, in general charge of the bridges of the Illinois Central road, and had been with the line from its beginning. The son's education was mainly secured in the public schools of Chicago, to which city his parents moved while he was a child, and where he remained till his twenty-second year. His first employment was with the Illinois Central. In 1877 he went to the Black Hills, going in with a party of prospectors that was twice turned back by the cordon of United States troops that for a while guarded the gold of the hills against the white man. For a while he mined in the placers in Central Gulch and in the creeks below Deadwood. He was one of the first men to locate claims at the lead discovery at Bear Butte, and had an interest in the Hay Creek coal fields of northwestern Wyoming. With generally uniform success attending his enterprises, he stayed in the Black Hills till January, 1893. He came to Arizona later, arriving in Prescott in August, 1894. He thereafter held his residence in Yavapai County till two years ago, mining in the Jersey Lily country, below Prescott. Then he went to Mohave County, to be foreman of the Pay Roll mine. He is now in charge of the Schee mine, two miles south of Chloride, in the Sacramento valley. Mr. Burns has had prior legislative experience, having been elected, in 1891, a member of the Second State Legislature of South Dakota. In the present session his influence has been marked, and his work in behalf of measures favored has generally been successful. He was married in 1893, in Deadwood, to Frances Stevens.

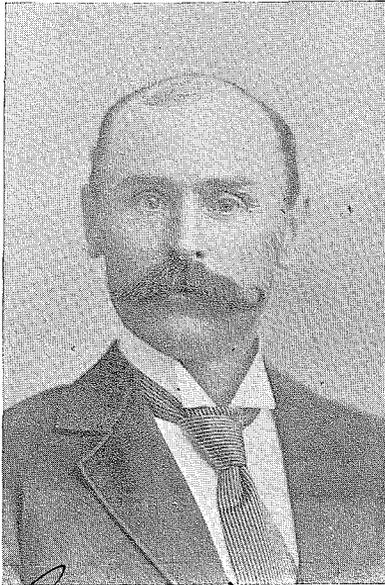


Michael G. Burns
Chloride

JAMES B. FINLEY,

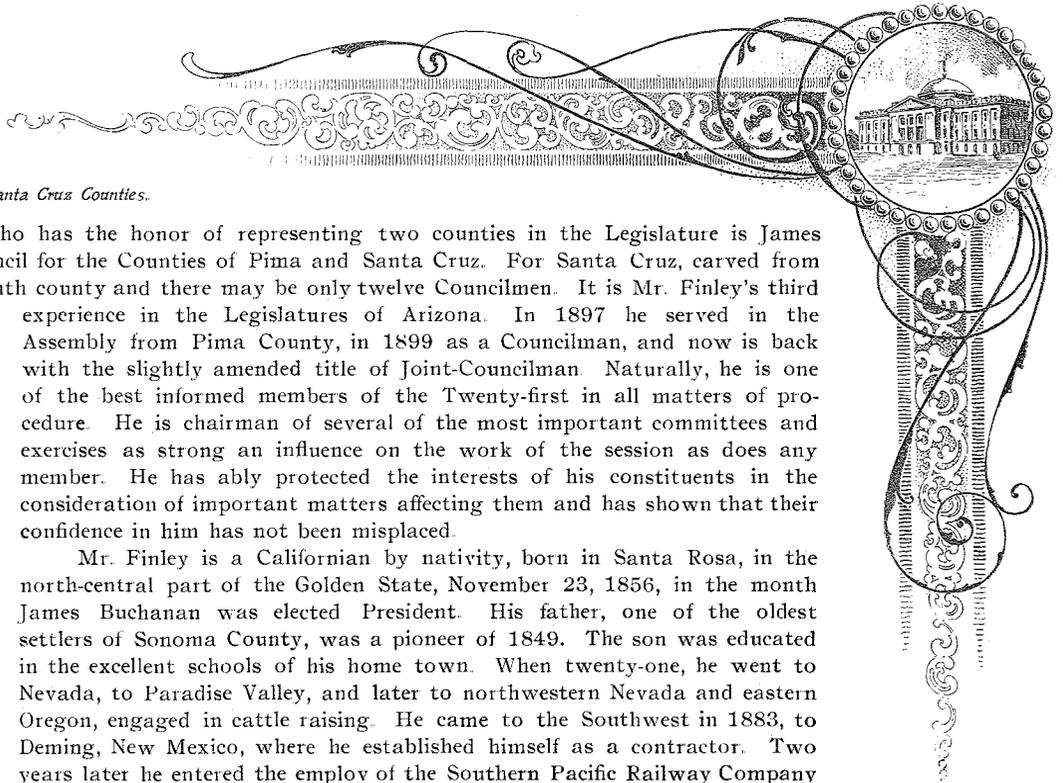
Joint-Councilman from Pima and Santa Cruz Counties.

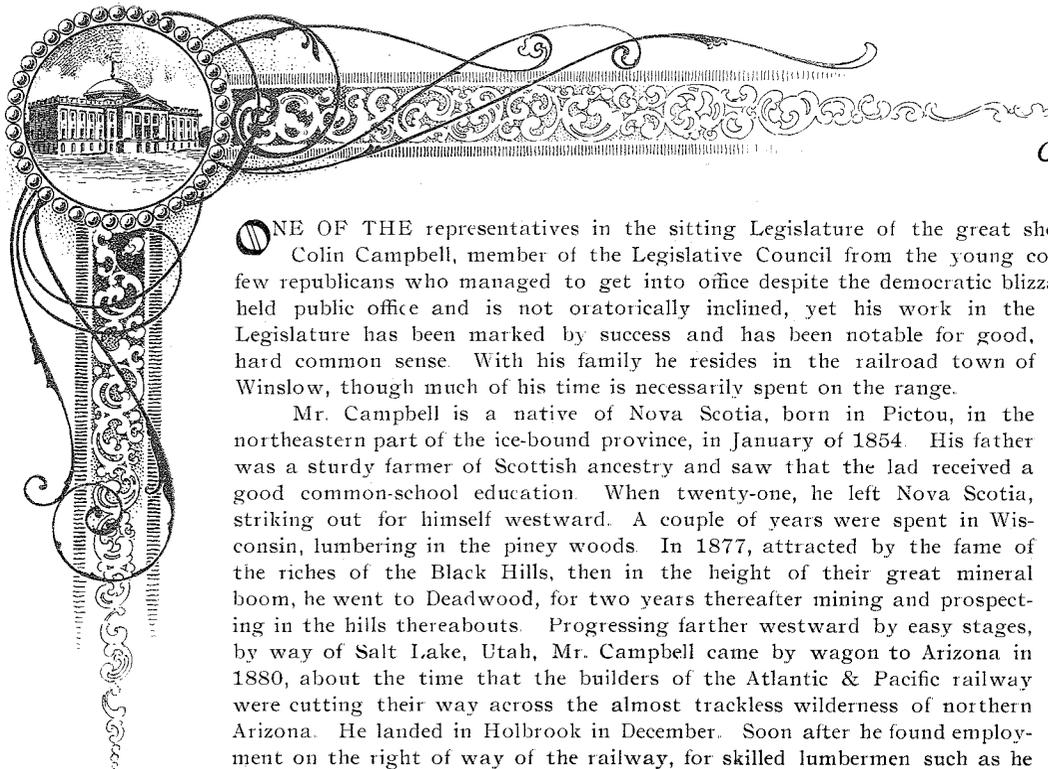
THE ONLY member of either house who has the honor of representing two counties in the Legislature is James Buchanan Finley, member of the Council for the Counties of Pima and Santa Cruz. For Santa Cruz, carved from Pima by the last Legislature, is the thirteenth county and there may be only twelve Councilmen. It is Mr. Finley's third experience in the Legislatures of Arizona. In 1897 he served in the Assembly from Pima County, in 1899 as a Councilman, and now is back with the slightly amended title of Joint-Councilman. Naturally, he is one of the best informed members of the Twenty-first in all matters of procedure. He is chairman of several of the most important committees and exercises as strong an influence on the work of the session as does any member. He has ably protected the interests of his constituents in the consideration of important matters affecting them and has shown that their confidence in him has not been misplaced.



J. B. Finley.

Finley



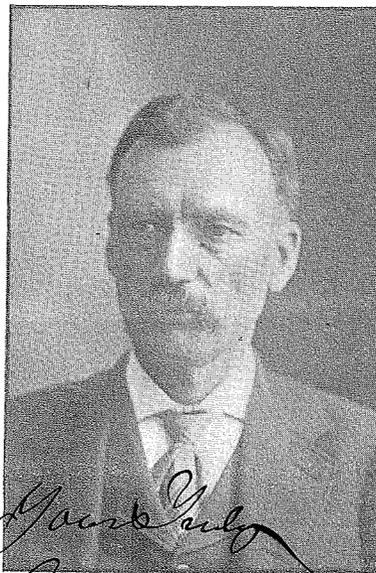


COLIN L. CAMPBELL,

Member of the Council from Navajo County.

ONE OF THE representatives in the sitting Legislature of the great sheep-rearing industry of northern Arizona is Colin Campbell, member of the Legislative Council from the young county of Navajo. He is as well one of the few republicans who managed to get into office despite the democratic blizzard of last November. He has never before held public office and is not oratorically inclined, yet his work in the Legislature has been marked by success and has been notable for good, hard common sense. With his family he resides in the railroad town of Winslow, though much of his time is necessarily spent on the range.

Mr. Campbell is a native of Nova Scotia, born in Pictou, in the northeastern part of the ice-bound province, in January of 1854. His father was a sturdy farmer of Scottish ancestry and saw that the lad received a good common-school education. When twenty-one, he left Nova Scotia, striking out for himself westward. A couple of years were spent in Wisconsin, lumbering in the piney woods. In 1877, attracted by the fame of the riches of the Black Hills, then in the height of their great mineral boom, he went to Deadwood, for two years thereafter mining and prospecting in the hills thereabouts. Progressing farther westward by easy stages, by way of Salt Lake, Utah, Mr. Campbell came by wagon to Arizona in 1880, about the time that the builders of the Atlantic & Pacific railway were cutting their way across the almost trackless wilderness of northern Arizona. He landed in Holbrook in December. Soon after he found employment on the right of way of the railway, for skilled lumbermen such as he were in demand in passing through the Coconino forest, and thereafter engaged for a while in lumbering around Flagstaff. In 1884 he went into the sheep business, with ranges mainly in eastern Coconino County.

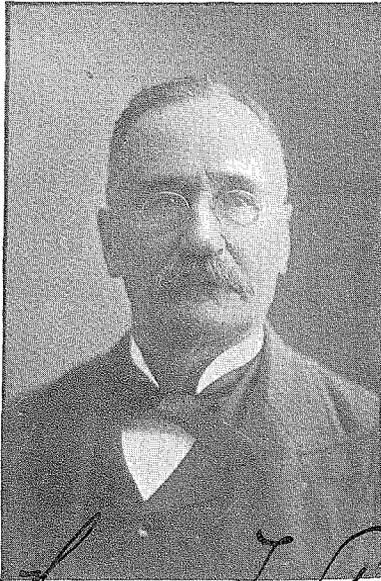


Yours Truly
Colin Campbell Winslow

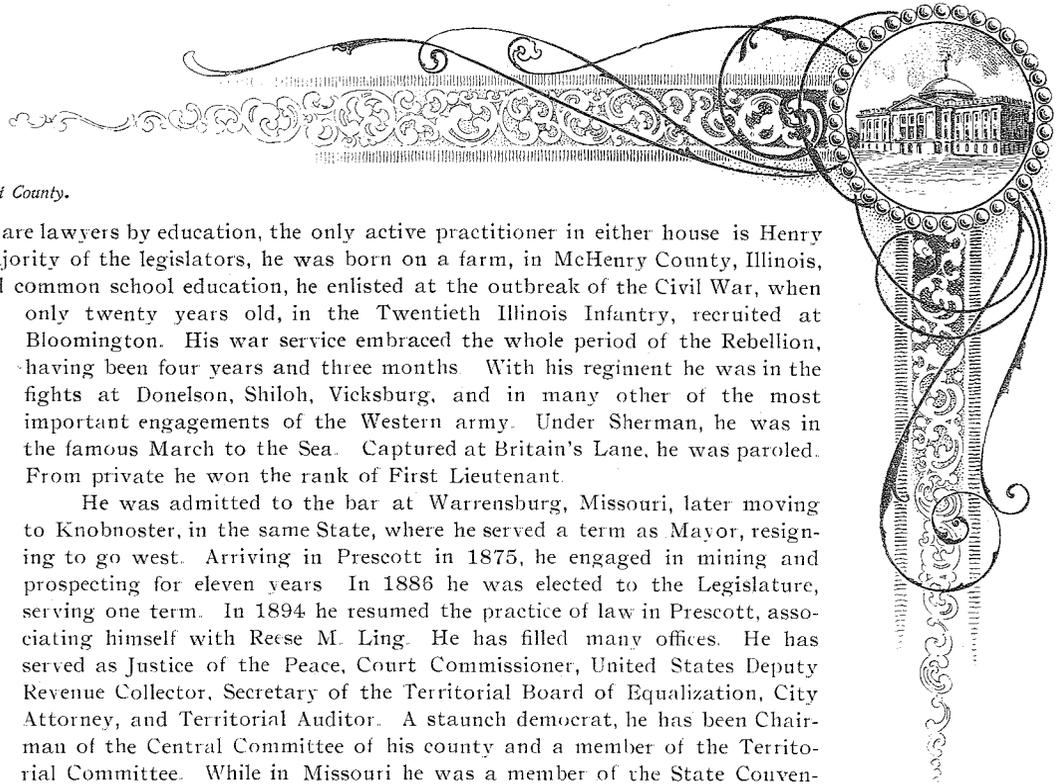
HENRY T. ANDREWS,

Member of the Council from Yavapai County.

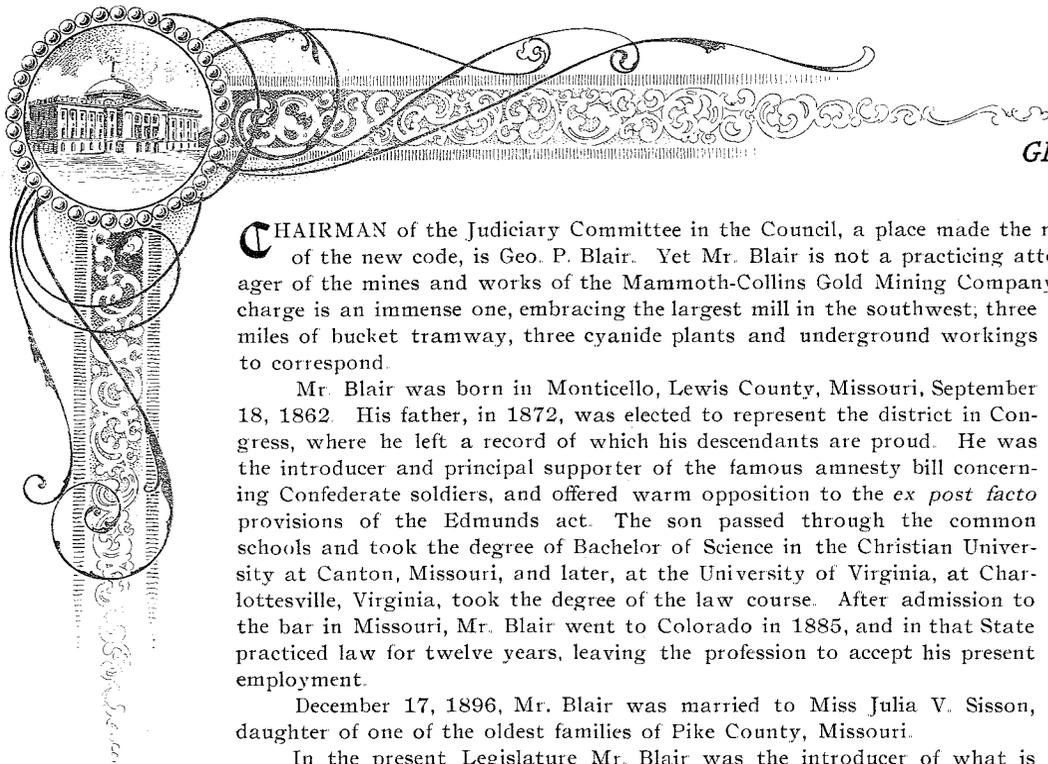
THOUGH A NUMBER of the legislators are lawyers by education, the only active practitioner in either house is Henry T. Andrews of Prescott. Like the majority of the legislators, he was born on a farm, in McHenry County, Illinois, December 10, 1841. After receipt of a good common school education, he enlisted at the outbreak of the Civil War, when only twenty years old, in the Twentieth Illinois Infantry, recruited at Bloomington. His war service embraced the whole period of the Rebellion, having been four years and three months. With his regiment he was in the fights at Donelson, Shiloh, Vicksburg, and in many other of the most important engagements of the Western army. Under Sherman, he was in the famous March to the Sea. Captured at Britain's Lane, he was paroled. From private he won the rank of First Lieutenant.



Henry T. Andrews, Prescott



He was admitted to the bar at Warrensburg, Missouri, later moving to Knobnoster, in the same State, where he served a term as Mayor, resigning to go west. Arriving in Prescott in 1875, he engaged in mining and prospecting for eleven years. In 1886 he was elected to the Legislature, serving one term. In 1894 he resumed the practice of law in Prescott, associating himself with Reese M. Ling. He has filled many offices. He has served as Justice of the Peace, Court Commissioner, United States Deputy Revenue Collector, Secretary of the Territorial Board of Equalization, City Attorney, and Territorial Auditor. A staunch democrat, he has been Chairman of the Central Committee of his county and a member of the Territorial Committee. While in Missouri he was a member of the State Convention that nominated B. Gratz Brown for the Governorship, and also sat as a delegate in the Cincinnati National Convention that nominated Horace Greeley for the presidency. He was married in 1896 to Miss Luella Hundley, and is the father of two children, daughters.



GEORGE PERRIN BLAIR,

Member of the Council from Pinal County.

CHAIRMAN of the Judiciary Committee in the Council, a place made the more important because of the consideration of the new code, is Geo. P. Blair. Yet Mr. Blair is not a practicing attorney. Since 1897 he has been general manager of the mines and works of the Mammoth-Collins Gold Mining Company, Ltd., at Mammoth. The plant under his charge is an immense one, embracing the largest mill in the southwest; three miles of bucket tramway, three cyanide plants and underground workings to correspond.

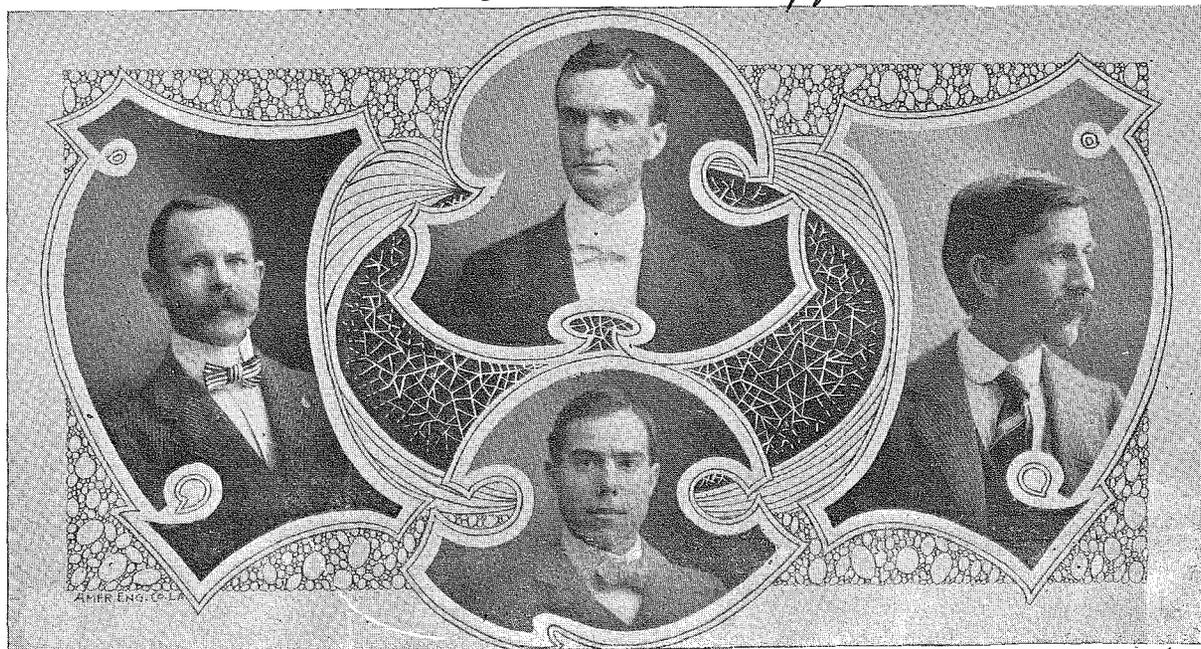
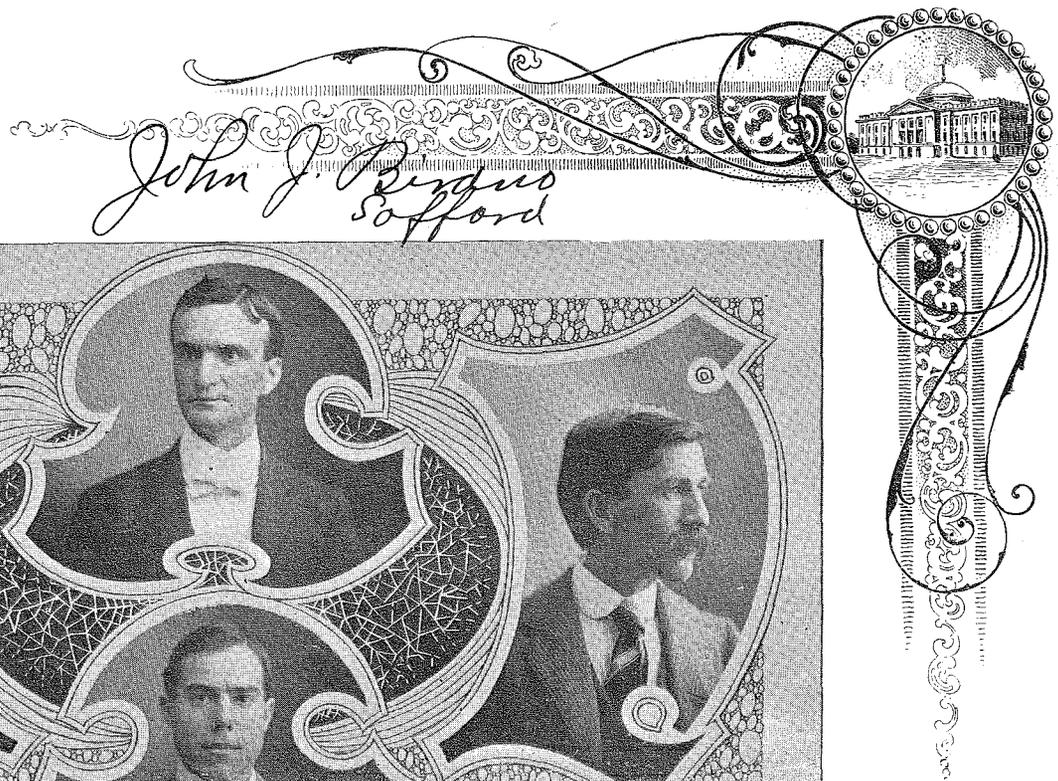
Mr. Blair was born in Monticello, Lewis County, Missouri, September 18, 1862. His father, in 1872, was elected to represent the district in Congress, where he left a record of which his descendants are proud. He was the introducer and principal supporter of the famous amnesty bill concerning Confederate soldiers, and offered warm opposition to the *ex post facto* provisions of the Edmunds act. The son passed through the common schools and took the degree of Bachelor of Science in the Christian University at Canton, Missouri, and later, at the University of Virginia, at Charlottesville, Virginia, took the degree of the law course. After admission to the bar in Missouri, Mr. Blair went to Colorado in 1885, and in that State practiced law for twelve years, leaving the profession to accept his present employment.

December 17, 1896, Mr. Blair was married to Miss Julia V. Sisson, daughter of one of the oldest families of Pike County, Missouri.

In the present Legislature Mr. Blair was the introducer of what is probably the most important act of the session—that providing for the draft of a constitution for the new State of Arizona, and for its subsequent submission to a vote of the people, in this way obviating the enormous expense of a constitutional convention.



²⁴
Your Truly, Geo. P. Blair.



CURT W. MILLER Chief Clerk House

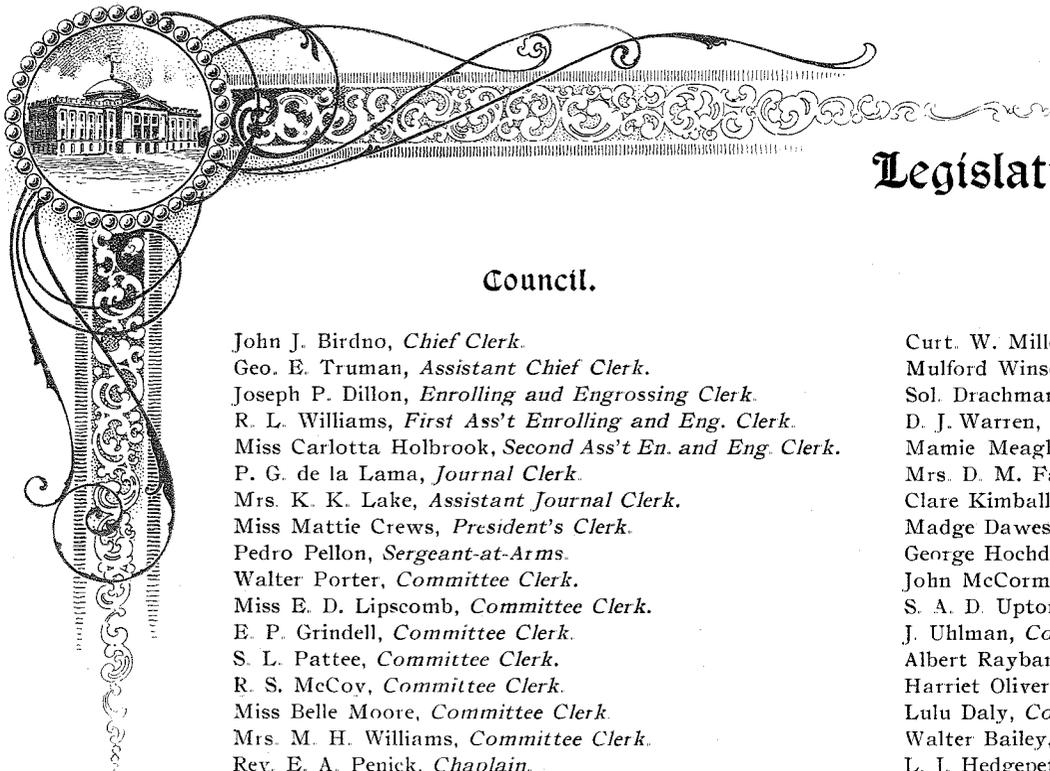
J. J. BIRDNO Chief Clerk Council
MULFORD WINSOR, Asst. Chief Clerk House

GEO. E. TRUMAN Asst. Chief Clerk Council

*Curt W. Miller
Tempe, Arizona*

25
*Mulford Winsor
Yuma, Arizona.*

*Geo. E. Truman
Gloucester*



Legislative Employees

Council.

John J. Birdno, *Chief Clerk*.
Geo. E. Truman, *Assistant Chief Clerk*.
Joseph P. Dillon, *Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk*.
R. L. Williams, *First Ass't Enrolling and Eng. Clerk*.
Miss Carlotta Holbrook, *Second Ass't En. and Eng. Clerk*.
P. G. de la Lama, *Journal Clerk*.
Mrs. K. K. Lake, *Assistant Journal Clerk*.
Miss Mattie Crews, *President's Clerk*.
Pedro Pellon, *Sergeant-at-Arms*.
Walter Porter, *Committee Clerk*.
Miss E. D. Lipscomb, *Committee Clerk*.
E. P. Grindell, *Committee Clerk*.
S. L. Pattee, *Committee Clerk*.
R. S. McCoy, *Committee Clerk*.
Miss Belle Moore, *Committee Clerk*.
Mrs. M. H. Williams, *Committee Clerk*.
Rev. E. A. Penick, *Chaplain*.
E. A. Hinds, *Watchman*.
Wilbur Jaquette, *Page*.

House.

Curt. W. Miller, *Chief Clerk*.
Mulford Winsor, *Assistant Chief Clerk*.
Sol. Drachman, *Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk*.
D. J. Warren, *First Ass't Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk*.
Mamie Meagher, *Second Ass't Enrolling and Eng. Clerk*.
Mrs. D. M. Faribault, *Journal Clerk*.
Clare Kimball, *Assistant Journal Clerk*.
Madge Dawes, *Speaker's Clerk*.
George Hochderfer, *Sergeant-at-Arms*.
John McCormick, *Committee Clerk*.
S. A. D. Upton, *Committee Clerk*.
J. Uhlman, *Committee Clerk*.
Albert Raybard, *Committee Clerk*.
Harriet Oliver, *Committee Clerk*.
Lulu Daly, *Committee Clerk*.
Walter Bailey, *Committee Clerk*.
L. J. Hedgepeth, *Chaplain*.
J. E. Golden, *Watchman*.
Clarence Dunbar, *Page*.

Jas. Parks, *Postmaster*.

The House of Representatives.

P. P. PARKER, SPEAKER.

Members.

Apache County, RICHARD GIBBONS, R
 Coconino County, JAMES WALSH, D
 Cochise County, MICHAEL GRAY, D
 Cochise County, - H. M. WOODS, R
 Cochise County, STEPHEN ROEMER, D
 Gila County, - C. L. HOUSTON, D
 Graham County, ANDREW KIMBALL, D
 Graham County, - E. T. IJAMS, D

Maricopa County, P. P. PARKER, D
 Maricopa County, - - J. P. IVY, D
 Maricopa County, CHAS. PETERSON, D
 Maricopa County, B. A. FOWLER, R
 Mohave County, KEAN ST. CHARLES, D
 Navajo County, - W. J. MORGAN, D
 Pima County, - SAM. BARKLEY, D
 Pima County, - - A. C. BERNARD, D

Pima County, - - JOS. CORBETT, R
 Pinal County, - - - WM. BEARD, D
 Pinal County, - ALEX. BARKER, D
 Santa Cruz County, DR. A. H. NOON, D
 Yavapai County, DR. O. L. GEER, D
 Yavapai County, - F. R. WARD, D
 Yavapai County, T. E. CAMPBELL, R
 Yuma County, - JESSE CROUCH, D

D—Democrats, 19.

R—Republicans, 5.

House Committees.

Elections—St. Charles, Gray, Gibbons, Crouch, Walsh.

Ways and Means—Gray, Fowler, Corbett, Ward, Ivy.

Appropriations—Barkley, Peterson, Campbell, Woods, Morgan.

Education—Peterson, Woods, Corbett, Kimball, Campbell.

Judiciary—Kimball, Barkley, Fowler, Geer, Campbell, Bernard, Noon.

Claims—Bernard, Morgan, Gray.

Militia and Indian Affairs—Walsh, Bernard, Fowler.

Enrolled and Engrossed Bills—Woods, Barkley, Houston.

Printing—Ijams, St. Charles, Bernard, Barker, Crouch.

Corporations—Geer, Roemer, Corbett, Ijams, Gibbons.

Mines and Mining—Beard, Woods, Ward, Houston, St. Charles.

Memorials and Petitions—Campbell, Noon, St. Charles.

Counties and County Boundaries—Barker, Roemer, Morgan, Geer, Ijams.

Federal Relations—Morgan, Noon, Beard.

Agriculture—Ivy, Ijams, Gibbons, Peterson, Beard.

Public Buildings—Ward, Campbell, Crouch, Barkley, Peterson.

Territorial Library—Noon, Walsh, Houston.

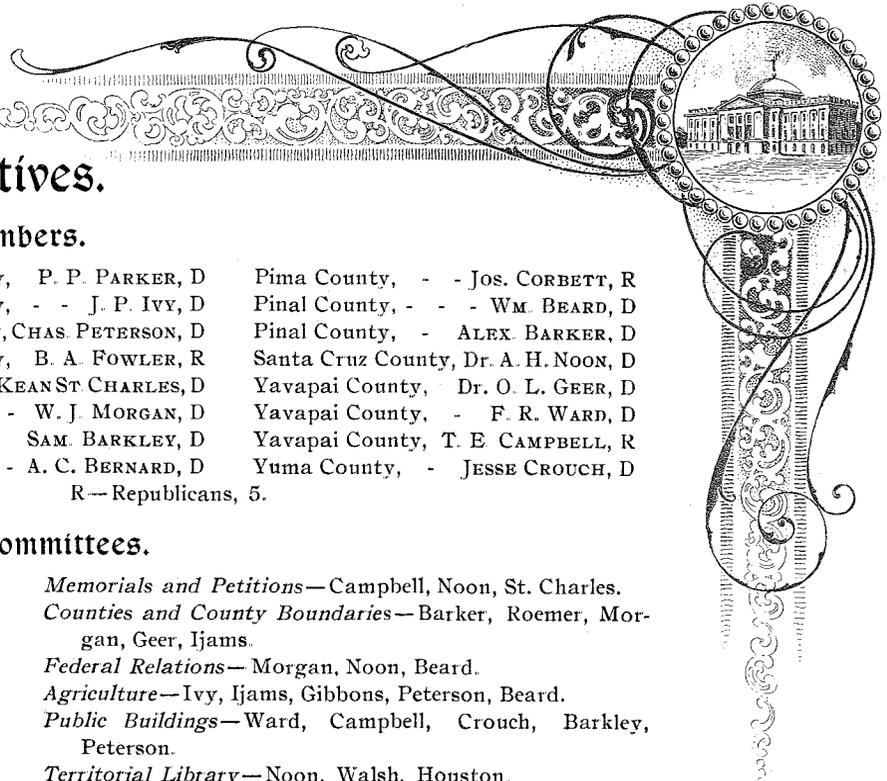
Irrigation—Fowler, Crouch, Beard, Ivy, Ijams.

Public Expenditures and Accounts—Roemer, Ward, Gibbons.

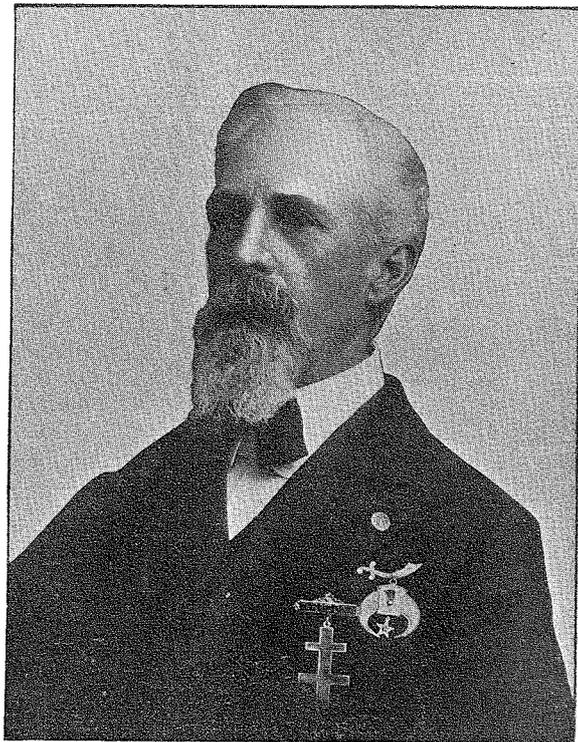
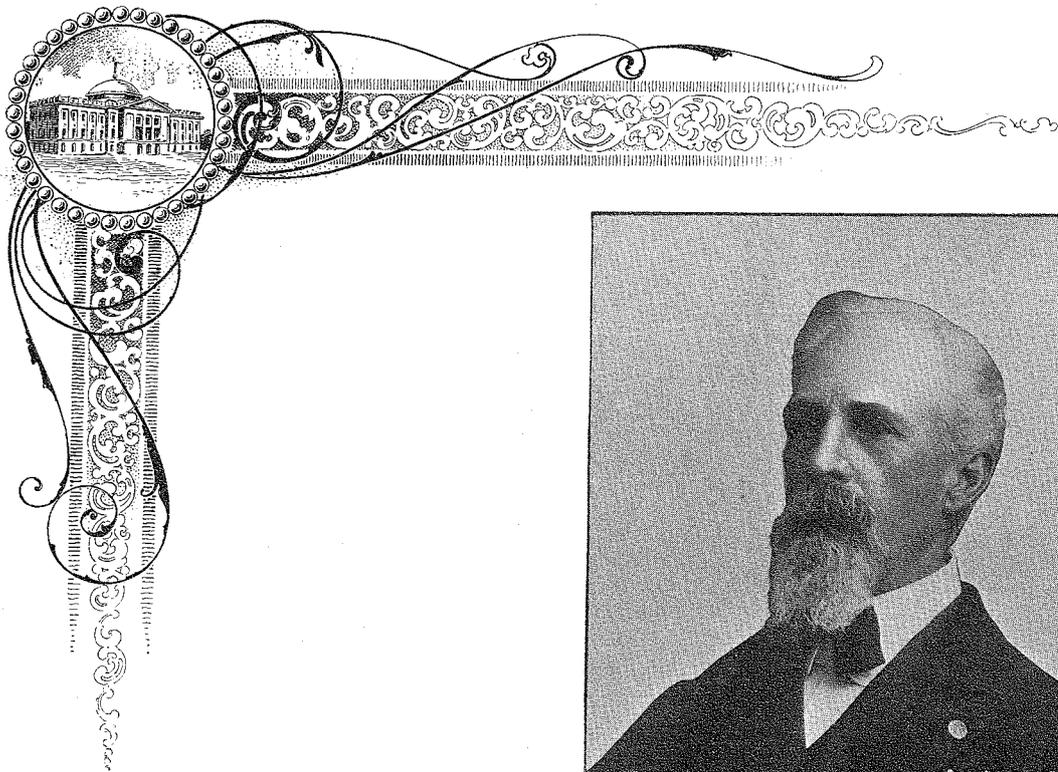
Territorial Affairs—Crouch, Walsh, Beard, Geer, Gray.

Live Stock—Houston, Morgan, Bernard, Kimball, Geer, Barker, Ivy.

Rules—Speaker, Kimball, Geer.



DEPARTMENT OF
 THE ARIZONA
 TERRITORY



D. D. Parker,
SPEAKER
OF THE
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Courteously & Truly Yours D. D. Parker

PROSPER P. PARKER,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

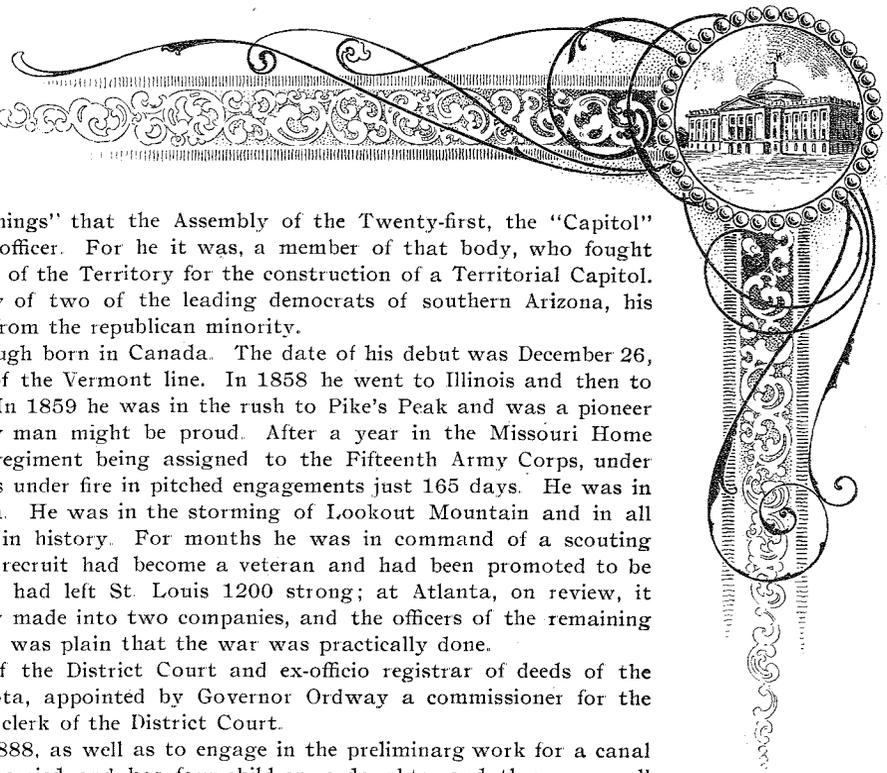
IT IS WITH peculiar consideration of the "fitness of things" that the Assembly of the Twenty-first, the "Capitol" Legislature, chose Capt. P. P. Parker as its presiding officer. For he it was, a member of that body, who fought through the Nineteenth Legislature the bill for the bonding of the Territory for the construction of a Territorial Capitol. Chosen by the democratic majority, despite the candidacy of two of the leading democrats of southern Arizona, his election was gracefully made a unanimous one by motion from the republican minority.

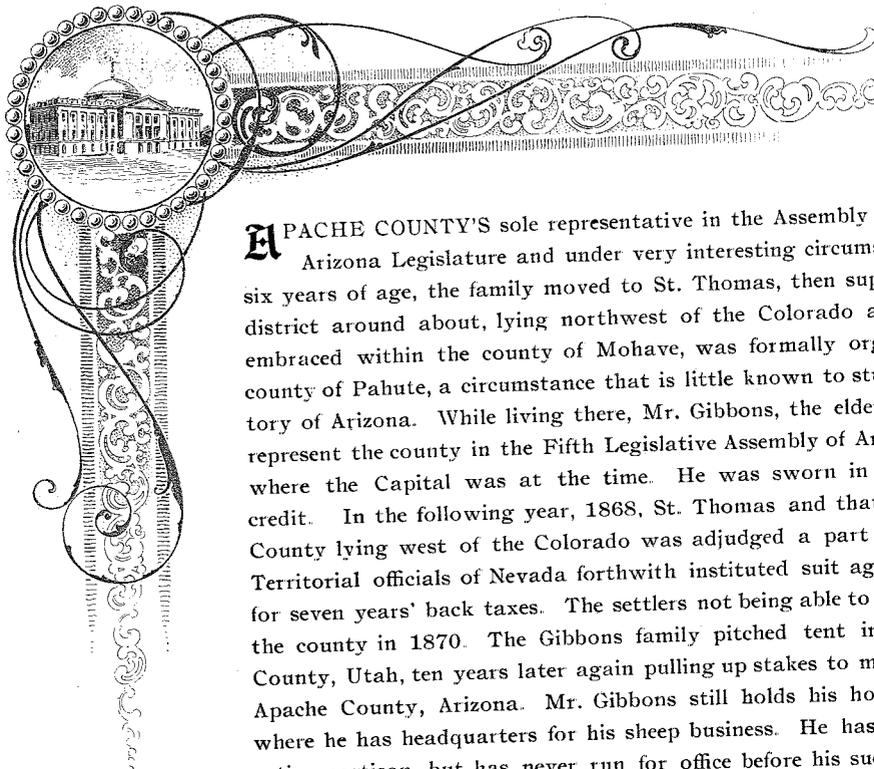
Speaker Parker comes of good, old Yankee stock, though born in Canada. The date of his debut was December 26, 1835. His education was secured at Banston, just north of the Vermont line. In 1858 he went to Illinois and then to Pike County, Missouri, finding employment as a teacher. In 1859 he was in the rush to Pike's Peak and was a pioneer of Denver. In the Civil War he had a record of which any man might be proud. After a year in the Missouri Home Guard, the young soldier enlisted in the Volunteers, his regiment being assigned to the Fifteenth Army Corps, under Sherman. Without enumeration of mere skirmishes, he was under fire in pitched engagements just 165 days. He was in the siege of Vicksburg and was in the campaign to Atlanta. He was in the storming of Lookout Mountain and in all the great battles that have made that campaign notable in history. For months he was in command of a scouting party, sent out against Forrest's raiders. At Atlanta, the recruit had become a veteran and had been promoted to be Captain. But his regiment had been frightfully cut up. It had left St. Louis 1200 strong; at Atlanta, on review, it could muster only 116 men. The remnant was accordingly made into two companies, and the officers of the remaining companies were honorably mustered from the service, for it was plain that the war was practically done.

Returning home to Missouri, he was elected clerk of the District Court and ex-officio registrar of deeds of the county, and served four years. In 1883 he was in Dakota, appointed by Governor Ordway a commissioner for the organization of Towner County, wherein he served also as clerk of the District Court.

He came to Arizona for the benefit of his health, in 1888, as well as to engage in the preliminary work for a canal enterprise of the greatest magnitude. Captain Parker is married and has four children, a daughter and three sons, all with him at home in Phoenix. He is a devoted Mason, is a Shriner, and in 1899 was Grand Commander of the Grand Commandery Knights Templar for Arizona.

The measures this popular presiding officer has personally handled during the session include those for the re-establishment of the National Guard and for the abolition of the now unnecessary Capitol Commission.

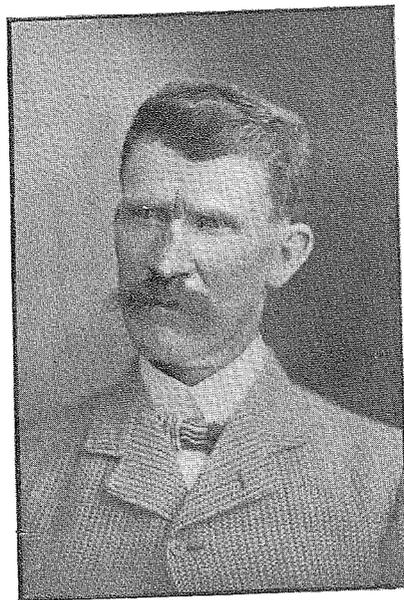




RICHARD GIBBONS,

Member of the Assembly from Apache County.

APACHE COUNTY'S sole representative in the Assembly is Richard Gibbons. His father before him was elected to the Arizona Legislature and under very interesting circumstances. In 1865, when the present legislator was only about six years of age, the family moved to St. Thomas, then supposed to be in the newly created Territory of Arizona. The district around about, lying northwest of the Colorado and now mainly embraced within the county of Mohave, was formally organized into the county of Pahute, a circumstance that is little known to students of the history of Arizona. While living there, Mr. Gibbons, the elder, was elected to represent the county in the Fifth Legislative Assembly of Arizona at Tucson, where the Capital was at the time. He was sworn in and served with credit. In the following year, 1868, St. Thomas and that part of Pahute County lying west of the Colorado was adjudged a part of Nevada. The Territorial officials of Nevada forthwith instituted suit against the settlers for seven years' back taxes. The settlers not being able to pay, moved from the county in 1870. The Gibbons family pitched tent in Glendale, Cane County, Utah, ten years later again pulling up stakes to move to St. Johns, Apache County, Arizona. Mr. Gibbons still holds his home in St. Johns, where he has headquarters for his sheep business. He has always been an active partisan, but has never run for office before his successful campaign last fall. Mr. Gibbons' native place is Santa' Clara, Washington County, Utah. He was married in St. Johns in July, 1892, to Clara I. Wilhelm and is the parent of three children.

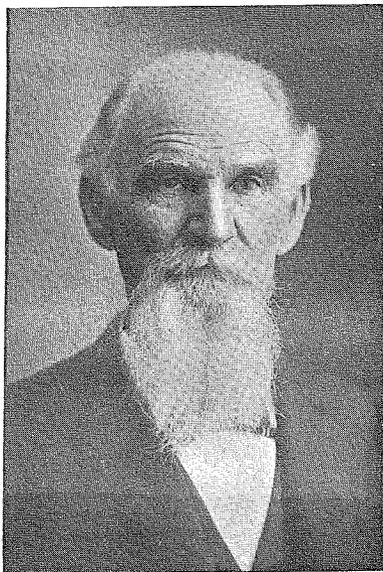


Richard Gibbons.

MICHAEL GRAY,

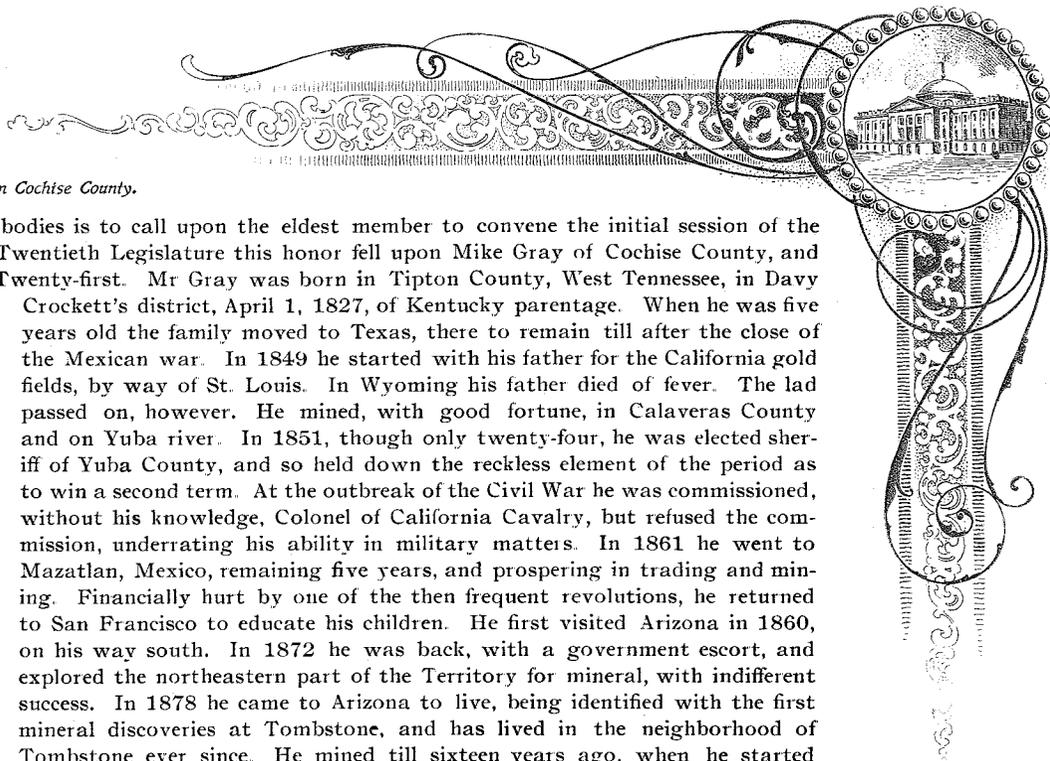
Member of the Assembly from Cochise County.

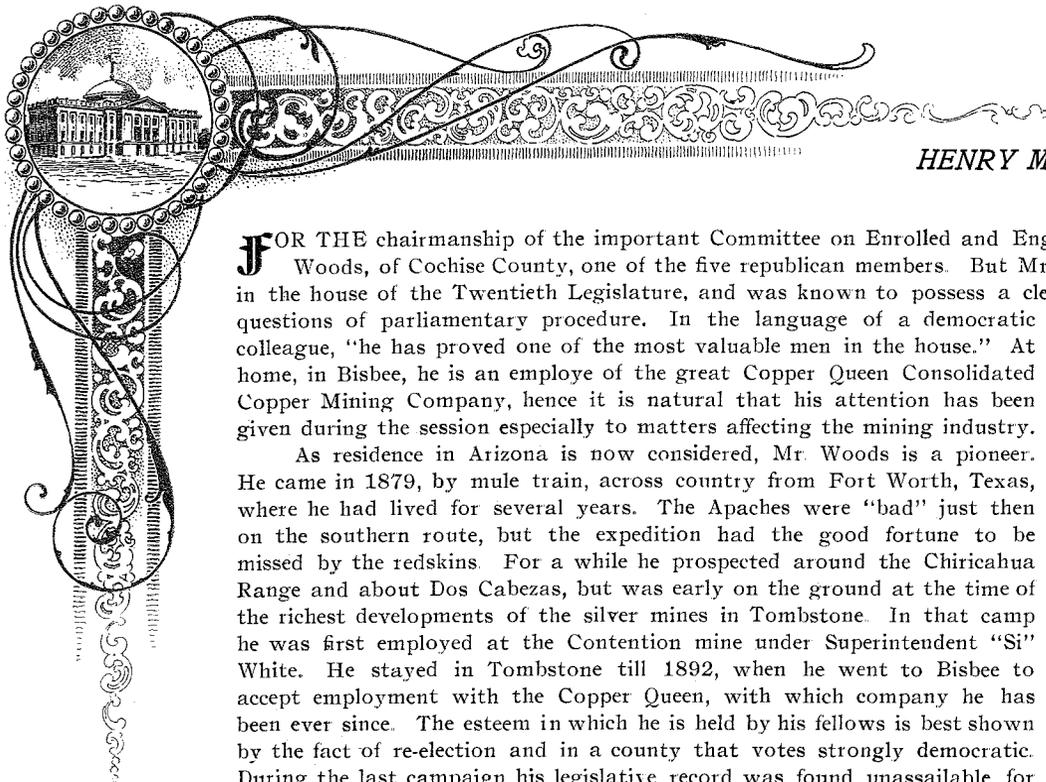
A NOT UNUSUAL practice in legislative bodies is to call upon the eldest member to convene the initial session of the assemblage. In the Assembly of the Twentieth Legislature this honor fell upon Mike Gray of Cochise County, and again was the case in the session of the Twenty-first. Mr Gray was born in Tipton County, West Tennessee, in Davy



Crockett's district, April 1, 1827, of Kentucky parentage. When he was five years old the family moved to Texas, there to remain till after the close of the Mexican war. In 1849 he started with his father for the California gold fields, by way of St. Louis. In Wyoming his father died of fever. The lad passed on, however. He mined, with good fortune, in Calaveras County and on Yuba river. In 1851, though only twenty-four, he was elected sheriff of Yuba County, and so held down the reckless element of the period as to win a second term. At the outbreak of the Civil War he was commissioned, without his knowledge, Colonel of California Cavalry, but refused the commission, underrating his ability in military matters. In 1861 he went to Mazatlan, Mexico, remaining five years, and prospering in trading and mining. Financially hurt by one of the then frequent revolutions, he returned to San Francisco to educate his children. He first visited Arizona in 1860, on his way south. In 1872 he was back, with a government escort, and explored the northeastern part of the Territory for mineral, with indifferent success. In 1878 he came to Arizona to live, being identified with the first mineral discoveries at Tombstone, and has lived in the neighborhood of Tombstone ever since. He mined till sixteen years ago, when he started cattle-raising in Rucker Cañon, his present home. In 1887 he served as a member of the Fourteenth Legislature and in 1899 in the Twentieth. Mr. Gray is a widower. He was married in 1853 at Marysville, California, to Sarah A. Robinson. Four children were born to them, only one now living.

M Gray





HENRY MORGAN WOODS,

Member of the Assembly from Cochise County.

FOR THE chairmanship of the important Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, the Speaker fixed upon H. M. Woods, of Cochise County, one of the five republican members. But Mr. Woods had had prior legislative experience in the house of the Twentieth Legislature, and was known to possess a clear head and an intimate knowledge of all questions of parliamentary procedure. In the language of a democratic colleague, "he has proved one of the most valuable men in the house." At home, in Bisbee, he is an employe of the great Copper Queen Consolidated Copper Mining Company, hence it is natural that his attention has been given during the session especially to matters affecting the mining industry.

As residence in Arizona is now considered, Mr. Woods is a pioneer. He came in 1879, by mule train, across country from Fort Worth, Texas, where he had lived for several years. The Apaches were "bad" just then on the southern route, but the expedition had the good fortune to be missed by the redskins. For a while he prospected around the Chiricahua Range and about Dos Cabezas, but was early on the ground at the time of the richest developments of the silver mines in Tombstone. In that camp he was first employed at the Contention mine under Superintendent "Si" White. He stayed in Tombstone till 1892, when he went to Bisbee to accept employment with the Copper Queen, with which company he has been ever since. The esteem in which he is held by his fellows is best shown by the fact of re-election and in a county that votes strongly democratic. During the last campaign his legislative record was found unassailable, for it was one of the kind to which conventions are pleased to "point with pride." He is a married man with three children, wedded in 1886 to Miss Letta Steele, of Charlotte, Michigan.



*Henry M. Woods.
Bisbee*

STEPHEN ROEMER,

Member of the Assembly from Cochise County.

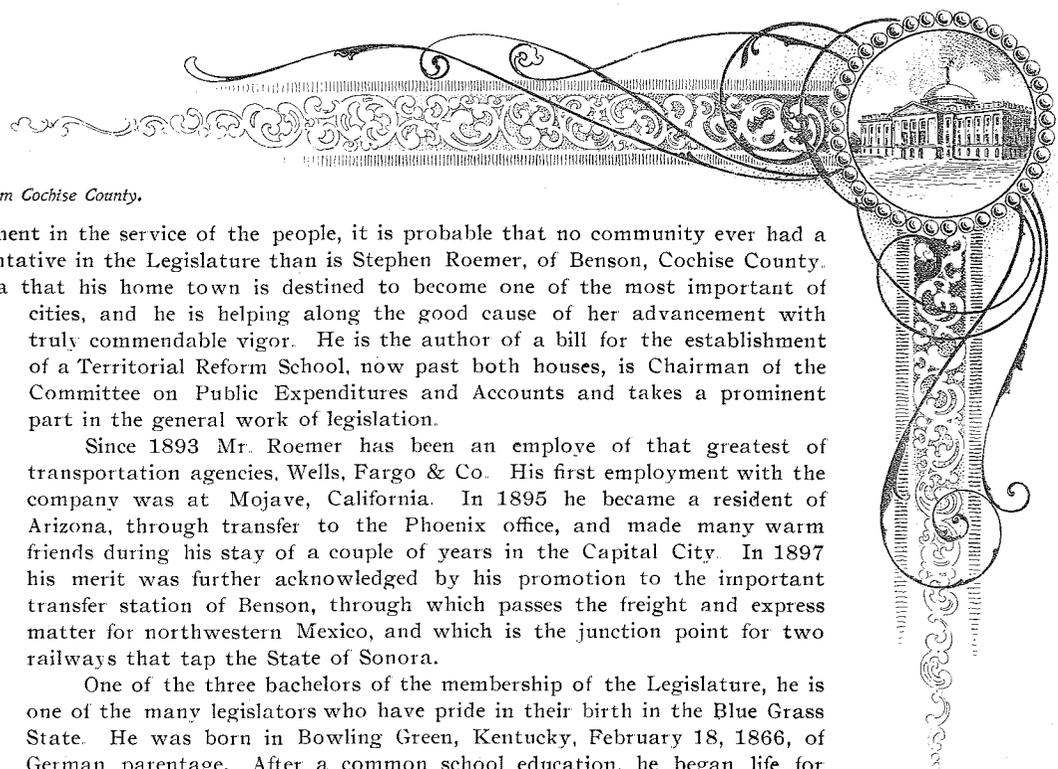
THOUGH he is now in his first employment in the service of the people, it is probable that no community ever had a more active or more untiring representative in the Legislature than is Stephen Roemer, of Benson, Cochise County. He is a firm believer, moreover, in the idea that his home town is destined to become one of the most important of cities, and he is helping along the good cause of her advancement with truly commendable vigor. He is the author of a bill for the establishment of a Territorial Reform School, now past both houses, is Chairman of the Committee on Public Expenditures and Accounts and takes a prominent part in the general work of legislation.

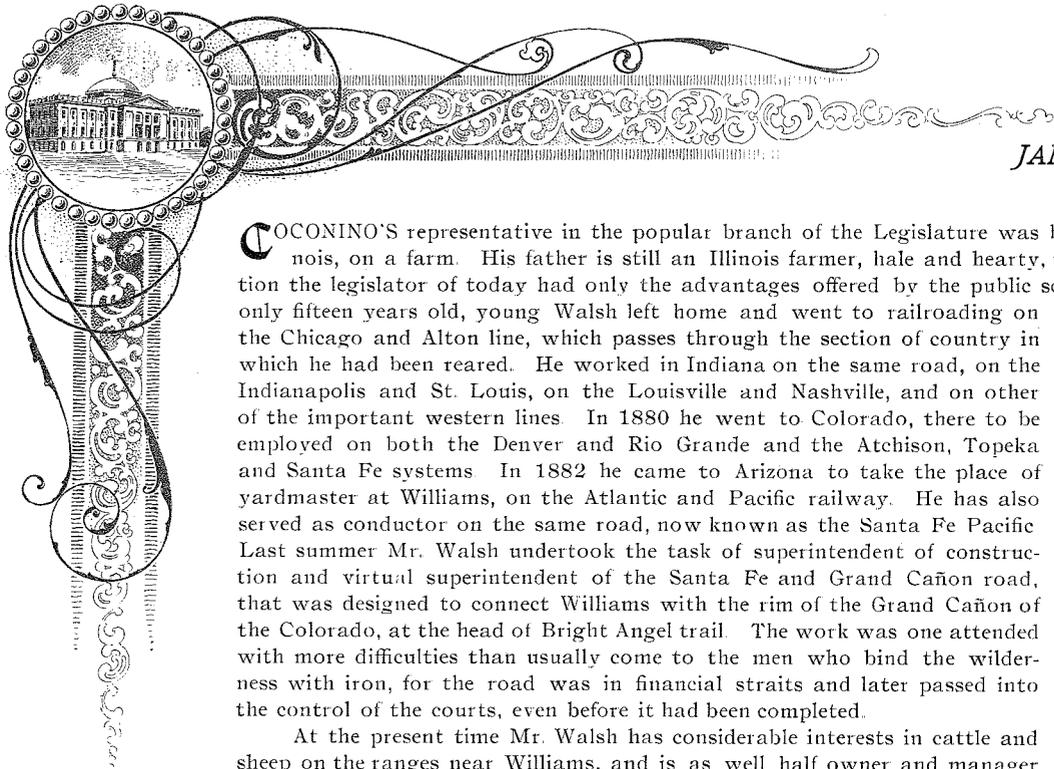


Since 1893 Mr. Roemer has been an employe of that greatest of transportation agencies, Wells, Fargo & Co. His first employment with the company was at Mojave, California. In 1895 he became a resident of Arizona, through transfer to the Phoenix office, and made many warm friends during his stay of a couple of years in the Capital City. In 1897 his merit was further acknowledged by his promotion to the important transfer station of Benson, through which passes the freight and express matter for northwestern Mexico, and which is the junction point for two railways that tap the State of Sonora.

One of the three bachelors of the membership of the Legislature, he is one of the many legislators who have pride in their birth in the Blue Grass State. He was born in Bowling Green, Kentucky, February 18, 1866, of German parentage. After a common school education, he began life for himself at sixteen. His earlier experiences were mainly in the lumbering business, and at one time, though still little more than a lad, he had the management of two sawmills.

Stephen Roemer



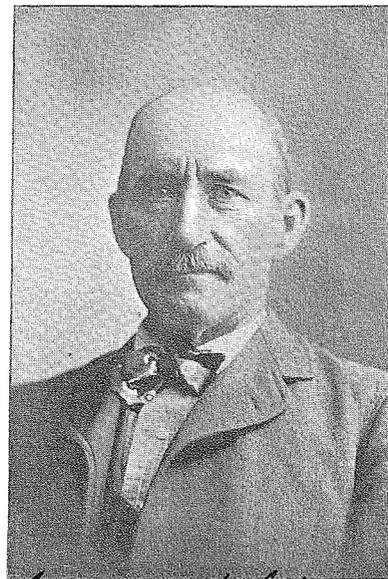


JAMES WALSH,

Member of the Assembly from Coconino County.

COCONINO'S representative in the popular branch of the Legislature was born in July, 1851, in Madison County, Illinois, on a farm. His father is still an Illinois farmer, hale and hearty, though ninety-one years of age. For education the legislator of today had only the advantages offered by the public schools of the neighborhood. When he was only fifteen years old, young Walsh left home and went to railroading on the Chicago and Alton line, which passes through the section of country in which he had been reared. He worked in Indiana on the same road, on the Indianapolis and St. Louis, on the Louisville and Nashville, and on other of the important western lines. In 1880 he went to Colorado, there to be employed on both the Denver and Rio Grande and the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe systems. In 1882 he came to Arizona to take the place of yardmaster at Williams, on the Atlantic and Pacific railway. He has also served as conductor on the same road, now known as the Santa Fe Pacific. Last summer Mr. Walsh undertook the task of superintendent of construction and virtual superintendent of the Santa Fe and Grand Cañon road, that was designed to connect Williams with the rim of the Grand Cañon of the Colorado, at the head of Bright Angel trail. The work was one attended with more difficulties than usually come to the men who bind the wilderness with iron, for the road was in financial straits and later passed into the control of the courts, even before it had been completed.

At the present time Mr. Walsh has considerable interests in cattle and sheep on the ranges near Williams, and is as well half owner and manager of the electric lighting system of the town of Williams. He is a married man, wedded in St. Louis in 1882 to Miss Teresa Smith. He is now holding his first public office of any kind.



*James Walsh
Williams a y*

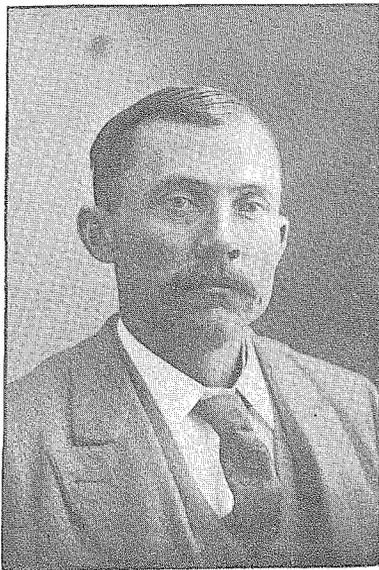
CHRISTOPHER LAFAYETTE HOUSTON,

Member of the Assembly for Gila County.

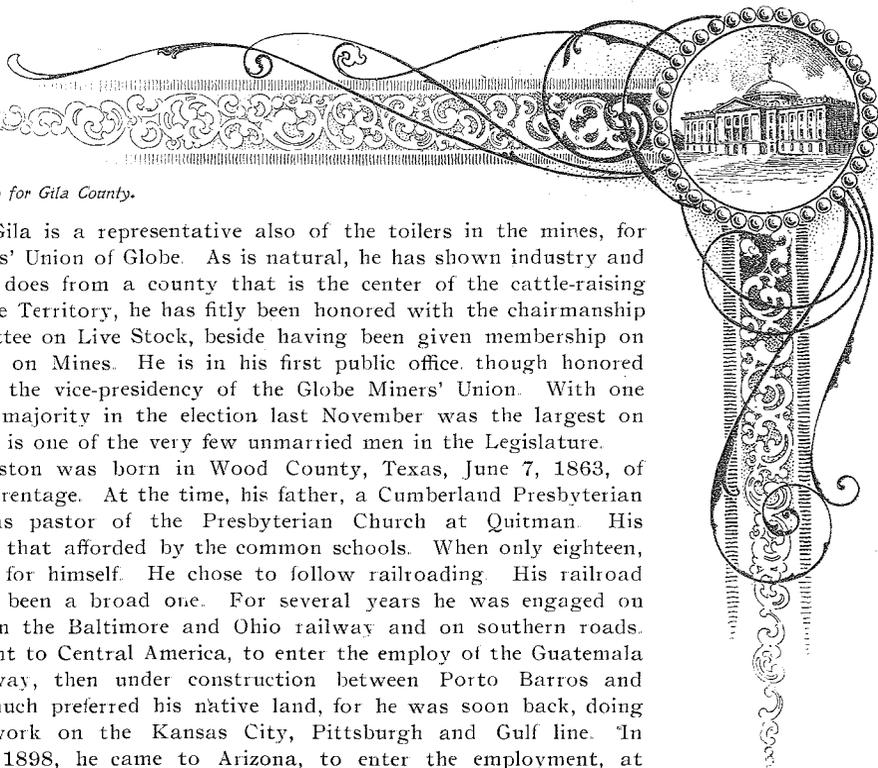
REPRESENTING the rock-ribbed mountain county of Gila is a representative also of the toilers in the mines, for Assemblyman Houston wears the button of the Miners' Union of Globe. As is natural, he has shown industry and devotion on behalf of the cause of labor. Coming as he does from a county that is the center of the cattle-raising

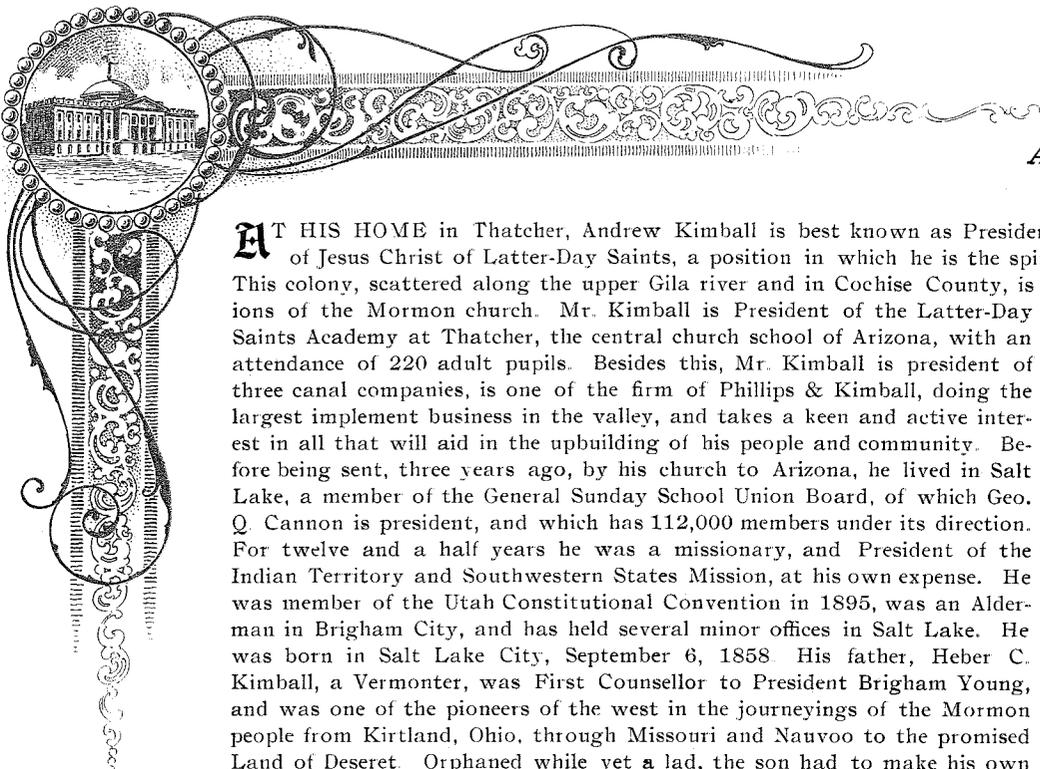
industry of the Territory, he has fitly been honored with the chairmanship of the Committee on Live Stock, beside having been given membership on the Committee on Mines. He is in his first public office, though honored by election to the vice-presidency of the Globe Miners' Union. With one exception, his majority in the election last November was the largest on the ticket. He is one of the very few unmarried men in the Legislature.

Mr. Houston was born in Wood County, Texas, June 7, 1863, of Scotch-Irish parentage. At the time, his father, a Cumberland Presbyterian clergyman, was pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Quitman. His education was that afforded by the common schools. When only eighteen, he struck out for himself. He chose to follow railroading. His railroad experience has been a broad one. For several years he was engaged on bridge work on the Baltimore and Ohio railway and on southern roads. In 1895 he went to Central America, to enter the employ of the Guatemala Northern railway, then under construction between Porto Barros and Socapa. He much preferred his native land, for he was soon back, doing construction work on the Kansas City, Pittsburgh and Gulf line. In September of 1898, he came to Arizona, to enter the employment, at Globe, of the Old Dominion Copper Mining and Smelting Company, with which he has been connected ever since, held in esteem by his employers and his fellow workmen.



C. L. Houston *Globe Arizona*





ANDREW KIMBALL,

Member of the Assembly from Graham County.

AT HIS HOME in Thatcher, Andrew Kimball is best known as President of St. Joseph Stake of Zion of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints, a position in which he is the spiritual and temporal adviser of 3400 people. This colony, scattered along the upper Gila river and in Cochise County, is one of the most important of the subdivisions of the Mormon church. Mr. Kimball is President of the Latter-Day Saints Academy at Thatcher, the central church school of Arizona, with an attendance of 220 adult pupils. Besides this, Mr. Kimball is president of three canal companies, is one of the firm of Phillips & Kimball, doing the largest implement business in the valley, and takes a keen and active interest in all that will aid in the upbuilding of his people and community. Before being sent, three years ago, by his church to Arizona, he lived in Salt Lake, a member of the General Sunday School Union Board, of which Geo. Q. Cannon is president, and which has 112,000 members under its direction. For twelve and a half years he was a missionary, and President of the Indian Territory and Southwestern States Mission, at his own expense. He was member of the Utah Constitutional Convention in 1895, was an Alderman in Brigham City, and has held several minor offices in Salt Lake. He was born in Salt Lake City, September 6, 1858. His father, Heber C. Kimball, a Vermonter, was First Counsellor to President Brigham Young, and was one of the pioneers of the west in the journeyings of the Mormon people from Kirtland, Ohio, through Missouri and Nauvoo to the promised Land of Deseret. Orphaned while yet a lad, the son had to make his own way by hard knocks. For several years he served on the Union Pacific railway and other roads as machinist and as locomotive engineer. He has also served as farmer, rancher and merchant. He was married in 1882 to Olive, daughter of Edw. D. Wooley, and has seven living children, the eldest, Miss Clare, a journal clerk in the present Assembly.

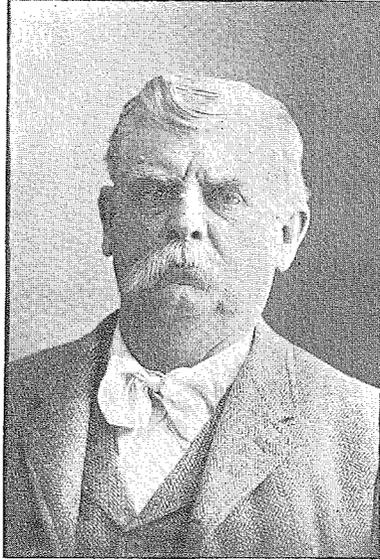


Andrew Kimball

EDWARD TALMADGE IJAMS,

Member of the Assembly from Graham County.

IN MR. IJAMS, Graham County has sent to the Legislature one of the foremost representatives of her business interests. He is a native of Ohio, born in Fairfield County in 1849. His father was a farmer and his rearing was largely upon a farm. After passing the common schools, he went to college at Athens, graduating in 1864, having paid especial attention to mathematical subjects. In 1866 he graduated from the noted business college at Poughkeepsie, New York, thus finishing the foundation for the practical education that has proved so advantageous to him in later years. In 1868 he left Ohio for Iowa, where he taught school, also teaching in Missouri and in California. It was as a teacher that he came to Arizona, to teach a term at Safford in 1881. But he soon took up his natural business bent. He started the first dry goods store in Safford, the first drug store and was the town's first postmaster, serving for six years. Later, he was the pioneer in the line of plumbing and hardware, till he has come to maintain an establishment that will compare without discredit to the great department stores of the cities. Latterly, he has become interested in the Gila Valley Telephone Company, of which he owns a third and is the general manager. The corporation, though equipped solely by local capital, has a magnificent 70-mile line, extending from Clifton on the east to Fort Thomas on the west, and embracing all important settlements of the county. The company has fixed rates and given service that take the telephone in the Gila Valley from the list of luxuries.

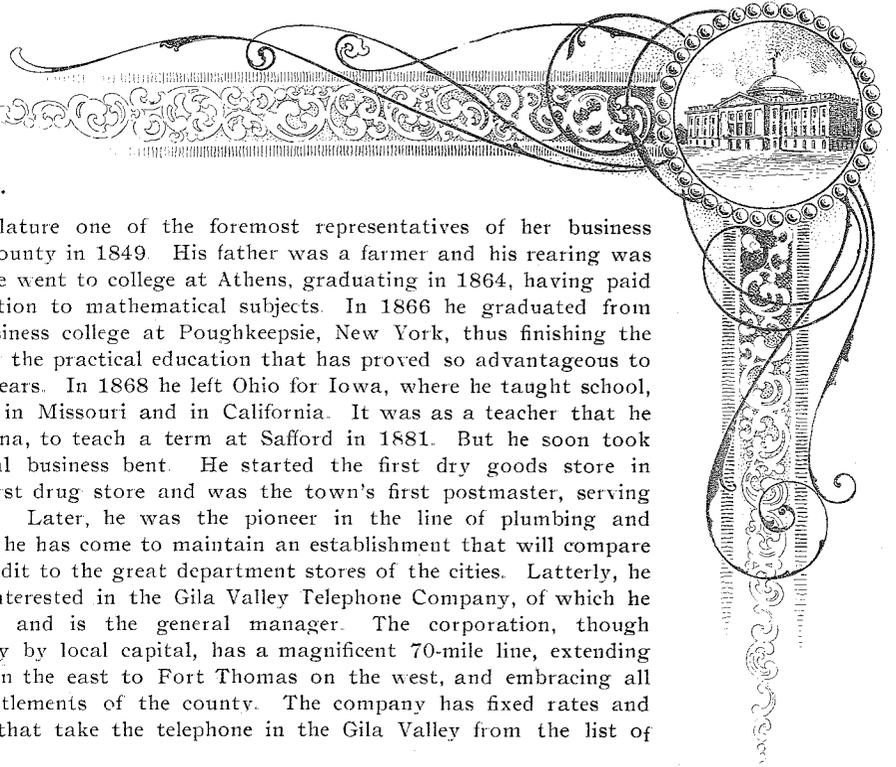


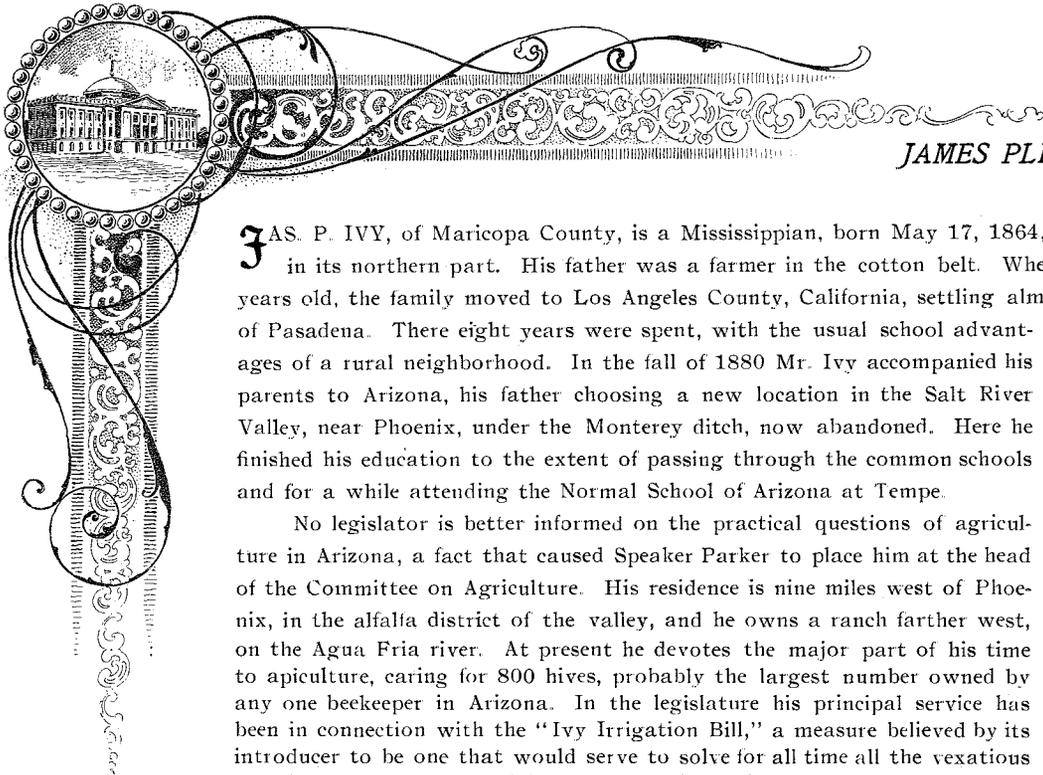
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Mr. Ijams was married in San Diego, Cal., in 1878, to Miss Eliza Gallaspy of Lampasas, Texas. From the union have sprung two boys, one of whom is in the University of Arizona, studying electrical engineering.

*The north has sent Miss H. J. C. E. T. Ijams.
To represent old Yavapai.
It's Oh my Pat. and Oh my Joe.
Will you pass such a treasure by?*

*Safford
Ariz.*





JAMES PLEASANT IVY,

Member of the Assembly from Maricopa County.

JAS. P. IVY, of Maricopa County, is a Mississippian, born May 17, 1864, in Oxford, the university town of the State, in its northern part. His father was a farmer in the cotton belt. When the subject of this sketch was only eight years old, the family moved to Los Angeles County, California, settling almost on the site of the present beautiful city of Pasadena. There eight years were spent, with the usual school advantages of a rural neighborhood. In the fall of 1880 Mr. Ivy accompanied his parents to Arizona, his father choosing a new location in the Salt River Valley, near Phoenix, under the Monterey ditch, now abandoned. Here he finished his education to the extent of passing through the common schools and for a while attending the Normal School of Arizona at Tempe.

No legislator is better informed on the practical questions of agriculture in Arizona, a fact that caused Speaker Parker to place him at the head of the Committee on Agriculture. His residence is nine miles west of Phoenix, in the alfalfa district of the valley, and he owns a ranch farther west, on the Agua Fria river. At present he devotes the major part of his time to apiculture, caring for 800 hives, probably the largest number owned by any one beekeeper in Arizona. In the legislature his principal service has been in connection with the "Ivy Irrigation Bill," a measure believed by its introducer to be one that would serve to solve for all time all the vexatious questions that now are daily encountered by the farmers of the Arizona valleys. He has also ably championed a number of educational bills.

Mr. Ivy was married in 1897 to Miss Vernetta O. Green of Phoenix. He has never before held any public office, though known since his maturity as a democrat of steadfastness in the faith and of untiring industry.

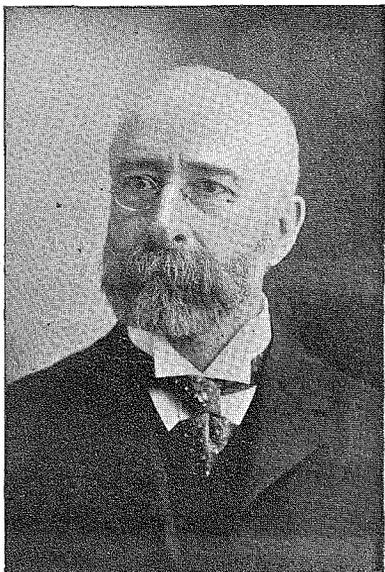


James P. Ivy

BENJAMIN AUSTIN FOWLER,

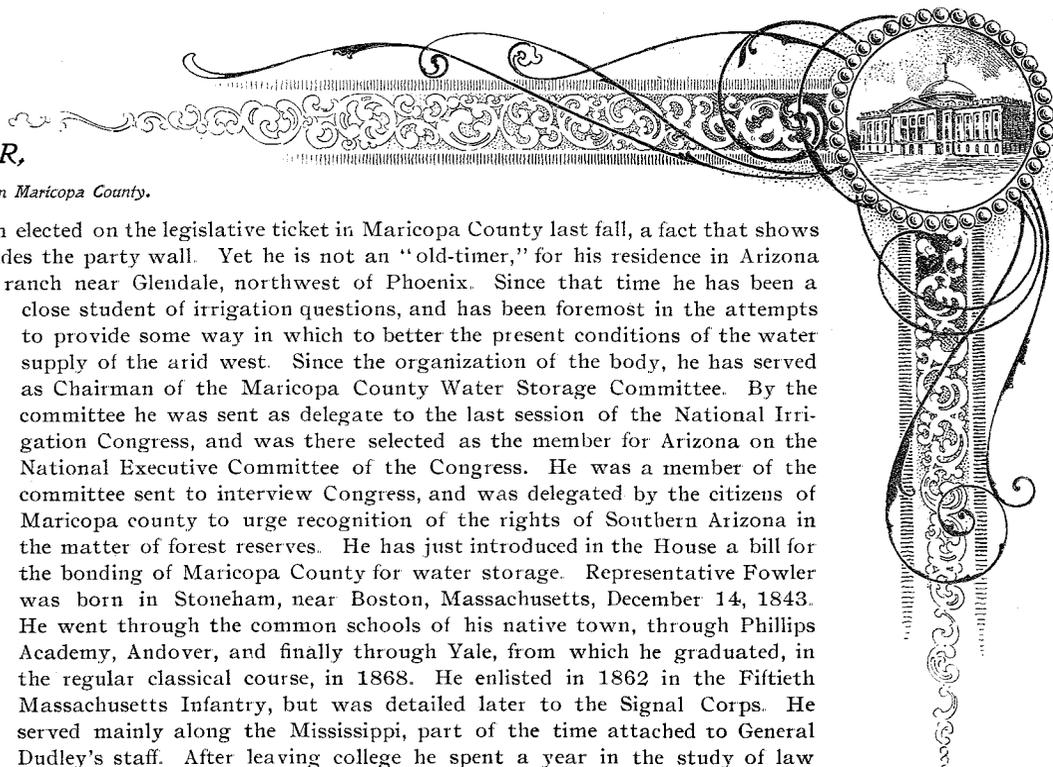
Member of the Assembly from Maricopa County.

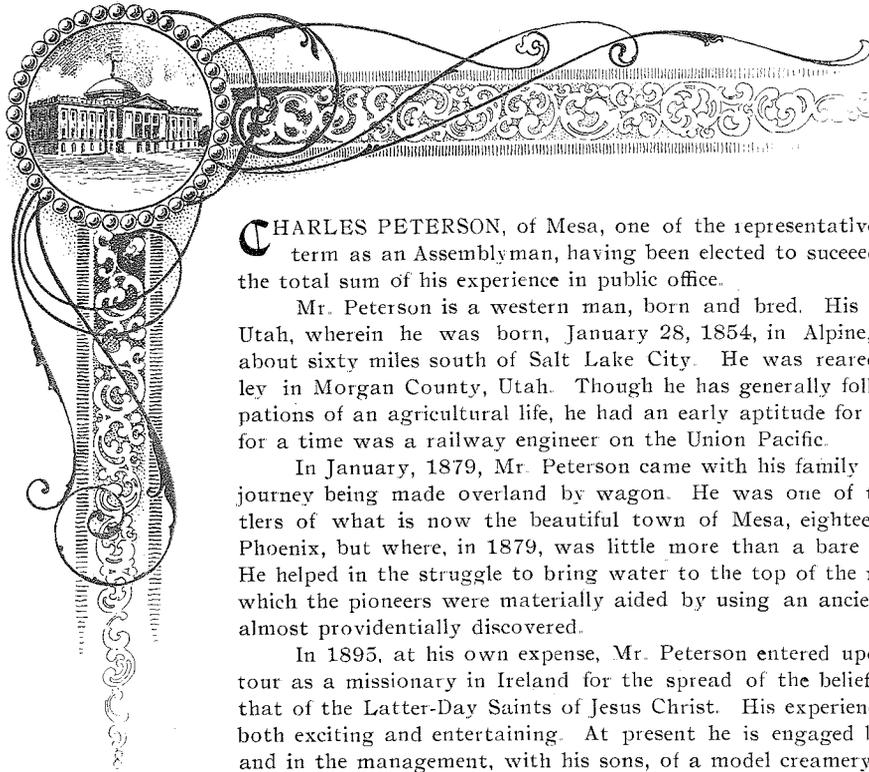
B. A. FOWLER was the only Republican elected on the legislative ticket in Maricopa County last fall, a fact that shows he must be well esteemed on both sides the party wall. Yet he is not an "old-timer," for his residence in Arizona is only since 1899, when he located on a ranch near Glendale, northwest of Phoenix. Since that time he has been a



B. A. Fowler

close student of irrigation questions, and has been foremost in the attempts to provide some way in which to better the present conditions of the water supply of the arid west. Since the organization of the body, he has served as Chairman of the Maricopa County Water Storage Committee. By the committee he was sent as delegate to the last session of the National Irrigation Congress, and was there selected as the member for Arizona on the National Executive Committee of the Congress. He was a member of the committee sent to interview Congress, and was delegated by the citizens of Maricopa county to urge recognition of the rights of Southern Arizona in the matter of forest reserves. He has just introduced in the House a bill for the bonding of Maricopa County for water storage. Representative Fowler was born in Stoneham, near Boston, Massachusetts, December 14, 1843. He went through the common schools of his native town, through Phillips Academy, Andover, and finally through Yale, from which he graduated, in the regular classical course, in 1868. He enlisted in 1862 in the Fiftieth Massachusetts Infantry, but was detailed later to the Signal Corps. He served mainly along the Mississippi, part of the time attached to General Dudley's staff. After leaving college he spent a year in the study of law and a couple of years in teaching. For twenty-five years he was in the subscription book business, nearly ten years with Dodd, Mead & Co. in New York. Later he was associated with Powers, Fowler & Lewis in Chicago. In 1888 Mr. Fowler was married, in Medford, Massachusetts, to Ella Francis Quinby.





CHARLES PETERSON,

Member of the Assembly from Maricopa County.

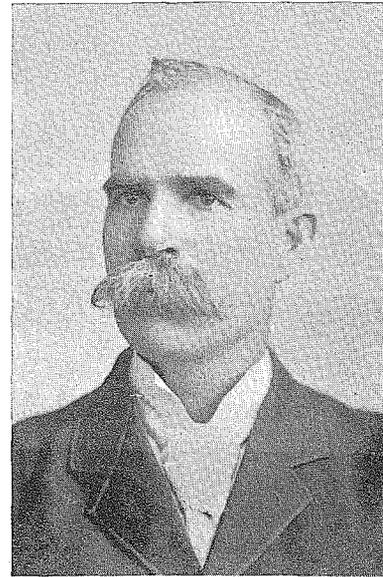
CHARLES PETERSON, of Mesa, one of the representatives of Arizona's most populous county, is serving his second term as an Assemblyman, having been elected to succeed himself in office. His two terms in the Legislature comprise the total sum of his experience in public office.

Mr. Peterson is a western man, born and bred. His native State is Utah, wherein he was born, January 28, 1854, in Alpine, Utah County, about sixty miles south of Salt Lake City. He was reared in Weber Valley in Morgan County, Utah. Though he has generally followed the occupations of an agricultural life, he had an early aptitude for machinery, and for a time was a railway engineer on the Union Pacific.

In January, 1879, Mr. Peterson came with his family to Arizona, the journey being made overland by wagon. He was one of the pioneer settlers of what is now the beautiful town of Mesa, eighteen miles east of Phoenix, but where, in 1879, was little more than a bare and arid plain. He helped in the struggle to bring water to the top of the mesa, a work in which the pioneers were materially aided by using an ancient Toltec ditch, almost providentially discovered.

In 1895, at his own expense, Mr. Peterson entered upon a two years' tour as a missionary in Ireland for the spread of the beliefs of his church, that of the Latter-Day Saints of Jesus Christ. His experiences abroad were both exciting and entertaining. At present he is engaged both in farming and in the management, with his sons, of a model creamery.

When twenty years of age, Mr. Peterson married, at Coalville, Utah, Miss Clara Jane Lewis, daughter of one of the best-known old residents of Mesa City. In the Legislature Mr. Peterson is Chairman of the Committee on Education, and has made a record in favor of the strictest economy in the administration of the public service.



Chas Peterson

KEAN ST. CHARLES,

Member of the Assembly from Mohave County.

IN THE HOUSE the tight little mining county of Mohave is represented by an editor, Kean St. Charles, a man who has definite opinions on everything and never halts at expressing himself. It is probable the members of the House would all agree that St. Charles is the most active member of the body. He has shown intense interest in all measures

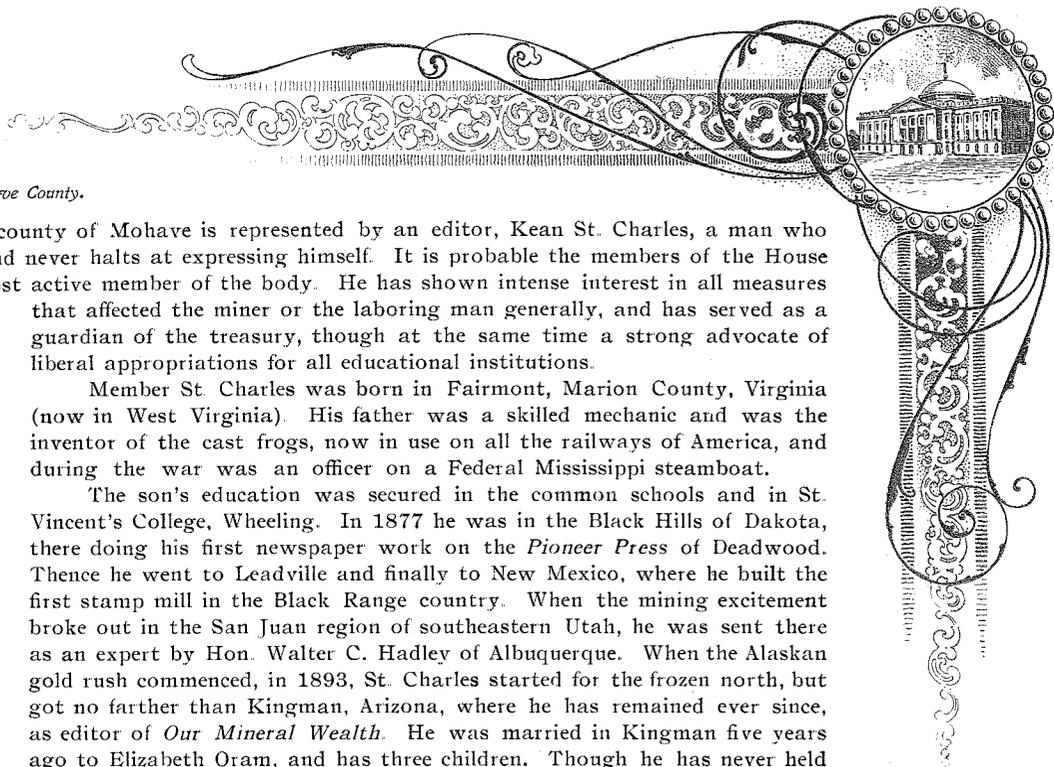
that affected the miner or the laboring man generally, and has served as a guardian of the treasury, though at the same time a strong advocate of liberal appropriations for all educational institutions.

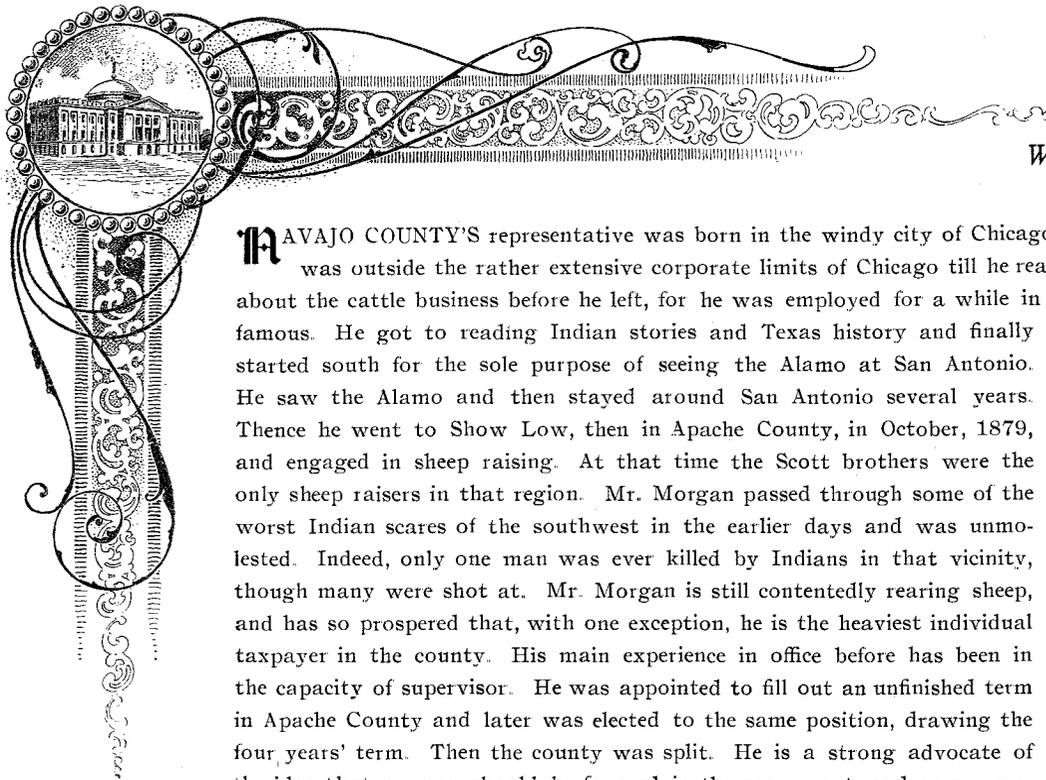
Member St. Charles was born in Fairmont, Marion County, Virginia (now in West Virginia). His father was a skilled mechanic and was the inventor of the cast frogs, now in use on all the railways of America, and during the war was an officer on a Federal Mississippi steamboat.

The son's education was secured in the common schools and in St. Vincent's College, Wheeling. In 1877 he was in the Black Hills of Dakota, there doing his first newspaper work on the *Pioneer Press* of Deadwood. Thence he went to Leadville and finally to New Mexico, where he built the first stamp mill in the Black Range country. When the mining excitement broke out in the San Juan region of southeastern Utah, he was sent there as an expert by Hon. Walter C. Hadley of Albuquerque. When the Alaskan gold rush commenced, in 1893, St. Charles started for the frozen north, but got no farther than Kingman, Arizona, where he has remained ever since, as editor of *Our Mineral Wealth*. He was married in Kingman five years ago to Elizabeth Oram, and has three children. Though he has never held office before, St. Charles is a red-hot partisan. He calls himself a Bryan democrat, with free coinage and equal rights as his gospel. Originally a republican, he switched to the populist party and was a delegate to the Populist National Convention at St. Louis, where he cast his vote for Bryan.



Kean St Charles,

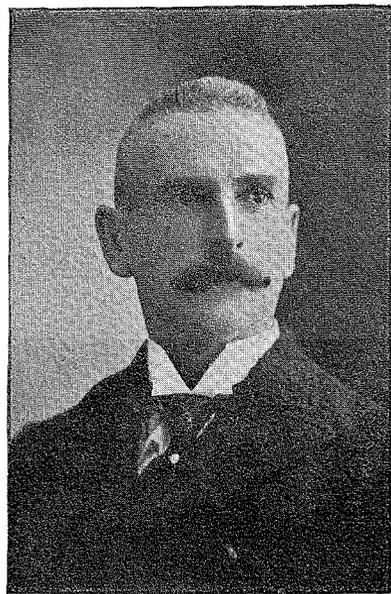




WILLIAM MORGAN,

Member of the Assembly from Navajo County.

NAVAJO COUNTY'S representative was born in the windy city of Chicago, August 11, 1857, of Irish stock. He never was outside the rather extensive corporate limits of Chicago till he reached the age of eighteen. But he knew a bit about the cattle business before he left, for he was employed for a while in the stock yards that make the Lake City famous. He got to reading Indian stories and Texas history and finally started south for the sole purpose of seeing the Alamo at San Antonio. He saw the Alamo and then stayed around San Antonio several years. Thence he went to Show Low, then in Apache County, in October, 1879, and engaged in sheep raising. At that time the Scott brothers were the only sheep raisers in that region. Mr. Morgan passed through some of the worst Indian scares of the southwest in the earlier days and was unmo-
lested. Indeed, only one man was ever killed by Indians in that vicinity, though many were shot at. Mr. Morgan is still contentedly rearing sheep, and has so prospered that, with one exception, he is the heaviest individual taxpayer in the county. His main experience in office before has been in the capacity of supervisor. He was appointed to fill out an unfinished term in Apache County and later was elected to the same position, drawing the four years' term. Then the county was split. He is a strong advocate of the idea that no man should be favored in the assessment, and as a supervisor and legislator has taken the stand that the Territory must have full and equitable assessments. Mr. Morgan is a widower. He was married in Show Low in 1892 to Miss Ortega, who died, leaving him two children.



William Morgan
Show Low
Navajo Co. Ariz.

ALLAN C. BERNARD,

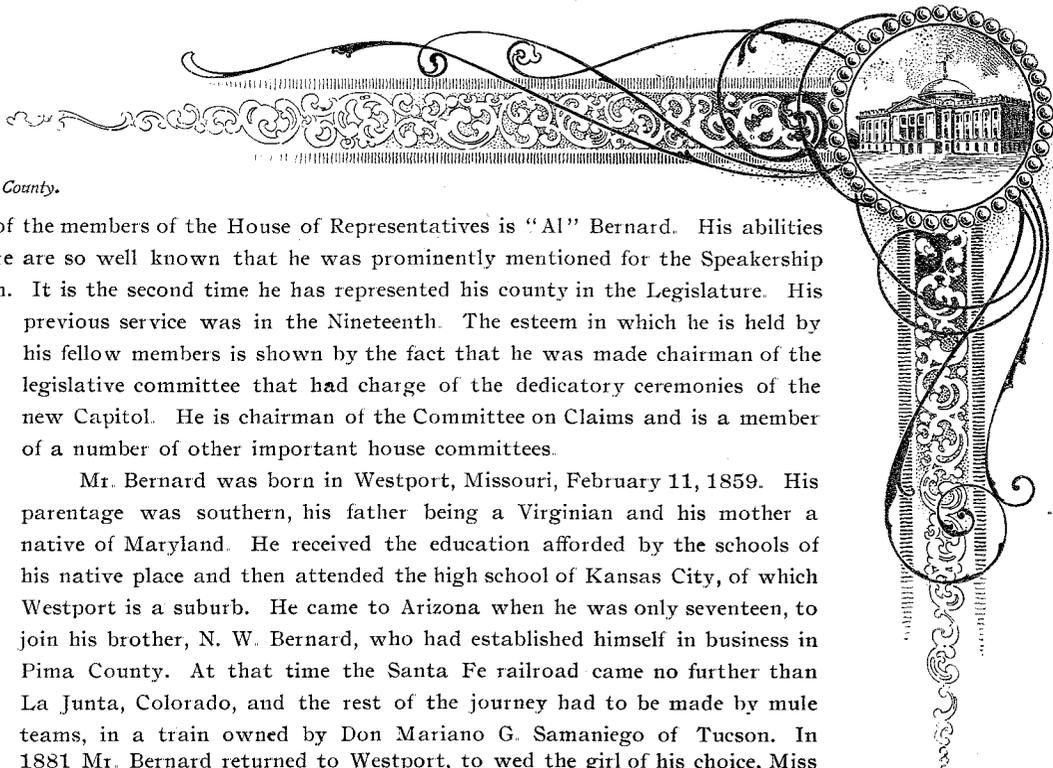
Member of the Assembly from Pinal County.

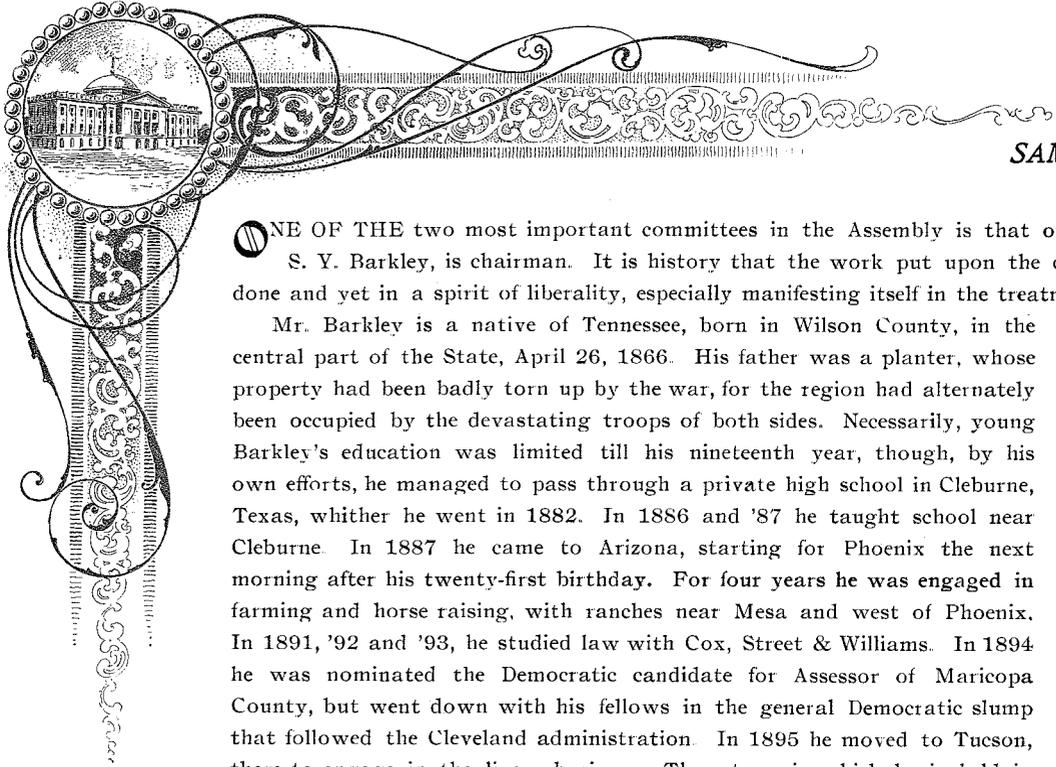
ONE OF THE readiest and most active of the members of the House of Representatives is "Al" Bernard. His abilities in the way of parliamentary procedure are so well known that he was prominently mentioned for the Speakership before the beginning of the legislative session. It is the second time he has represented his county in the Legislature. His previous service was in the Nineteenth. The esteem in which he is held by his fellow members is shown by the fact that he was made chairman of the legislative committee that had charge of the dedicatory ceremonies of the new Capitol. He is chairman of the Committee on Claims and is a member of a number of other important house committees.



Mr. Bernard was born in Westport, Missouri, February 11, 1859. His parentage was southern, his father being a Virginian and his mother a native of Maryland. He received the education afforded by the schools of his native place and then attended the high school of Kansas City, of which Westport is a suburb. He came to Arizona when he was only seventeen, to join his brother, N. W. Bernard, who had established himself in business in Pima County. At that time the Santa Fe railroad came no further than La Junta, Colorado, and the rest of the journey had to be made by mule teams, in a train owned by Don Mariano G. Samaniego of Tucson. In 1881 Mr. Bernard returned to Westport, to wed the girl of his choice, Miss Minnie Chouteau, granddaughter of Pierre Chouteau, the original fur trader of St. Louis. They are the parents of two children, both boys. At the present time Mr. Bernard is the manager and part owner of Tucson's ice and cold storage plant.

Allan C. Bernard,
Tucson



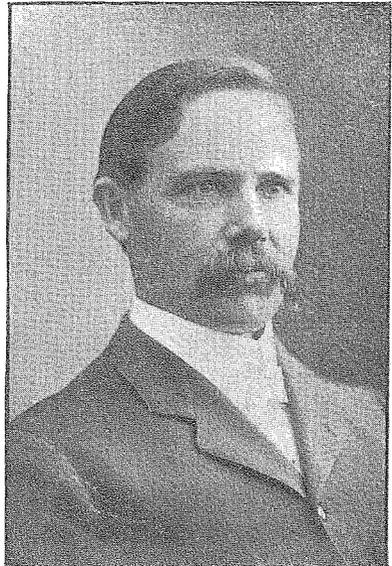


SAMUEL Y. BARKLEY,

Member of the Assembly from Pima County.

ONE OF THE two most important committees in the Assembly is that on Appropriations. Of this a Tucson man, S. Y. Barkley, is chairman. It is history that the work put upon the committee has been carefully and honestly done and yet in a spirit of liberality, especially manifesting itself in the treatment given the schools of the Territory.

Mr. Barkley is a native of Tennessee, born in Wilson County, in the central part of the State, April 26, 1866. His father was a planter, whose property had been badly torn up by the war, for the region had alternately been occupied by the devastating troops of both sides. Necessarily, young Barkley's education was limited till his nineteenth year, though, by his own efforts, he managed to pass through a private high school in Cleburne, Texas, whither he went in 1882. In 1886 and '87 he taught school near Cleburne. In 1887 he came to Arizona, starting for Phoenix the next morning after his twenty-first birthday. For four years he was engaged in farming and horse raising, with ranches near Mesa and west of Phoenix. In 1891, '92 and '93, he studied law with Cox, Street & Williams. In 1894 he was nominated the Democratic candidate for Assessor of Maricopa County, but went down with his fellows in the general Democratic slump that followed the Cleveland administration. In 1895 he moved to Tucson, there to engage in the livery business. The esteem in which he is held in the county is best shown by the fact that his vote was the largest received by any candidate on either of the legislative tickets. He was married in October, 1892, to Nannie Howard, of Tempe. From the union have come two children.



*Very Truly
Sam Y. Barkley
Tucson*

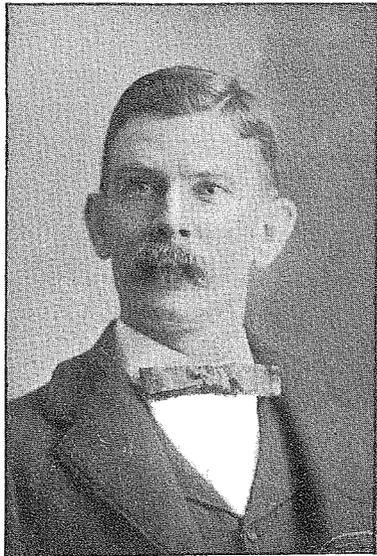
JOE BAYLEY CORBETT,

Member of the Assembly from Pima County.

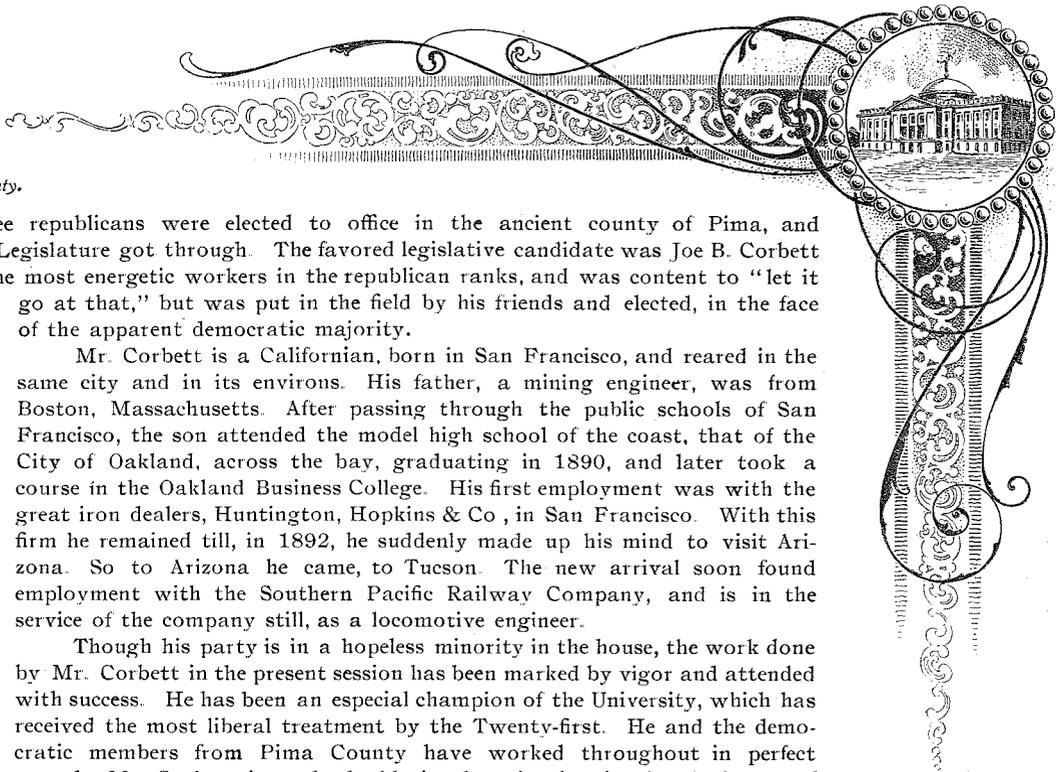
IN THE last general election, only three republicans were elected to office in the ancient county of Pima, and only one republican candidate for the Legislature got through. The favored legislative candidate was Joe B. Corbett of Tucson. He has for years been one of the most energetic workers in the republican ranks, and was content to "let it go at that," but was put in the field by his friends and elected, in the face of the apparent democratic majority.

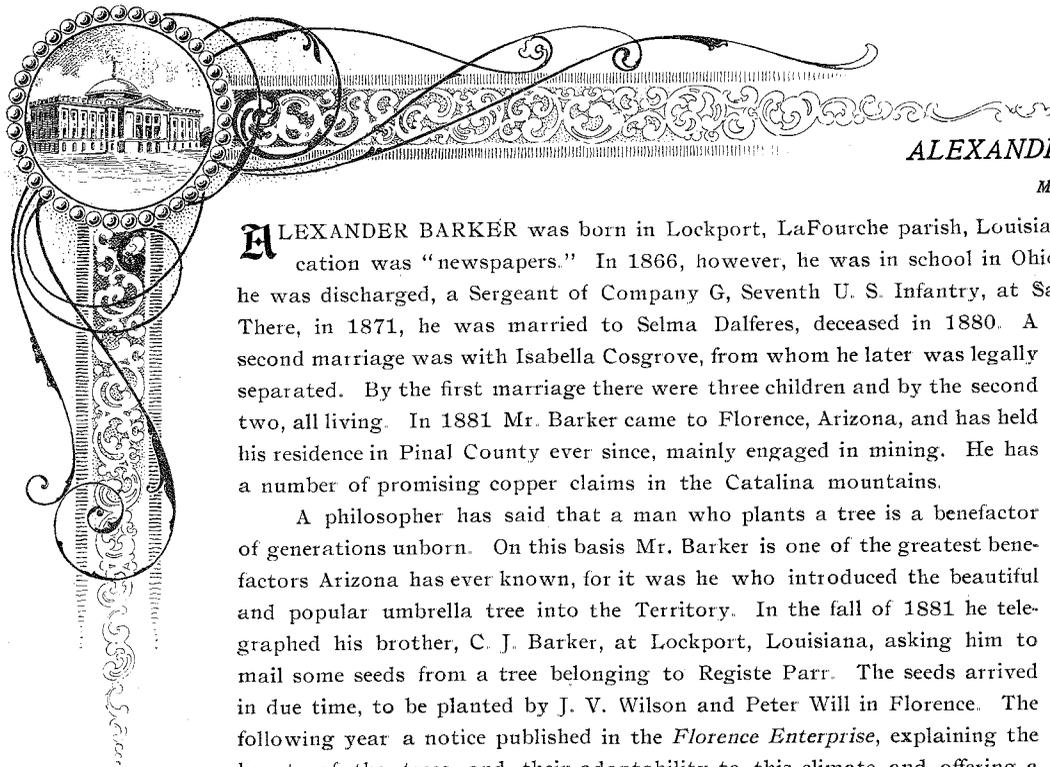
Mr. Corbett is a Californian, born in San Francisco, and reared in the same city and in its environs. His father, a mining engineer, was from Boston, Massachusetts. After passing through the public schools of San Francisco, the son attended the model high school of the coast, that of the City of Oakland, across the bay, graduating in 1890, and later took a course in the Oakland Business College. His first employment was with the great iron dealers, Huntington, Hopkins & Co., in San Francisco. With this firm he remained till, in 1892, he suddenly made up his mind to visit Arizona. So to Arizona he came, to Tucson. The new arrival soon found employment with the Southern Pacific Railway Company, and is in the service of the company still, as a locomotive engineer.

Though his party is in a hopeless minority in the house, the work done by Mr. Corbett in the present session has been marked by vigor and attended with success. He has been an especial champion of the University, which has received the most liberal treatment by the Twenty-first. He and the democratic members from Pima County have worked throughout in perfect accord. Mr. Corbett is made doubly in the minority, in that he is one of the four members who manage to exist without a helpmeet.



*See memory of the Twenty-first
Keep sake of your state
Joe B. Corbett
Tucson*





ALEXANDER BARKER,

Member of the Assembly from Pinal County.

ALEXANDER BARKER was born in Lockport, LaFourche parish, Louisiana, in 1849, and was raised there. His education was "newspapers." In 1866, however, he was in school in Ohio, running away to join the army. In 1869 he was discharged, a Sergeant of Company G, Seventh U. S. Infantry, at Salt Lake, Utah. Then he went back home. There, in 1871, he was married to Selma Dalferes, deceased in 1880. A second marriage was with Isabella Cosgrove, from whom he later was legally separated. By the first marriage there were three children and by the second two, all living. In 1881 Mr. Barker came to Florence, Arizona, and has held his residence in Pinal County ever since, mainly engaged in mining. He has a number of promising copper claims in the Catalina mountains.

A philosopher has said that a man who plants a tree is a benefactor of generations unborn. On this basis Mr. Barker is one of the greatest benefactors Arizona has ever known, for it was he who introduced the beautiful and popular umbrella tree into the Territory. In the fall of 1881 he telegraphed his brother, C. J. Barker, at Lockport, Louisiana, asking him to mail some seeds from a tree belonging to Registe Parr. The seeds arrived in due time, to be planted by J. V. Wilson and Peter Will in Florence. The following year a notice published in the *Florence Enterprise*, explaining the beauty of the trees and their adaptability to this climate and offering a few for sale, created considerable interest. The trees are now to be found in every nook and corner of the Territory.

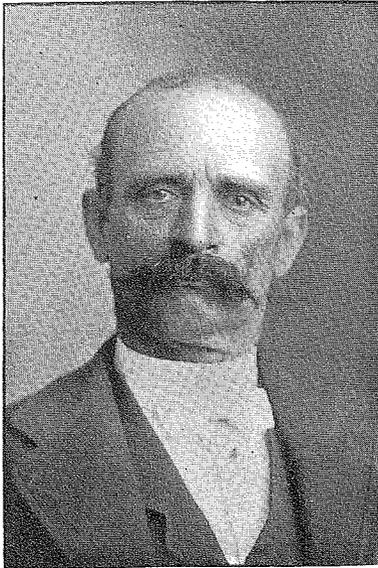


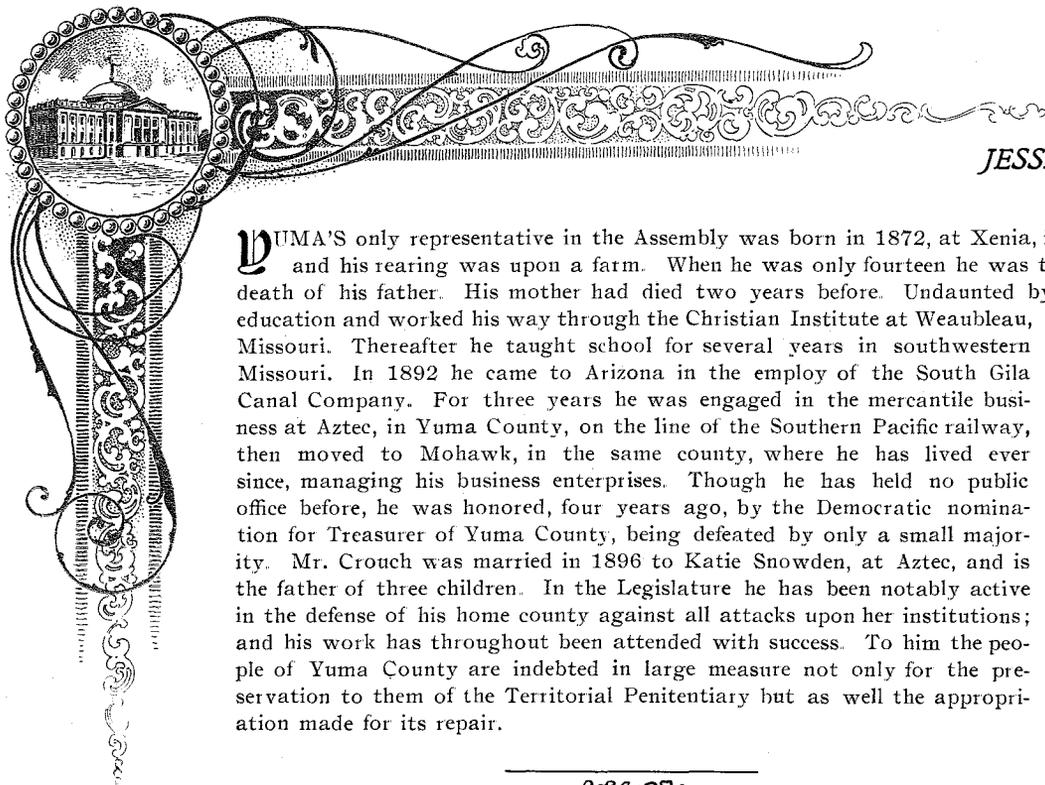
*Alexander Barker
Mammock*

WILLIAM HENRY BEARD,

Member of the Assembly from Pinal County.

ANYONE who knows the sturdy miner who serves as one of the representatives of Pinal county in the Legislature will be surprised to learn that he came to Arizona for his health. But that was back in 1876. He went to Globe, which was then in the heart of the Apache country, and prospected when danger might lurk behind every boulder on the way. He had the usual prospector's luck, among other properties locating the well-known Black Warrior claims, lately sold by him to a syndicate headed by James Fleming. He now lives in Florence. Through his mines he has been put into comfortable circumstances, but is still mining, and believes he has millions in sight. Representative Beard was born in Wayne County, Illinois—"down in Egypt"—in 1845. When he was still a child, his parents moved to Marion County, Illinois, and settled within eight miles of Salem, where Wm. J. Bryan was reared. The lad's schooling was limited, because of lack of even the usual country schoolhouses with puncheon seats. In 1862, though not seventeen years old, he joined the Union Army, in Company E of the Eleventh Illinois Infantry, Col. Jos. F. Martin commanding. In 1863 he was serving in the left wing of the Sixteenth Army Corps, the regiment afterward being transferred to the Fifteenth Corps, under Gen. John A. Logan. It was the color-bearer of Beard's regiment that planted the Stars and Stripes on the parapet of Fort McAllister at the conclusion of Sherman's march to the sea. Beard avers that his army life was one of fun, and that he never had a day in hospital during the war. He was in several hot engagements, notably at Decatur, Georgia, where he was one of eleven of his company left out of a former strength of fifty-nine men. He was captured in March, 1865, at Goldsboro, North Carolina, and had a tough time with the starving Confederates for forty days, when he was turned loose at Augusta, Georgia, to rejoin the army and to be discharged July 5th.





JESSE E. CROUCH,

Member of the Assembly from Yuma County.

YUMA'S only representative in the Assembly was born in 1872, at Xenia, in eastern Kansas. His father was a farmer and his rearing was upon a farm. When he was only fourteen he was thrown upon his own resources, through the death of his father. His mother had died two years before. Undaunted by adversity, he determined to secure a good education and worked his way through the Christian Institute at Weaubleau, Missouri. Thereafter he taught school for several years in southwestern Missouri. In 1892 he came to Arizona in the employ of the South Gila Canal Company. For three years he was engaged in the mercantile business at Aztec, in Yuma County, on the line of the Southern Pacific railway, then moved to Mohawk, in the same county, where he has lived ever since, managing his business enterprises. Though he has held no public office before, he was honored, four years ago, by the Democratic nomination for Treasurer of Yuma County, being defeated by only a small majority. Mr. Crouch was married in 1896 to Katie Snowden, at Aztec, and is the father of three children. In the Legislature he has been notably active in the defense of his home county against all attacks upon her institutions; and his work has throughout been attended with success. To him the people of Yuma County are indebted in large measure not only for the preservation to them of the Territorial Penitentiary but as well the appropriation made for its repair.

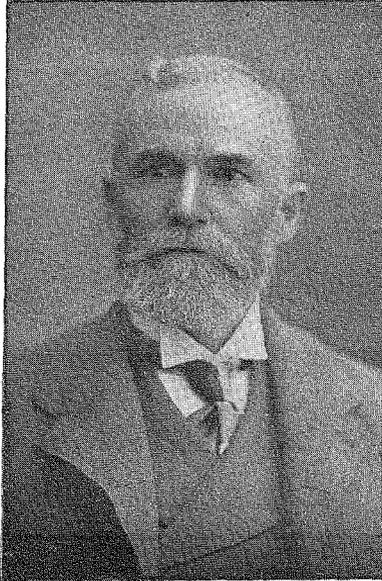


Yuma. Friend ⁴⁸ J. E. Crouch Yuma A.T.

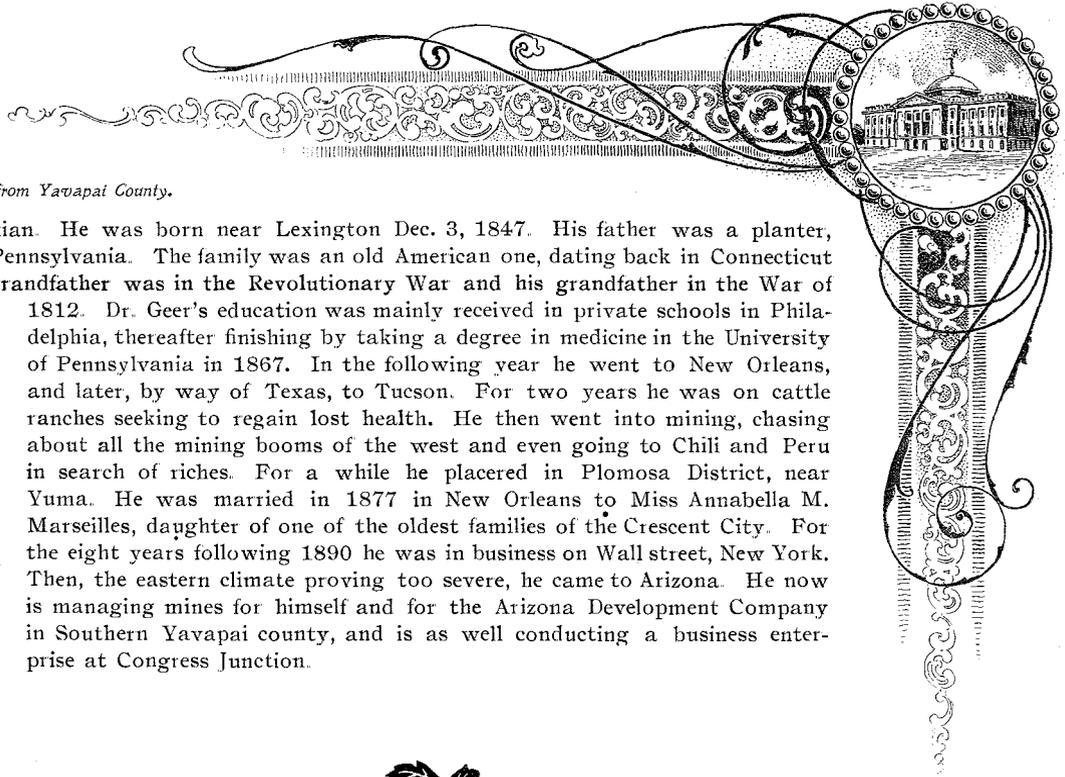
OLIVER LOUIS GEER,

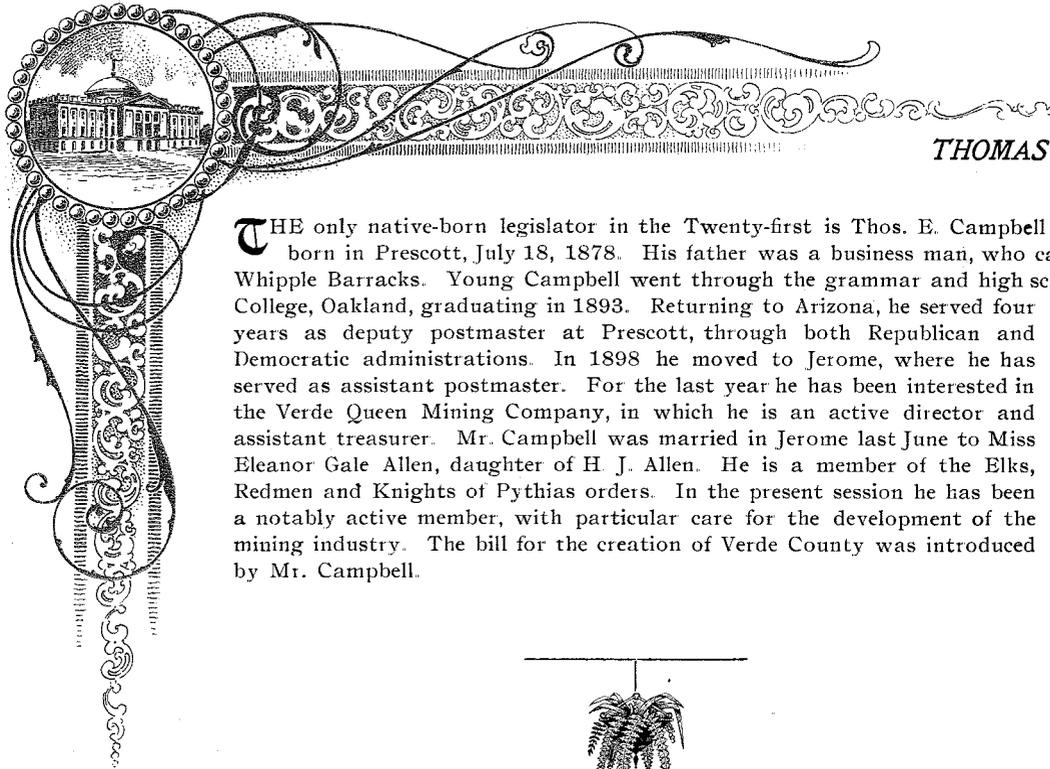
Member of the Assembly from Yavapai County.

DR. O. L. GEER by birth is a Kentuckian. He was born near Lexington Dec. 3, 1847. His father was a planter, with lumbering interests as well in Pennsylvania. The family was an old American one, dating back in Connecticut to 1635. The present legislator's great grandfather was in the Revolutionary War and his grandfather in the War of 1812. Dr. Geer's education was mainly received in private schools in Philadelphia, thereafter finishing by taking a degree in medicine in the University of Pennsylvania in 1867. In the following year he went to New Orleans, and later, by way of Texas, to Tucson. For two years he was on cattle ranches seeking to regain lost health. He then went into mining, chasing about all the mining booms of the west and even going to Chili and Peru in search of riches. For a while he placed in Plomosa District, near Yuma. He was married in 1877 in New Orleans to Miss Annabella M. Marseilles, daughter of one of the oldest families of the Crescent City. For the eight years following 1890 he was in business on Wall street, New York. Then, the eastern climate proving too severe, he came to Arizona. He now is managing mines for himself and for the Arizona Development Company in Southern Yavapai county, and is as well conducting a business enterprise at Congress Junction.



Oliver Louis Geer





THOMAS EDWARD CAMPBELL,

Member of the Assembly from Yavapai County.

THE only native-born legislator in the Twenty-first is Thos. E. Campbell of Jerome, the youngest member. He was born in Prescott, July 18, 1878. His father was a business man, who came to Arizona as a general service clerk at Whipple Barracks. Young Campbell went through the grammar and high schools of Prescott, thence going to St. Mary's College, Oakland, graduating in 1893. Returning to Arizona, he served four years as deputy postmaster at Prescott, through both Republican and Democratic administrations. In 1898 he moved to Jerome, where he has served as assistant postmaster. For the last year he has been interested in the Verde Queen Mining Company, in which he is an active director and assistant treasurer. Mr. Campbell was married in Jerome last June to Miss Eleanor Gale Allen, daughter of H. J. Allen. He is a member of the Elks, Redmen and Knights of Pythias orders. In the present session he has been a notably active member, with particular care for the development of the mining industry. The bill for the creation of Verde County was introduced by Mr. Campbell.

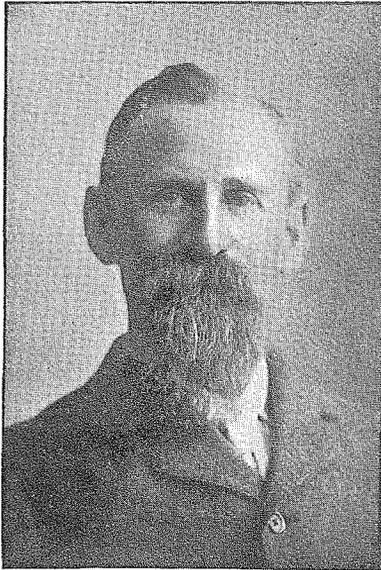


Thos. E. Campbell

FRANKLIN PIERCE WARD,

Member of the Assembly from Yavapai County.

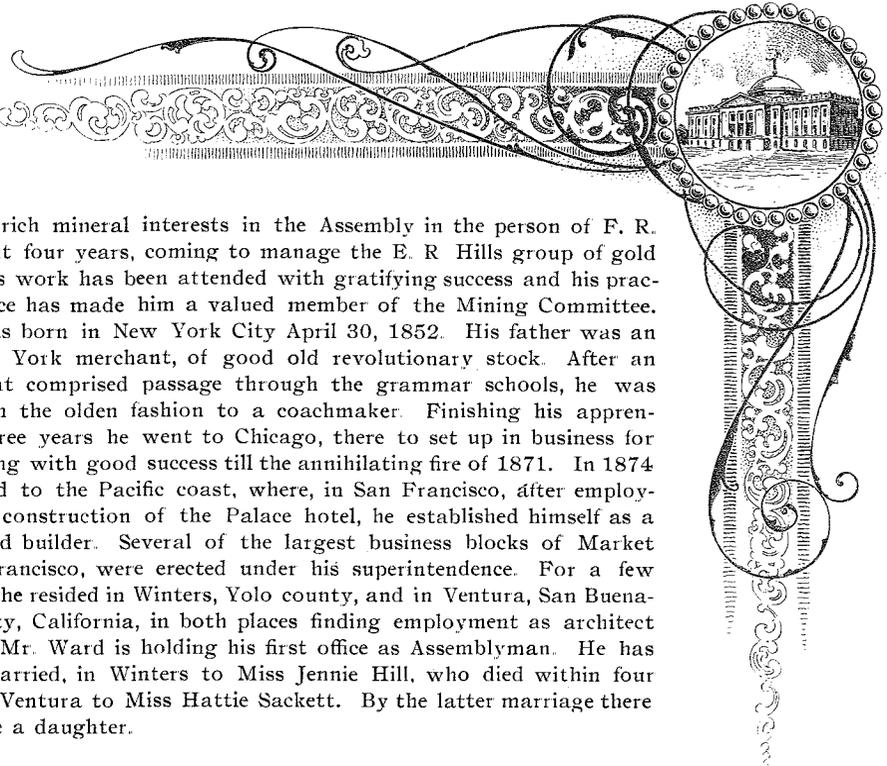
YAVAPAI COUNTY has a second representative of her rich mineral interests in the Assembly in the person of F. R. Ward. He has been a resident of Arizona only about four years, coming to manage the E. R. Hills group of gold mines near Crown King, in the Bradshaw mountains. His work has been attended with gratifying success and his practical

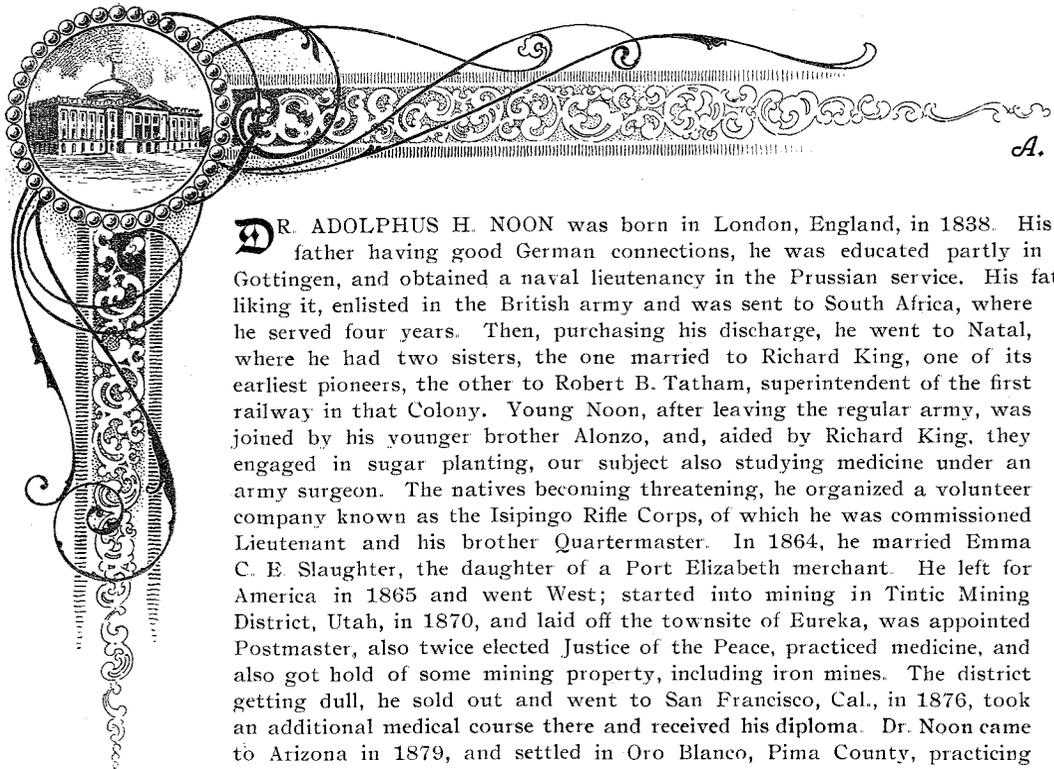


experience has made him a valued member of the Mining Committee. Mr. Ward was born in New York City April 30, 1852. His father was an old-time New York merchant, of good old revolutionary stock. After an education that comprised passage through the grammar schools, he was apprenticed in the olden fashion to a coachmaker. Finishing his apprenticeship of three years he went to Chicago, there to set up in business for himself, meeting with good success till the annihilating fire of 1871. In 1874 he had drifted to the Pacific coast, where, in San Francisco, after employment on the construction of the Palace hotel, he established himself as a contractor and builder. Several of the largest business blocks of Market street, San Francisco, were erected under his superintendence. For a few years in each he resided in Winters, Yolo county, and in Ventura, San Buenaventura county, California, in both places finding employment as architect and builder. Mr. Ward is holding his first office as Assemblyman. He has been twice married, in Winters to Miss Jennie Hill, who died within four years, and in Ventura to Miss Hattie Sackett. By the latter marriage there has been issue a daughter.



*F. P. Ward
Crown King*

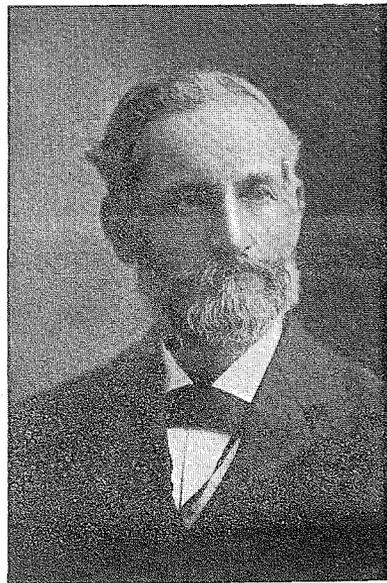




A. H. NOON,

Member of the Assembly from Santa Cruz County.

DR. ADOLPHUS H. NOON was born in London, England, in 1838. His mother died whilst he was an infant. His father having good German connections, he was educated partly in England and partly at the University of Gottingen, and obtained a naval lieutenancy in the Prussian service. His father marrying again, young Adolphus, not liking it, enlisted in the British army and was sent to South Africa, where he served four years. Then, purchasing his discharge, he went to Natal, where he had two sisters, the one married to Richard King, one of its earliest pioneers, the other to Robert B. Tatham, superintendent of the first railway in that Colony. Young Noon, after leaving the regular army, was joined by his younger brother Alonzo, and, aided by Richard King, they engaged in sugar planting, our subject also studying medicine under an army surgeon. The natives becoming threatening, he organized a volunteer company known as the Isipingo Rifle Corps, of which he was commissioned Lieutenant and his brother Quartermaster. In 1864, he married Emma C. E. Slaughter, the daughter of a Port Elizabeth merchant. He left for America in 1865 and went West; started into mining in Tintic Mining District, Utah, in 1870, and laid off the townsite of Eureka, was appointed Postmaster, also twice elected Justice of the Peace, practiced medicine, and also got hold of some mining property, including iron mines. The district getting dull, he sold out and went to San Francisco, Cal., in 1876, took an additional medical course there and received his diploma. Dr. Noon came to Arizona in 1879, and settled in Oro Blanco, Pima County, practicing medicine, also engaging in mining and stock raising. He was elected District Recorder and school trustee successive terms. He moved to Nogales in 1898, was appointed one of the Supervisors of the new County of Santa Cruz in 1899, served the full term, and was then elected on the Democratic ticket its first Representative to the Legislative Assembly.

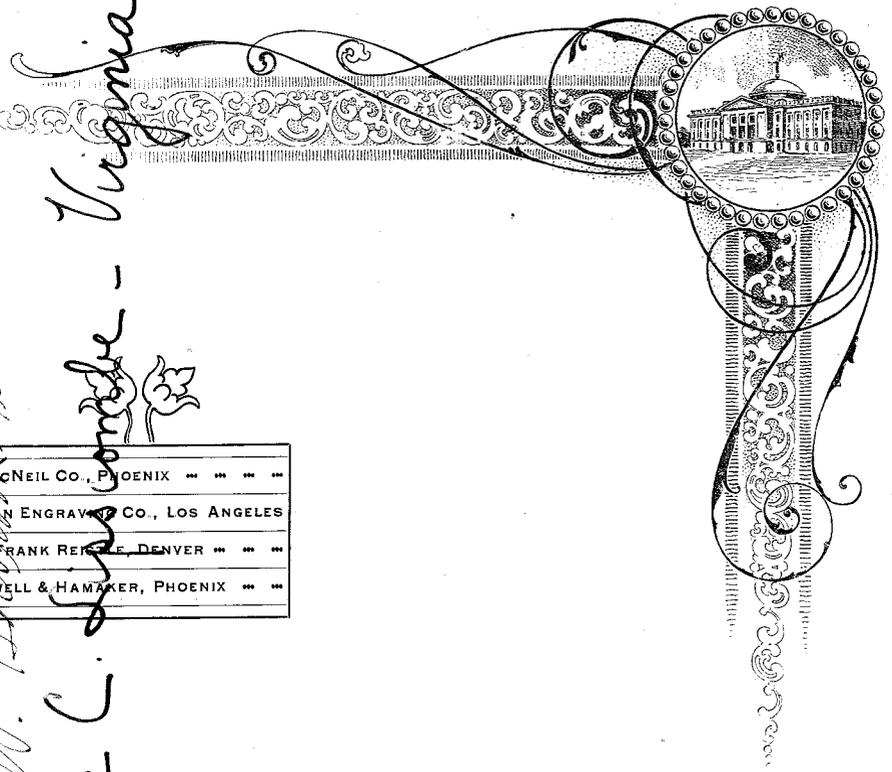


A. H. Noon

Belle Moore
Phoenix, Ariz. Tex.
Therese A. Lake, ~~Phoenix, Ariz.~~
Walter Porter Phoenix A.T.
Emma S. Parker Prescott Ariz.
J. P. ...

John ...
Mattie ...
"Daisy" W. ...
Empire C. ...

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Mr Spear

The Arizona Republican

111 Woodford

Flagstaff, Sentinel
Enterprise

J O Dumbor

Geo Hochderffer

Sergeant at Arms
of the Assembly.

Per. J. Rehberg

Winslow, A. T.

May your days be always
happy, the wish of your
friend,

J. Fullmann

Nogales

Sta Cruz Co.,
Ariz.

J. Ullmann
Nogales, Ariz.

Clare Kimball,
Thatcher, Graham Co.
Arizona.

Bessie Marshall Pantault
Pinal Co., Arizona.

Maurie C. Meagher 1st Term as Clerk
Phoenix Ariz. Will retire on pension
after March 21st, 1901

Always Yours very truly
Jno Mc Cormick
Young. a. v.

Harold Bailey
1st Term. Clerk.

Q. A. Repton
Judiciary Clerk

= July me =
D. M. D.

7th E & E Clerk of the
21st Legislature

to James Harmon

Yours with love,

Lula M. Dairy

Carthage,
Ill.

J. B. Dushman,

Clarence Dunbar,

Kingman,
Ariz.