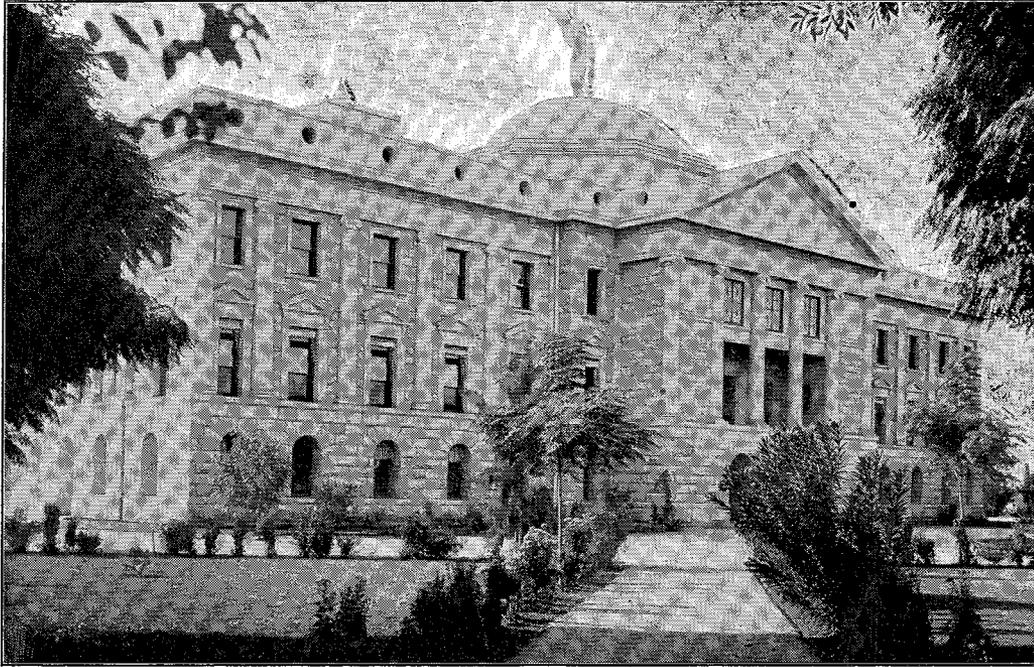


JAS. H. McLELLAN

TWENTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE OF ARIZONA

1905





TERRITORIAL CAPITOL

ARIZONA'S
TWENTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE
PHOENIX, ARIZONA
1905

PUBLISHED BY
C. M. PADDOCK and CHAS. A. STAUFFER
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Alexander O. Brodie

GOVERNOR
OF THE
TERRITORY
OF ARIZONA

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ALEXANDER O. BRODIE, Governor of the Territory of Arizona from July 1, 1902, to February 15, 1905

ON February 15th, Alexander O. Brodie resigned as Governor of Arizona in order that he might proceed to Washington to take up his new duties there as Assistant Chief of the Records and Pension Bureau, with the rank of Major in the regular army, to which office he had been appointed a few days before by President Roosevelt. In the going of Governor Brodie, the people of Arizona lost a most beloved Governor. He had come to this Territory in 1870, when but twenty-one years of age, as a lieutenant of cavalry, having graduated from West Point that year. From the first he has been Arizona's staunch friend, and her supporter, becoming one of her most distinguished citizens. A broad, fair-minded man, a scholar and a gentleman; a man who has known and seen every side of life, he became at once the ideal Governor and a friend who was always ready to listen to the low as well as to the high. Alexander O. Brodie was born at Edwards, New York, in 1849, his parents being of Scottish descent. From St. Lawrence University, New York, he was appointed a cadet at West Point. After his graduation he was immediately sent to Arizona, where for four years he took part in numerous Indian fights. In 1875, he was promoted for bravery, and removed from Arizona to Washington Territory where he served until 1877, when he resigned from the army on account of his mother's ill health. After her death, the next year, he went to Kansas and there engaged in cattle raising for four years at the end of which time he sold out and came to Arizona as a civil engineer. He soon after became the superintendent and manager of the Walnut Grove Storage Reservoir Company, which company also owned the Crown Point mine, which is a good gold producer. Upon receipt of the news of the blowing up of the Maine, and after the declaration of war was declared, Governor Brodie's martial spirit returned. He at once went to Prescott and began raising a cavalry regiment to be composed of Arizona cowboys and rangers. This, however, was not to be, for the war department ordered that only 200 men should be taken from Arizona. These were the first to be enlisted that became a part of Colonel Roosevelt's famous Rough Rider regiment, Governor Brodie being appointed Major, and later, by the promotion of Colonel Roosevelt, was raised to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, serving with distinction through the war, being wounded once at the important battle of Las Guasimas. After the war Governor Brodie run for delegate to Congress on the Republican ticket, but, like so many other good Arizona Republicans, was defeated. He resumed, for some time after this, active charge of the mine at Crown Point. On July 1st, 1902, he was appointed Governor of Arizona by President Roosevelt, which office he has filled with such good judgment and rare ability that he has won the support of every Arizonian. Governor Brodie was united in marriage with Miss Mary Louise Hanlon of Brooklyn, New York, from which union has come one son, Alexander, or "Sandy," as he is better known. Mrs. Brodie, by her goodness and her grace of manners, has endeared herself to all who know her, and, as she goes with Governor Brodie to take up those other duties, she takes with her the love and respect of every true Arizona heart.





Joseph H. Kibbey

GOVERNOR
OF THE
TERRITORY
OF ARIZONA

JOSEPH H. KIBBEY, Governor of the Territory of Arizona



IF ALL the eminent men in Arizona who are well fitted to fill the office of Governor, it would seem that President Roosevelt could not at this time have chosen a man more fitting or more in popular favor than Judge Joseph H. Kibbey, the man he selected for that high office. Judge Kibbey has for many years been a part of the Territory, many of his decisions in the courts have had a national bearing; it was he who drafted the articles of incorporation of the Salt River Water Users' Association, and for the past year he has been at the head of the Republican Central Committee. Finely educated, having a well-developed brain, the power of deep concentration and the will to do, he has come to have an immense law practice and a name and reputation that reach far out beyond the borders of the Territory. As Governor of Arizona he will be loved and honored as only a man with an unsullied reputation can be. Governor Kibbey was born in Richmond, Indiana, on March 4, 1853. His grandfather was a judge at that place for many years, where his father was also a judge for twenty-five years. He was educated at Earlham College, a Quaker institute of his home town, and after leaving that institution he studied law, was admitted to the bar, and practiced his profession in that state until he came to Arizona in 1888, to act as counsel for the Florence Canal Company, at Florence, Arizona. President Harrison, shortly after his inauguration in 1889, appointed him Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona, which office he creditably filled until 1893. While on the bench he handed down what has become known as the "Kibbey Decision," which refers to the use of water in ditches and laterals, and which is regarded as so final a decision that it is copied in all the standard law books bearing on this subject. It has been said that he had fewer reversals while on the bench than any other Arizona judge. In 1893 he moved to Phoenix, where he has since resided, and engaged in the practice of law, building up a large clientage. He was nominated on the Republican ticket in 1902, to the Council of the Twenty-second Legislature for Maricopa county; was elected by a good majority and served throughout the session with much distinction, for, though he was but the leader of the minority, he succeeded in shaping much of the legislation to the chagrin of his Democratic colleagues. As Chairman of the Territorial Republican Central Committee last fall he managed Delegate nominee Fowler's campaign, and came to be the logical head of the Republican party in Arizona. His labor in behalf of the people of the Salt River Valley in aiding to secure the Tonto reservoir and in drafting the Articles of Incorporation for the Salt River Valley Water Users' Association was so broad and comprehensive and brought such good results that it did more than all his other work to bring him to popular favor. Governor Kibbey was married January 10, 1877, to Miss Nora Burbank, and is the father of two children, a son, Walter Kibbey, who is Assistant Clerk of the District Court, and a married daughter, Mrs. Joseph Sherburne Jenckes. Mrs. Kibbey is known in social circles as a talented woman and a sweet and charming entertainer.



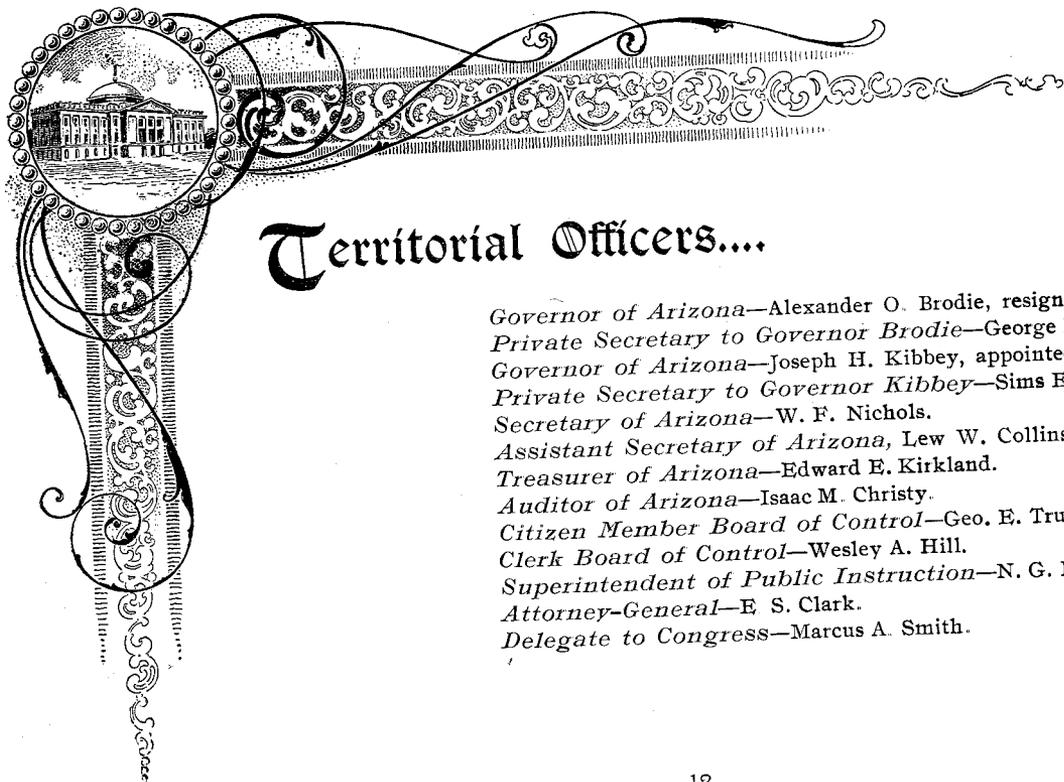
Judge W. F. Nichols

SECRETARY
OF THE
TERRITORY
OF ARIZONA

JUDGE W. F. NICHOLS,

Secretary of the Territory of Arizona

THE second office in point of importance in the Territory is that of the Secretary of Arizona. This office is ably filled by W. F. Nichols, who by his untiring efforts and general ability has made it one of the most successful in the Territory. Judge Nichols was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, in 1852, removing with his parents three years later to California, by way of the Isthmus of Panama. The next year they settled at Sacramento, where the son received the foundation of his education, graduating from the high school at an early age, and from Oakland College in 1868. For a few years after his graduation he engaged in business with his father, but wishing to work along independent lines he came to Southwestern Arizona, where, ever since, he has been a faithful supporter of the mining and cattle interests. Thus it will be seen that he was, with his parents, not only an early California pioneer, but was himself one of the earliest Arizona settlers, and is now the oldest citizen of Willcox, where so many of his interests are located. During the year that the Southern Pacific Railroad Company laid its track through Willcox he became the agent for the L. W. Blinn Lumber Company, and in 1888, seeing the possibilities of the business, he bought out that branch of the company with which he is still connected. In politics as in business Judge Nichols has ever taken an active part. For sixteen years he was a Justice of the Peace in Cochise county, a member of the Thirteenth Legislature, for some years a member of the Live Stock Sanitary Board, and has also served as United States Court Commissioner. In 1904 he was appointed by President Roosevelt to the office of Secretary of Arizona. Judge Nichols was married in 1898 to Mrs. Nora S. Butterfield, who was the daughter of Dr. Seeley, of Kenosha, Wisconsin. As an intelligent woman and a charming entertainer Mrs. Nichols is widely known. The Judge is a member of the Masonic order and of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, of which he is a charter member of the lodge at Willcox. He is a Knight Templar, a thirty-second degree Mason, a member of the order of the Mystic Shrine. He was Grand Master of Masons of Arizona during the years 1897 and 1900.



Territorial Officers....

Governor of Arizona—Alexander O. Brodie, resigned.
Private Secretary to Governor Brodie—George H. Smalley.
Governor of Arizona—Joseph H. Kibbey, appointed Feb. 10, 1905.
Private Secretary to Governor Kibbey—Sims Ely.
Secretary of Arizona—W. F. Nichols.
Assistant Secretary of Arizona, Lew W. Collins.
Treasurer of Arizona—Edward E. Kirkland.
Auditor of Arizona—Isaac M. Christy.
Citizen Member Board of Control—Geo. E. Truman.
Clerk Board of Control—Wesley A. Hill.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—N. G. Layton.
Attorney-General—E. S. Clark.
Delegate to Congress—Marcus A. Smith.

The Council.....

GEO. W. P. HUNT, PRESIDENT

Apache County, - - - ALFRED RUIZ, R
 Coconino County, - - - JOHN H. PAGE, R
 Cochise County, - - - STEVE ROEMER, D
 Gila County, - - - GEO. W. P. HUNT, D
 Graham County, - - - H. B. RICE, D
 Maricopa County, - - - JAS. E. BARK, R

D—Democrats, 7

Mohave County, - - - J. E. PERRY, R
 Navajo County, - - - BENJAMIN DOWNS, D
 Pima and Santa Cruz Counties, N. W. BERNARD, D
 Pinal County, - - - CHAS. H. CUTTING, R
 Yavapai County, - - - R. N. LOONEY, D
 Yuma County, - - - M. J. NUGENT, D

R—Republicans, 5

Council Committees

Claims—Page, Chairman; Downs, Nugent.
Federal Relations—Roemer, Chairman; Bark, Downs.
Agriculture—Bark, Chairman; Bernard, Nugent.
Education—Cutting, Chairman; Roemer, Bernard.
Judiciary—Nugent, Chairman; Ruiz, Looney, Rice, Bernard.
County and County Boundaries—Rice, Chairman; Bark, Bernard, Nugent, Perry.
Roads and Ferries—Looney, Chairman; Perry, Roemer.
Territorial Affairs—Looney, Chairman; Downs, Cutting, Perry, Bernard.

Ways and Means—Bernard, Chairman; Nugent, Bark.
Printing—Downs, Chairman; Rice, Roemer.
Memorials and Petitions—Downs, Chairman; Page, Bernard.
Enrolling and Engrossing—Perry, Chairman; Nugent, Looney.
Militia and Judicial and Indian Affairs—Ruiz, Chairman; Rice, Downs.
Mines and Mining—Rice, Chairman; Roemer, Looney, Page, Bernard.
Corporations—Roemer, Chairman; Rice, Looney, Cutting, Page.
Rules—President, Chairman; Cutting, Rice.



George W. Hunt

PRESIDENT
OF THE
COUNCIL

GEO. W. P. HUNT,

President of the Council.

GEO. W. P. HUNT, President of the Council, was born at Huntsville, Missouri, November 1, 1859, and comes from Colonial ancestry. His grandfather, Nathan Hunt, being one of the early settlers of Missouri, and the town of Huntsville, county seat of Randolph County, was named in his honor. His mother's maiden name was Sarah E. Yates, a daughter of Judge John Marshall Yates. His ancestors were connected with the early history of Virginia, North Carolina and Kentucky. Mr. Hunt's early life was spent near Huntsville, where he was educated. When nineteen years old he left the home of his boyhood and started for the West, prospecting and making his own way. Inside of three years he had seen many parts of Colorado, New Mexico and Old Mexico, finally locating at Globe in 1881, when for a while he worked in a restaurant, also in the mines, but later went into the cattle business, which he followed for six years. In 1890 he entered the employ of the Old Dominion Commercial Company as a clerk, but soon mastered the detail of the business, and in ten years, in 1900, became the president. The firm, of which he is now at the head, is also an important banking institution. Mr. Hunt has always been a strong Democrat, was County Treasurer part of one term; was delegate to the National Convention at Kansas City in 1900; was a member of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Legislatures, being a member of the lower house; was then sent two terms to the upper house of the Nineteenth and Twentieth, where he did good service for the people; he then retired from politics, but was again elected to the Twenty-third Legislature and was honored by being chosen the presiding officer of that body. Mr. Hunt was married February 24, 1904, to Helen Durett Ellison, of Ellison, Arizona.

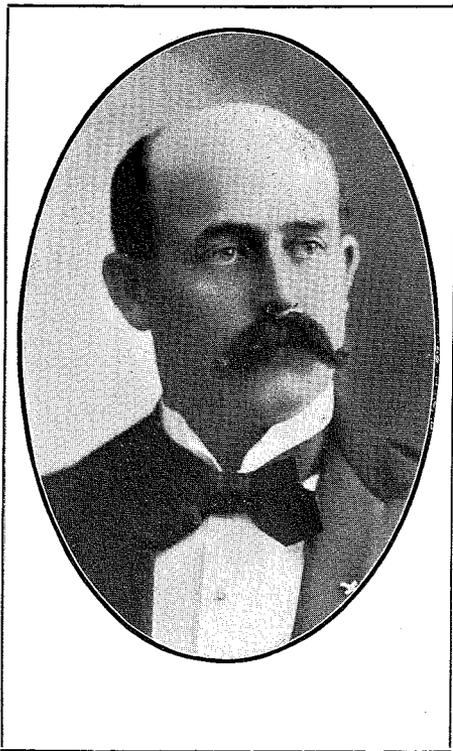


ALFRED RUIZ

MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL FROM APACHE COUNTY

ONE of the few lawyers of the Twenty-third Legislature and the only one in the Council, is Alfred Ruiz, representing Apache County. Mr. Ruiz was born in Los Angeles, California, in 1855, his parents being natives of that State. His grandfather had been a captain in the Spanish army before the independence of Mexico. The mother was of the same old Spanish stock, the ancestors of both father and mother accompanying Father Serra (who was the first Spanish priest to establish missions in California) to California in 1782. Alfred Ruiz was educated in Saint Ignatius College at San Francisco. In 1876 he came to Arizona, first to Florence, then to Phoenix and later moving to Prescott, where he engaged in mining. In 1877 he located in what is now Apache County, but which was then a part of Yavapai County, and in 1880 was elected County Recorder for four years, after which he served for eight years as Clerk of the District Court. He was admitted to practice in the District Court of that county in 1887, and was soon after elected District Attorney for Apache County. Last fall he was elected on the Republican ticket to the Council of the Twenty-third Legislature, carrying the county by a good majority. Thus it will be seen that he has served Apache County almost continuously in a public office since locating there in 1887. Over a year ago he moved to Prescott, where he was connected with important litigation, being quite successful, but was forced to return to Apache County on account of his wife's ill health. He is now practicing law in that county, having a large and growing clientage.





STEPHEN ROEMER

MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL FROM COCHISE COUNTY

MR. STEPHEN ROEMER, representing Cochise County in the Twenty-third Council, was born in Bowling Green, Kentucky, February 18, 1869. Here he received the common school education, supplemented by attendance at Ogden College. He entered a business career at the age of sixteen, first, in a jewelry store, but soon he embarked in the lumbering business, in which he soon held responsible positions until 1893, when he left for the West. He entered the Wells-Fargo service in Arizona, being transferred first from Mohave to Phoenix, then in 1897 was given charge of the important transfer office at Benson, through which passed, until the building of the El Paso and Southwestern Railroad, all the express for the large mining camps of Southern Arizona and Northwestern Mexico. Though Mr. Roemer is not married, he is known as the father of the Territorial Industrial School at Benson. He was the author of the bill to establish it and has since been its staunch supporter. At present he is the Chairman of its Board of Trustees. Politically, Mr. Roemer has been one of the most active Democrats of Cochise County. In 1898 he was elected secretary of the County Central Committee. He has served Cochise County in several of the Legislatures of Arizona, with much distinction—the Twenty-first and the Twenty-second in the Assembly and again in the Council in the present session. Fraternally, Mr. Roemer is a 32 degree Mason and a member of the Mystic Shrine, a member of the Knights of Pythias and a member of the Elks.

JOHN H. PAGE

MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL FROM COCONINO COUNTY

JOHN H. PAGE, was born in Rutland, Vermont, in 1887. In 1900 he was graduated from Harvard University. He became interested in Arizona mines, coming to Coconino County soon after leaving the university. He is also in the hotel business at Grand View on the rim of the Grand Cañon.

Mr. Page was elected to the Assembly of the Twenty-second Legislature, where he did good work. Last fall the Republican party of Coconino County elected him to the Council of the Twenty-third Legislature.





H. B. RICE

MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL FROM GRAHAM COUNTY

H. B. RICE, member of the Council from Graham County, was born August 31st, 1863, in Waupaca County, Wisconsin. At his birth place, and in Glenwood, Iowa, he spent his boyhood days and received his schooling. Mr. Rice is a business man, and since coming to Arizona about five years ago, has been connected with the mercantile department of the Detroit Copper Company at Morenci, Arizona. Mr. Rice is a staunch Democrat, and has, since his arrival in Arizona, taken an active part in the affairs of the Democratic party. He is serving his second term in the Council, being a member of the Twenty-second, as well as of the Twenty-third legislature. He is known among the members of the Legislature as one of much executive ability, and of absolute integrity. He is Chairman of the Committee on Mines and Mining, and of the Committee on Counties and County Boundaries.



JAMES E. BARK,

Member of the Council from Maricopa County

ONE of the five Republican members of the Council is James E. Bark, of Maricopa County, who was elected on the Republican ticket last fall by a good majority. Mr. Bark was born seven miles from New York City in 1860, and is a graduate of Cincinnatus Academy, situated at Cincinnatus, New York. After leaving college he entered a printing office, learned the printing trade and was for some time employed as a pressman. In 1878 he started for the West, and after three years' drifting in most of the middle-western States, he landed in Salt River Valley, intending to make but a short stay, for he was then on his way to Mexico. But, as the hills were then green and the country was looking fine, for those were the days of plenty rain, he concluded to postpone his trip to Mexico and go into the farming business, and since that time has followed farming, cattle raising, mining and mercantile pursuits. He has, however, devoted most of his energies to the cattle business, having been one of the largest cattle raisers and shippers in this part of the Territory. The Bark-Criswell herds of cattle, farms and ranges in the Superstition Mountains ranking among the most extensive enterprises in the country. Although the old firm of Bark-Criswell has dissolved partnership, he and Mr. Criswell are still partners in the range cattle business, a partnership lasting for over thirty years.

Mr. Bark stands high in the councils of the Republican party in Maricopa County, having taken an active part in politics for many years. He was nominated on the Republican ticket for Sheriff four years ago and failed to be elected by only seven votes. Two years ago he was Chairman of the Republican Central Committee, of which he has been a member for many years. As a thorough and successful business man, Mr. Bark is widely known.





J. E. PERRY,

Member of the Council from Mohave County

J. E. PERRY was born and raised in San Francisco, California, going through the grade schools and the high school of that city. In 1887 he came to Arizona, and in 1894 entered the wholesale and retail mercantile business at Kingman, incorporating in 1900 as the Gaddis & Perry Company, which is one of the largest and most successful enterprises in Northern Arizona. Mr. Perry has always taken an active part in the affairs of the Republican party, and has been for many years one of the foremost Republicans of Mohave County. In 1897 he was elected Probate Judge and ex-officio County School Superintendent. He is the Secretary of the Mohave County Republican Central Committee and has been a member of the same for many years. He is the first Republican to be elected to the Legislature from Mohave County for eighteen years, and as a member of the Council of the Twenty-third Legislature he has faithfully fulfilled the trust the people of his county placed in him.



BENJAMIN DOWNS

MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL FROM NAVAJO COUNTY

THE Councilman from Navajo County was born in 1872 in Clinton County, New York, where he lived until 1884, when he moved to Arizona. His early schooling was obtained in the public schools of this Territory. In 1892, Mr. Downs entered Lombard College, where he spent five years and was graduated from that institution in 1897 with the degree of A. B. (Bachelor of Arts). After leaving college Mr. Downs entered the service of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway and is still in the service of that company. In the fall of 1904, when the leaders of the Democratic party were in search of a person to land the Council against Hon. J. X. Woods, a man whose wealth and popularity is second to none in the county, Mr. Downs was determined on and landed the place by a nice majority, which was a pleasant surprise to the Democrats of the county who had been legislated for by a Republican for several years. As a rule the party whose likeness appears upon this page is well liked and is one of the most genial and popular men in Northern Arizona.





N. W. BERNARD

JOINT-COUNCILMAN FROM PIMA AND SANTA CRUZ
COUNTIES



THE Councilman representing the Counties of Pima and Santa Cruz was born in Baltimore, Maryland, in 1854. While Mr. Bernard was still a small child his family moved to Westport, Missouri, at which place he grew to young manhood, taking advantage of the private schools of that place.

Mr. Bernard is interested in cattle at Arivaca and in the Tucson Ice and Cold Storage Company.

During Mr. Bernard's long residence in Pima County he has been identified as a staunch Democrat, and often placed in office by that party. He was a member of the Assemblies of the Eighteenth and of the Twenty-second Legislatures, and from 1898 to 1902 he was a member of the Pima County Board of Supervisors.

CHARLES H. CUTTING,

Member of the Council from Pinal County.

CHAS. H. CUTTING is a native of Vermont, born in Troy in 1860, where he lived until 1869, when his parents moved to Boston, Massachusetts. He attended the public schools of that city, and in 1879 entered the employ of a firm of oil dealers, for whom he worked during the following five years. Early in 1885 he went to Minnesota, and for the next ten years was engaged in public work in that part of the Northwest, being married during that time. Coming to Arizona in 1895, he has followed mining, and, at the present time, holds an executive position with a mining corporation.





DR. ROBERT N. LOONEY

MEMBER OF THE COUNCIL FROM YAVAPAI COUNTY

ROBERT N. LOONEY is a native of Tennessee, born July 6, 1870. His parents came to Tennessee from Virginia, their ancestors being of old Virginian aristocracy, whose forefathers were among the earliest settlers to come to that promising land of the free. Dr. Looney received his literary education in U. S. Grant University, at Athens, Tennessee, after which he taught for two years in the public schools of Texas. In 1893, he entered the medical department of the Vanderbilt University at Nashville, Tennessee, where he studied for three years, graduating at the end of that time with high honors. In 1904, he took a post-graduate course in medicine in the Poloclynic Hospital of New York. In 1896 he came to Arizona, locating at McCabe, Yavapai County, where he has since been engaged in the practice of medicine, building up a large and lucrative practice. Soon after coming to McCabe he saw the need and advantage of a modern hospital and at once set out to carry his plans into effect, the result being a commodious and thoroughly equipped hospital, which he has since operated. Dr. Looney is physician and surgeon for the McCabe and other mining companies in that section of the country. He has always taken an active part in local politics, but this is the first time he has ever held public office. He was nominated for Councilman at the Democratic Convention last fall, and was elected by a large majority, showing the esteem in which he is held not only by his party but by the people of the county at large. He was married in 1900 to Miss Martie Gertrude Mayer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Mayer, pioneer residents of the Territory. Her father is the well known and popular founder of the city that bears his name.

M. J. NUGENT, Member of the Council from Yuma County.

REPRESENTING YUMA COUNTY in the Council of this Legislature is a man who has seen much public service, who has ever worked with a clean hand and who is respected, honored and liked by all who know him. Born in New York State in 1853, he began to long for the West at an early age, and when but sixteen years of age left the parental roof and went to Pomeroy, Ohio, there entering the machine shops and learning that trade. Having prepared himself as a machinist, and being offered a good position in California in 1875, he accepted, and his services have since that time been devoted to western interests. He came to Yuma in 1878, taking up some years later a homestead near that town and also acquiring later much good property within the city limits of Yuma, where he is interested in the mercantile business. His political life began in 1884, when he was appointed Assistant Superintendent of the Territorial Prison under the Republican Administration, although he was ever a strong Democrat. The next year he was elected Sheriff of Yuma County, taking up his new duties in the spring of 1886, and being elected to succeed himself three times. In 1892, he was one of the two delegates sent from Arizona to Chicago to the Democratic Convention that nominated Grover Cleveland on the national ticket. At the Territorial election that fall he was elected to the Council of the Seventeenth Legislature, and two years later was re-elected to the same position. After the adjournment of the Eighteenth Legislature, he accepted the position, under Collector Shannon, of Deputy Internal Revenue Collector and was stationed at Phoenix. This position he held until Benjamin Franklin was appointed Governor in 1896, who appointed him Superintendent of the Territorial Prison, which position he held for the next year and a half. It is said that this was the cheapest administration the prison ever had, while at the same time it was highly efficient. Mr. Nugent is a member of the B. P. O. E. lodge, and is one of the many unmarried members of this session of the Legislature.



...Legislative Employees...

COUNCIL

R. S. Maclay, *Chief Clerk.*
J. H. Thompson, *Sergeant-at-Arms.*
P. J. Farley, *Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.*
Rev. Lewis Halsey, *Chaplain.*
Charles Loraine, *Messenger.*
Pedro Pellon, *Watchman.*
A. M. Foster, *Assistant Chief Clerk.*
Mrs. A. M. Foster, *First Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.*
Fred Webb, *Second Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.*
W. F. Gamble, *Journal Clerk.*
Miss Zelma Bailey, *First Assistant Journal Clerk.*
Mrs. M. H. Williams, *Second Assistant Journal Clerk.*
B. J. Whiteside, *Postmaster.*
Mike Hanlon, *Doorkeeper.*
John Dailey, *Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.*
Frank Ruiz, *Page.*

COMMITTEE CLERKS.

First—Miss Luella Smith. *Sixth*—Miss Madge Dawes.
Second—Miss Calla Mills. *Seventh*—Miss Mary Nugent.
Third—Miss Esther Drachman *Eighth*—Miss Daisy Dayton.
Fourth—Miss Mary Willey. *Ninth*—Thos. Hamilton.
Fifth—Miss Mamie Mayer. *Tenth*—Charles Flynn.
Eleventh—Miss Jennie Downs.

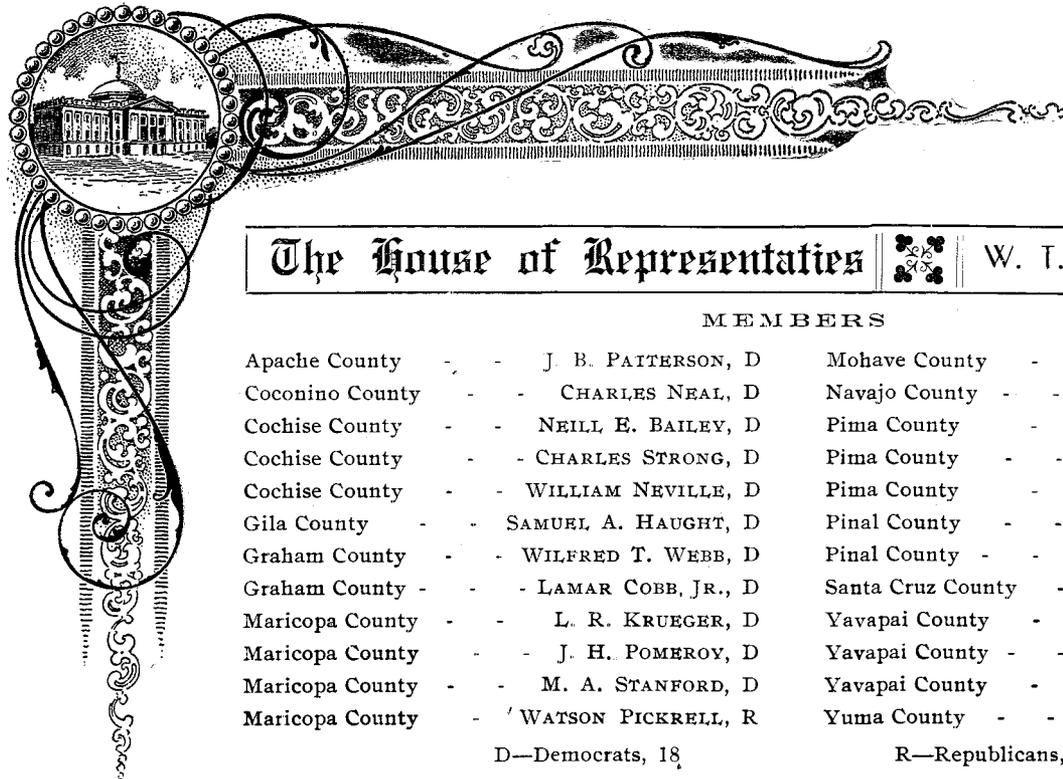
HOUSE

J. P. Dillon, *Chief Clerk.*
Mulford Winsor, *Assistant Chief Clerk.*
Frank T. Pomeroy, *Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.*
Laura Wallihan, *First Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.*
Grace Downs, *Second Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.*
Harriet Oliver, *Journal Clerk.*
Lou Evans, *First Assistant Journal Clerk.*
Mattie Byler, *Second Assistant Journal Clerk.*

COMMITTEE CLERKS.

Eva Goodale,	Nellie Trott,	Joy B. Patterson,
Lulu Timmons,	R. H. Jones,	E. L. Perham,
O. D. Flake,	W. G. Leckey,	J. A. Herron.

Frank L. Burns, *Sergeant-at-Arms.*
Sam Garret, *Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.*
Major Burton, *Doorkeeper.*
G. H. Hunt, *Watchman.*
George Peck, *Postmaster.*
M. Greenleaf, *Messenger.*
Blessy Barker, *Page.*
L. J. Hedgpeth, *Chaplain.*



The House of Representatives || W. T. WEBB, Speaker

MEMBERS

Apache County	- -	J. B. PATTERSON, D	Mohave County	- - -	P. F. COLLINS, D
Coconino County	- -	CHARLES NEAL, D	Navajo County	- - -	Q. R. GARDINER, D
Cochise County	- -	NEILL E. BAILEY, D	Pima County	-	THOMAS F. WILSON, R
Cochise County	- -	CHARLES STRONG, D	Pima County	- - -	H. C. KENNEDY, R
Cochise County	- -	WILLIAM NEVILLE, D	Pima County	- - -	L. G. DAVIS, R
Gila County	- -	SAMUEL A. HAUGHT, D	Pinal County	- -	ALEXANDER BARKER, D
Graham County	- -	WILFRED T. WEBB, D	Pinal County	- - -	J. G. KEATING, D
Graham County	- -	LAMAR COBB, JR., D	Santa Cruz County	- -	L. R. BRISTOL, R
Maricopa County	- -	L. R. KRUEGER, D	Yavapai County	-	LEROY S. ANDERSON, R
Maricopa County	- -	J. H. POMEROY, D	Yavapai County	- - -	M. A. PERKINS, D
Maricopa County	- -	M. A. STANFORD, D	Yavapai County	- - -	G. W. HULL, D
Maricopa County	- -	WATSON PICKRELL, R	Yuma County	- - -	W. F. TIMMONS, D

D—Democrats, 18

R—Republicans, 6

House Committees

Engrossed and Enrolled Bills—Neal, Chairman; Hull, Pickrell.

Militia and Indian Affairs—Strong, Chairman; Haught, Krueger.

Mines and Mining—Collins, Chairman; Strong, Hull, Bristol, Cobb, Jr.

Corporations—Anderson, Chairman; Keating, Pickrell, Cobb, Jr., Bailey.

Ways and Means—Krueger, Chairman; Timmons, Keating, Davis, Bailey.

Printing—Cobb, Jr., Chairman; Neal, Timmons, Krueger, Bailey.

Memorials and Petitions—Wilson, Chairman; Neville, Hull.

Education—Stanford, Chairman; Neville, Kennedy, Patterson, Davis.

Judiciary—Neville, Chairman; Timmons, Anderson, Wilson, Barker, Keating, Davis.

Labor and Labor Organizations—Timmons, Chairman; Collins, Pickrell, Bristol, Perkins.

County and County Boundaries—Keating, Chairman; Timmons, Pomeroy, Collins, Wilson.

Claims—Patterson, Chairman; Collins, Davis.

Federal Relations—Kennedy, Chairman; Neville, Barker, Haught, Pomeroy.

Agricultural—Gardiner, Chairman; Timmons, Barker, Perkins, Patterson.

Irrigation—Pomeroy, Chairman; Hull, Timmons, Cobb, Jr., Gardiner.

Public Buildings and Grounds—Barker, Chairman; Stanford, Strong.

Elections—Hull, Chairman; Neal, Bristol, Gardiner, Stanford.

Territorial Affairs—Timmons, Chairman; Gardiner, Keating, Kennedy, Pickrell.

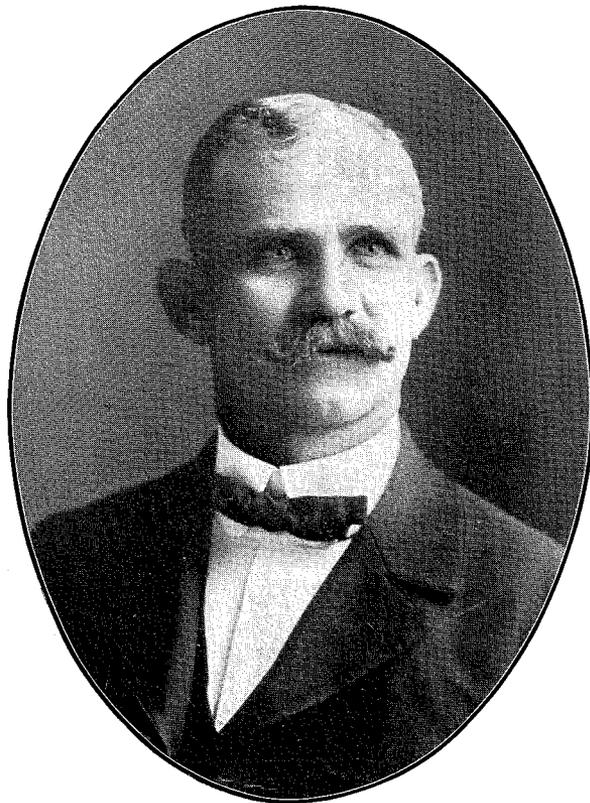
Live Stock—Krueger, Chairman; Bailey, Patterson, Haught, Perkins, Barker, Neal.

Public Expenditures and Accounts—Strong, Chairman; Perkins, Pomeroy.

Library—Bristol, Chairman; Neville, Patterson.

Appropriations—Bailey, Chairman; Neal, Patterson, Pickrell, Cobb, Jr.

Rules—Speaker, Chairman; Anderson, Bailey.



Wilfred T. Webb,
SPEAKER
OF THE
HOUSE OF
REPRESENTATIVES

WILFRED T. WEBB,

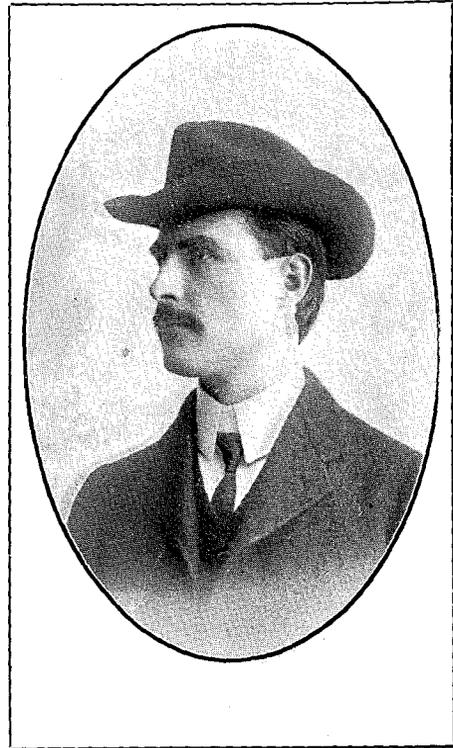
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

THE man who holds the Chair in the House of Representatives should be broad, fair-minded and capable, with interest in all pursuits and prejudice toward none. The members of the Assembly saw such a man in Wilfred T. Webb, who is endowed by nature with a broad intellect, improved by self-education and experience; with a big heart and a big mind; quick to conceive and most fluent in clothing his thoughts in words; eloquent in debate; honest of purpose and firm of conviction; an able parliamentarian and born leader; he has every quality with which to fulfill all obligations that his duties impose upon him. (From a speech by Lamar Cobb, Jr., in the Assembly, January 17, 1905.) Mr. Webb was born in Salt Lake City, Utah, in 1864, being the son of Gilbert and Almira Webb, the father a native of Ohio and the mother a native of Michigan. He never had the advantages of a public school education, but by extensive reading, clear thinking and close observation he has become an educated man in every sense of the word. He first came to Arizona in 1880, stopping for a short time in Tombstone, later moving from there to Pima, Graham County, where, in company with his father, he opened a general mercantile business. In 1887 the business was sold and he turned his attention to cattle raising, which pursuit he has extensively followed to the present time, being a member of the Live Stock Growers' Association. In 1891, knowing the possibilities of the mercantile business, and having been successful in the cattle business, being furnished thereby with the necessary capital, he again entered that field which, from his attention to business and fair treatment to all, has proven highly profitable. He owns the commodious building in which his stock is located, and is known today as one of the most prosperous and successful men in the entire Gila Valley. Besides his cattle and mercantile enterprises, he owns considerable real estate and the finest residence in Pima. In the affairs of the Democratic party, both local and territorial, he stands high. He was a member of the Twenty-second Legislature and the only member of the present body who was elected to succeed himself. He is very proud of the fact that of the two hundred votes polled for member of the Assembly of the Twenty-second Legislature in the Pima precinct in 1902 he received all but four; and of the number of votes polled last fall in the same precinct for member of the Assembly to the Twenty-third Legislature he received all but six. At home his help and advice are much sought, not only in political affairs, but on questions of local issue as well. He was married to Miss Sarah Burns in 1887. As a speaker Mr. Webb is clear and concise; as a business man he has shown himself to be capable and far-seeing, and as an officeholder he has proven himself to be above the petty tricks and follies of the politician.

L. G. DAVIS,

Member of the Assembly from Pima County.

MR. DAVIS was born in Ohio. Lawyer. He was elected to the Twenty-third Legislative Assembly by a majority of 537 votes, and is a member of the following Committees: Judiciary, Education, Ways and Means, and Claims.





NEILL E. BAILEY,

Member of the Assembly from Cochise County.

WHEN the Spanish-American War broke out and a call for volunteers was made, one of the first Arizonans to respond was Neill E. Bailey, who resigned his position and raised an entire company, for which service he was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the First Volunteer Infantry, commanded by Colonel McCord. After the war was over, he returned to railroad work and was made city ticket agent of the Union Pacific Railroad at San Francisco, but resigned that position in a few months to return to Arizona to accept a position as Chief Train Dispatcher on the Cananea, Yaqui River and Pacific Railroad Company, with headquarters at Naco, Arizona. Mr. Bailey has always taken more or less interest in politics. He was a delegate to the Territorial Convention at Tucson which nominated delegates to the St. Louis Convention; was a delegate to the Territorial Convention at Phoenix which nominated Mark Smith for Delegate to Congress; was also a delegate to the convention in Cochise County, and is a member of the Democratic Central Committee in that county. He was nominated by acclamation in the Democratic Convention and elected to the Legislature by a handsome majority. His ability and standing were early recognized in the organization in the House, and he was made floor leader of the majority, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations and a member of the Committees on Rules, Ways and Means, Live Stock, and Corporations. His influence in shaping legislation has been felt for all good and against all bad measures. Mr. Bailey is a native of Southern California, where he first attended school, but later lived in Texas, from which State his parents originated. He came to Arizona when but seventeen years of age and has been actively engaged in business almost continuously since that time. In addition to his railroad duties Mr. Bailey is interested in four or five promising mining companies. Mr. Bailey was married in Savannah, Georgia, in the fall of 1903 to Miss Gertrude von Gundell, one of the most charming young ladies of that old Southern city. He is a Knight Templar Mason and a member of the Mystic Shrine.

CHARLES STRONG

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM COCHISE COUNTY

THE subject of this sketch, Chas. Strong, was born in 1856 in Chautauqua County, New York, where he spent his boyhood and where he attended the public schools, mastering the common school education that was available in that neighborhood. In 1878 he came to Colorado, where for some years he mined and prospected. But, like all miners, he had the roaming spirit, and could not, while still in his youth, find it in his heart to stay for many years in one place, so he worked in the mining camps and prospected in many parts of Utah, Idaho, Wyoming and New Mexico, coming to Bisbee and settling down in June, 1890, where he has since followed his life-long occupation in a very successful manner. He is an owner in the Cave Group Claims and is interested (being one of the principal owners) in what is known as Bakersville, located below Bisbee.

Mr. Strong was elected by a good majority on the Democratic ticket, is Chairman of the Committee on Military and Indian Affairs, and is a member of the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.





JUDGE WILLIAM NEVILLE

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM COCHISE COUNTY

JUDGE NEVILLE holds a unique position in this Legislature, inasmuch as he is one of the very few who was chosen and elected as a member of the Assembly without solicitation on his part and without making any campaign. William Neville is 61 years of age, was born in Washington County, Illinois, and was educated at McKendree College at Lebanon, Illinois. He was a volunteer in the Civil War, being mustered out as Second Sergeant of Company H, 147th Illinois Infantry. After the war he studied law under his father, Harvey Neville, who was Captain of Company H, 22nd Illinois Infantry, during the Civil War, and who also served through the Blackhawk War and the Mexican War. Such a record for father and son any brave American might envy. Judge William Neville was elected to the Illinois Legislature in the fall of 1872, as a Democrat, and moved to Omaha, Nebraska, in 1874, from which place he was elected to the Nebraska Legislature as a Democratic member during the Tilden campaign of 1876. He was elected Judge of the 13th Judicial District of the State of Nebraska in 1891. In 1893, he was a candidate for the United States Senate and received a majority of the caucus on twenty-two ballots, but a two-thirds rule having been adopted, he failed. He was elected Supreme Judge for that State in 1896, carrying the State by 15,000 majority. In 1898 the people of Nebraska sent him to Congress, and in 1900 he was re-elected by a fusion of Democrats and Populists. After the close of his last term in Congress, in March, 1903, he located in Douglas, Arizona, having sought a warmer climate on account of throat trouble. After so long a period in public service, with so good a record, it is no wonder that the people of Cochise County wanted him to be one of their Representatives in this Legislature.

CHARLES A. NEAL

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM COCONINO COUNTY

CHARLES A. NEAL, representing Coconino County in the Lower House, is one of the youngest members of that body, but while young in years he is an old newspaper man, and, from the experience gained in that field, comes fully equipped to further the interests of the county he represents. At an early age he entered upon a career as a newspaper man, starting at the bottom and working gradually upward, thoroughly learning every branch of the business and mastering every detail. He came to Arizona in the fall of 1896 and spent a year on the different newspapers of Phoenix. The next year he removed to Williams and in 1901 purchased the *News*, which paper he has successfully operated to the present time. He was elected a member of the Assembly at the last election on the Democratic ticket, being one of the three Democrats elected in Coconino County, by a large majority. He has taken an active part in the work this session, and is Chairman of the Enrolling and Engrossing Committee.

Charles Neal was born October 25, 1873, in Indianapolis, his parents moving to Ohio when he was but three years of age, in which State he was reared and educated. On July 4, 1898, he was married to Miss Maude Dickinson, of Fresno, California.





SAMUEL A. HAUGHT

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM GILA COUNTY

ELECTED by the Democratic party and representing Gila county is a self-made man, Samuel A. Haught, Postmaster, keeper of a general store, cattleman and mine owner at Rye. Mr. Haught was born near Dallas, Texas, and comes of German ancestry who came with William Penn to America. His grandfather and great-grandfather fought through the Revolutionary War, wintering with Washington at that historic camping ground, Valley Forge. His mother also comes of Revolutionary stock and was born near Zanesville, Ohio. His boyhood days were spent in the turbulent Southwest under the carpet-bag government just after the Civil War, his father being engaged in the lumber, cattle and mercantile business. In those times of the reconstruction there were few schools and few opportunities for an education in that part of the country, hence Mr. Haught's education was general and mainly consisted of the knowledge which came from the experience he gained in assisting his father in the care of his business and later in the development of his own. He came to Tonto Basin in 1885, twenty years ago, and has resided there ever since. He has a general store and is the Postmaster at Rye, is also the owner of a large number of cattle and principal owner in the Gun Creek group and Era group of mines. Mr. Haught is married and is the father of two children. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to Rescue Lodge, No. 12, at Globe, Arizona.



LAMAR COBB, JR.,

Member of the Assembly from Graham County.

LAMAR COBB, JR., was born in Athens, Georgia, in 1870. He went to the University of Georgia where he studied to become a civil engineer. After graduating from the university he went to Philadelphia and served as an apprentice in the Baldwin locomotive works. He has practiced his profession as civil engineer in Georgia, Washington, D. C., Colorado, Louisiana, Mississippi and Arizona, coming to Arizona in 1900 and locating at Clifton, where he engages as a Civil Mining Engineer and is United States Deputy Mineral Surveyor. Since coming to Arizona he has taken an active part in Graham County politics and was Chairman of the Democratic County Convention in 1902, and a delegate to the last four Territorial Conventions. The present office, however, is the first political position he ever held. Mr. Cobb is a single man, and is a member of the Knights of Pythias lodge. As a speaker he is fluent and convincing, and as a citizen he is above reproach.

L. R. KRUEGER,

Member of the Assembly from Maricopa County.

BORN of old Dutch stock, strong in lineage and history, L. R. Krueger is fast making an enviable reputation in the ranks of the Democratic party, with his native resourceful stock of thrift and energy. Mr. Krueger was born in Michigan City, Indiana, March 24th, 1876. Here he learned to be a printer, starting in as the proverbial "devil." At the age of sixteen, with an ordinary education, he went to Chicago, and was connected with the Chicago newspapers in the reportorial departments. While in Chicago Mr. Krueger spent some time in the government service. In 1898 he was made Secretary of some large companies operating and representing many of the cattle, farm, citrus and deciduous fruit enterprises in Phoenix, at which place he has since lived. Locally Mr. Krueger, known almost entirely as "Paul" Krueger, is exceedingly popular, though a strong partisan. Despite the fact that he has been here only seven years and is now but 29 years of age, he has been the recipient of many local honors. For the past few years he has been, by unanimous choice, the President of the Phoenix Fire Department, recognized as one of the most efficient fire departments in the Southwest. He has been the Secretary of the Democratic City Central Committee and member of the County Central Committee. Last fall he polled a larger vote than any other man on the Legislative ticket, being elected to the Assembly of the Twenty-third Legislature by a very large majority. In the Legislature his keen force has been strongly felt when introducing and while championing many of the heaviest bills considered. He is the strenuous father of the famous Bullion Tax Bill in the Twenty-third. He is Chairman of the Committees on Live Stock, and Ways and Means.



FEW men have been more closely connected with the growth and development of the Territory, and particularly of his County, than J. H. Pomeroy, Maricopa's Representative from Mesa. Twenty-seven years ago last October, Mr. Pomeroy, with a colony of Mormon Pioneers from Idaho and Utah, arrived in the Salt River Valley, having traveled overland, bringing their household goods, cattle and chattels with them. They pitched their tents on the bank of the Salt River about 7 miles east and north of the present site of Mesa. There were but nine families in the company, but by October, 1878, they had completed the Mesa canal for eleven miles to the present site of Mesa, to which place they moved, laying out the city and beginning the planting of crops. Mr. Pomeroy took up a farm just outside of the townsite and made his residence in the city. He has held every executive office in the city with the exception of a seat in the Council, which office he has repeatedly declined. For fourteen years he has been Justice of the Peace, becoming an authority on the statutory law of the Territory. The people of Maricopa County were so well pleased with his public record that they elected him as their Representative to the Lower House, where he has been recognized as a safe and conservative man. Because of his long experience in irrigation the Speaker very wisely made him Chairman of the Irrigation Committee. He is a charter member of the Odd Fellows Lodge of Mesa, a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Woodmen of the World, having gone through the chairs of the three lodges. Mr. Pomeroy was born in Salt Lake City, Utah, in 1853, and is a son of Francis M. Pomeroy, who was one of the 143 Mormon Pioneers who blazed the trail from the Missouri River to the Salt Lake Valley. When he was still young his father moved to Idaho, in different parts of which State he had lived until he started for Arizona in 1877. That same year he was married, his wife dying in 1887, leaving him with three children. Two years later he married again and from this marriage he also has three children.



J. H. POMEROY

Member of the Assembly from Maricopa County



M. A. STANFORD

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM MARICOPA COUNTY

M. A. STANFORD, representing Maricopa County, is one of the oldest and most influential residents of the Salt River Valley. Coming to the Territory in 1888, he engaged in the dairy and cattle business, buying a farm and building and equipping his own dairy. But as there were no large creameries in the valley there was no foreign market, hence little stimulus for those who engaged in dairy pursuits. Mr. Stanford realizing this and seeing the need of creating a market for the milk and then for the butter, he, in company with Emory Kays, built the Maricopa Creamery on the co-operative plan, organizing a company and selling 10,500 shares of capital stock. The creamery is still in operation and doing a fine business, though Mr. Stanford retired from its management some years after its organization and embarked in the cattle-feeding business on an extensive scale. Mr. Stanford has always taken an active interest in local school matters and has been a member of the Board of Trustees of School District No. 14 for fourteen years. This is the district in which his farm was located, a mile and a half east of Phoenix. He recently moved to Phoenix. As Chairman of the Education Committee, in the present Legislature, he has fostered much good legislation in the interest of the public schools. Mr. Stanford was born and raised in Mobile, Alabama, and came to Texas in 1866, where he was in the mercantile business for fourteen years. He carried a general line of merchandise, drugs included, and from the dispensing of the latter gained the title of "Doc," by which he is familiarly known. He is married and is the father of two grown sons.

WATSON PICKRELL

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM MARICOPA COUNTY

WATSON PICKRELL, the genial member representing Maricopa County, was born in Sangamon County, Illinois, his parents having emigrated from Kentucky to Illinois in the early 20's, being among the pioneer settlers of that part of the country, and his grandfather entering from the government the north part of what is now Springfield, including the land where Lincoln's tomb is located and where the beloved President's remains now lay at rest. His father was also a friend of Lincoln's, the two men having fought Indians in the Blackhawk War in the same regiment. Mr. Pickrell, after having taken advantage of the public schools in the district where he lived, was educated at the University of Illinois, from which school he graduated with the class of '75. Shortly after leaving the University he went to Nebraska, which was his home most of the time until coming to Arizona in 1893. He has followed farming and stock raising, with few deviations, all his life, and at present has a fine farm south of Tempe. His brother has been for many years extensively engaged in Ostrich raising, being so successful that Watson Pickrell is now going to follow his example by entering the industry. He has this spring purchased and placed on his farm a large number of the birds and expects to increase the flock as conditions permit. Mr. Pickrell has always been a friend of education, and the bill which he introduced into the House for an increase in the maintenance fund and needed improvement for the Tempe Normal is appreciated by all who are interested in the schools of the Territory. Mr. Pickrell was the only Republican elected from this county to the Assembly, and received the Republican votes as candidate for Speaker, thereby making him the leader of the minority.





PATSEY F. COLLINS

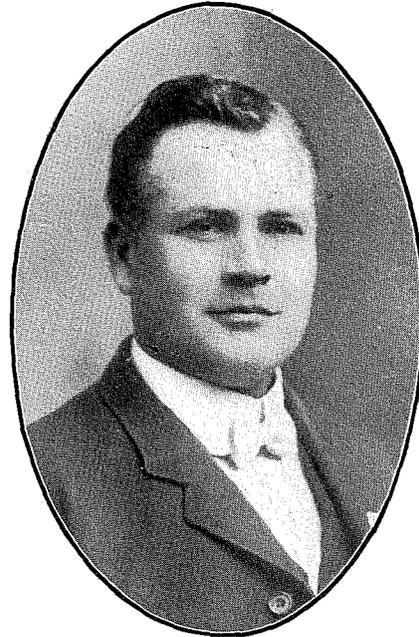
MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM MOHAVE COUNTY

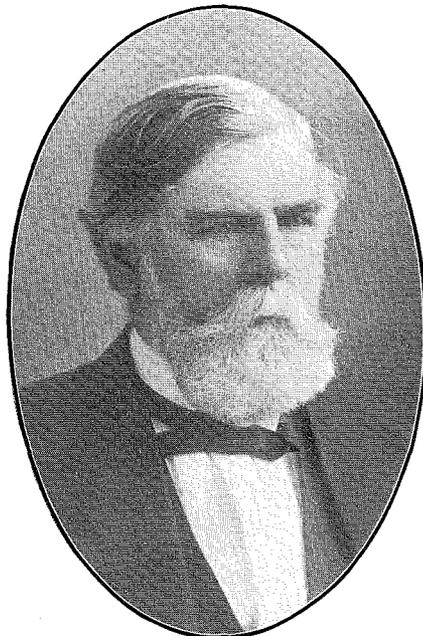
AT the opening of the session of the Assembly of the Twenty-third Legislature, the oldest member being asked to take the Chair, as is the custom in order to effect an organization, Patsey F. Collins, the member from Mohave, arose and was escorted forward, well knowing that the honor was his. And not on that point alone was the honor his, for he has served in an earlier Arizona Legislature than any other member present, having served in the Fourteenth. Mr. Collins is a native of Ireland, his parents coming to this country when he was but three months old and settling near Boston, where he spent his boyhood days. In 1857 he enlisted in the army, served through the Civil War and was mustered out of the Government service in 1865, coming to California the next year and locating for a short time near San Jose, where he was Deputy Sheriff for two years. Since coming West he has followed prospecting and mining almost continuously, having prospected in many parts of Idaho, Nevada, Utah, New Mexico, Mexico and Central America. In the early and booming days of Tombstone in 1880, he was one of the first men on the ground, and can tell many a story worth the hearing of the happenings of those old days that now seem like fancies of some forgotten age. He first came to Arizona in 1871, and has since made this his home. Most of his interests have been centered in Mohave County, where he owns several good claims. For twenty years he has mined in the Moss and Gold Road district of that county. He was Postmaster in Kingman in 1888, and was Under Sheriff and Deputy Sheriff for Mohave County for several years. He does not use tobacco or intoxicating liquors in any form, nor has he ever acquired the art of gambling.

Q. R. GARDINER

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM NAVAJO COUNTY

THE member from Navajo County is what could be called a self-made man, and to quote his own words, "What little I have accomplished and learned has been from my earliest boyhood by my own endeavor." Mr. Gardiner was born in Southern Utah in 1868 and came to Arizona in 1877. All his life he has spent on the frontier and on the ranges. He owns a large interest in cattle and sheep and has for many years been engaged in farming. During the droughts of the last two years he lost heavily, much of his stock dying because of the scarcity of food and water. However, he is not one of the men who become discouraged, and since the heavy rains intends to go into the stock business on a larger scale than ever before. He was elected from a Republican county on the Democratic ticket by a large majority. He is Chairman of the Agricultural Committee, also member of the Committee on Elections and Territorial Affairs. Mr. Gardiner was married in 1888 and is the father of eight children.





THOMAS FREW WILSON,

Member of the Assembly from Pima County,

WAS born near Meadville, Pennsylvania, educated at Allegheny College in that city, studied law in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and admitted to the bar in 1857; was a member of the Pittsburg City Council when the Civil War broke out, volunteered and served with the Union forces in Virginia. On account of ill health he secured the appointment as United States Consul at Bahia, Brazil, to obtain the benefit of that genial tropical climate. As Consul, advised and took part in the capture of the Confederate man-of-war Florida by the United States man-of-war Wachusett in the bay of Bahia. As the Brazilian forts and war vessels opened fire on the Wachusett while engaged with the Florida, the Wachusett grappled on to the Florida and towed her out to sea, pursued by the Brazilian war vessels. Not being able to land, Consul Wilson continued on board the Wachusett until that vessel delivered the Florida as a prize of war to the United States government at Hampton Rhodes, Virginia. Mr. Wilson continued in the consular service in different parts of the world for over twenty years. While making an inspection of the Consulates on the boundary between the United States and Mexico, he passed through Arizona in 1872 for the first time. On resigning from the Consular service, Mr. Wilson became connected with the Department of Justice and assisted in the famous Klu-Klux trials in South Carolina. On the election of President Cleveland, Mr. Wilson resigned and came to Arizona in 1884 and permanently located in Tucson, where he has since been engaged in the practice of the law. In 1888 he was the Republican candidate for delegate to Congress against Marcus A. Smith. Under President Harrison Mr. Wilson was United States Attorney for Arizona. Mr. Wilson took an active part in the organization of the Florence Irrigating Canal and in laying out the town of Arizola, Arizona, and invested a large amount in establishing and cultivating an alfalfa and wheat ranch near that place. He was placed on the Republican ticket of Pima County, Arizona, in 1904, as a candidate for the Legislative Assembly and was elected by a handsome majority after a hotly contested campaign.

HAL. C. KENNEDY

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM PIMA COUNTY

HAL C. KENNEDY was born in San Jose, California, thirty-four years ago, receiving his early education in the public schools of that city. For the last 13 years he has been employed by the Judson Dynamite and Powder Company in the capacity of a commercial traveler, the last ten years of which has been devoted to that company's affairs in Arizona, with headquarters at Tucson. Mr. Kennedy has taken an active part in the doings of this Legislature, is the Chairman of the Committee on Federal Relations and is a member of the Committee on Territorial Affairs and of the Committee on Education. He is one of the unmarried men of the Legislature, but from his conversation it was gleaned that he is willing.





JOSEPH B. PATTERSON

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM APACHE COUNTY

JOSEPH B. PATTERSON, representative of Apache County in the Twenty-third Legislature, was born in Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, in 1853. At the age of nine years his parents moved to America, settling in West Middlesex, Mercer County, Pennsylvania. In 1870, the family moved westward, settling in Bloomington, Bear Lake County, Idaho, and the next ten years young Patterson followed the occupation of prospecting and mining in Idaho, Utah and Montana. In 1880 he came to Arizona, locating at St. Johns, Apache County, and entering the lumber, hardware and furniture business. For many years he was manager of the Zuni Lumber Company, located in the Zuni Mountains of Western New Mexico. He is now identified with the Arizona Co-operative Mercantile Institution, with headquarters at Holbrook and houses at St. Johns, Springfield, Snowflake and Showlow. Besides his mercantile pursuits he is recognized as one of Arizona's prominent sheep men. He has always taken an active part in local politics and was a member of the Nineteenth Assembly.

J. G. KEATING

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM PINAL COUNTY

J G. KEATING was born March 13, 1854, and reared at Fort Smith, Arkansas. He attended the public schools and the Parochial Catholic schools of that place, starting out in life as a farmer boy, working on the farms near Fort Smith, and doing a good deal of freighting and teaming. He came to Arizona in 1881, and was married shortly after, two children coming to the home, one 19 and one 13 years of age. During the early 80's he drove stage and is well and favorably known by the old-timers of the Territory. The year before the Timber Culture Act was repealed he took up a timber culture claim of 160 acres near Florence and proved up on same, 80 acres of which property he still holds. He has been for many years a well-known merchant of Florence, where he has always taken an active part in the councils of the Democratic party. To express his own words, "I have been in politics ever since I was 21 years old." He has been a member of the Democratic Central Committee continuously since he has lived in Florence, with the exception of two years, and is the present Chairman of that committee. In 1900 he was elected a member of the Board of Supervisors of Pinal County, serving as Chairman. At that election, as well as at the election last fall, he ran ahead of his ticket, showing how high he stands in the estimation of the people of his county. When Company E, First National Guards, was organized in Florence, Mr. Keating enlisted as a private and served about three years and a half. He was soon promoted to the rank of Fourth Corporal, was next commissioned Second Lieutenant and promoted to First Lieutenant. During his second year of service he was elected Captain, serving in that capacity for two years, when he resigned.





ALEXANDER BARKER

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM PINAL COUNTY

ONE of the tried members of the present Legislature is Alexander Barker, who was a member of the Assembly of the Twenty-first Legislature. Mr. Barker was born and reared in Lockport, La-fourche Parish, Louisiana, in 1849, making an odd penny during his early boyhood by selling papers. When he was in his first teens he was sent to Ohio to school, but after a few years ran away to enlist in the army. He was discharged in 1869, a Sergeant of Company G, Seventh U. S. Infantry, stationed at Salt Lake, Utah. He then went back home, and in 1871 was married, his wife dying in 1880. The next year he came to Florence, Arizona, where he has since lived, being engaged principally in mining. He was again married, and is the father of eight children, two living in Louisiana, one in Texas, two in California and three at the present home at old Fort Grant, in Pinal County. Mr. Barker had the honor of being one of the first members to sit in the new Capitol building, which was completed shortly before the convening of the Twenty-first Legislature. Always a public-spirited man, Mr. Barker raised himself to the front rank of Arizona benefactors when he sent to his brother, C. J. Barker, living at the old home in Louisiana, to send him some seed of the umbrella lilac tree, which seed were planted by J. V. Wilson and Peter Will in Florence. Thus Mr. Barker introduced in Arizona the tree which may now be found in every part of the Territory and which is the finest shade tree in the Southwest. By this one act he raised to himself an everlasting monument.



DR. L. T. BRISTOL

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM SANTA CRUZ COUNTY

DR. BRISTOL, was born in Cairo, Ill., where he received his early education. At the age of 18 he went to Old Mexico, where in the mining interests he met with some financial success, then returned to enter the Northwestern University, and graduated at Chicago from the Dental College of the same institution in 1897. After several years practice in his home state came west again and located at the border town of Nogales, where he enjoys a good practice as well as being interested in mining. Dr. Bristol was the first Republican Representative to be elected from his county, and has served his constituents well.





LEROY S. ANDERSON

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM YAVAPAI COUNTY

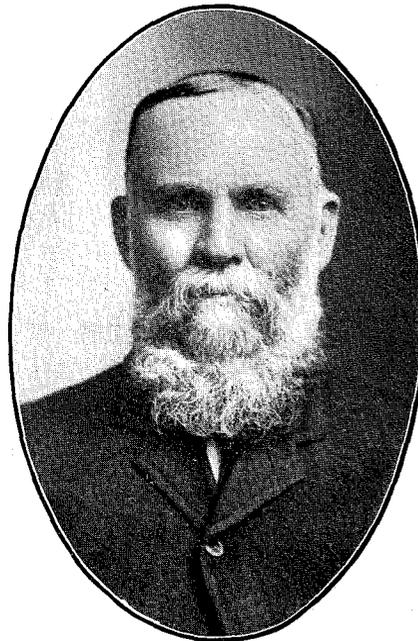
REPRESENTING Yavapai County and taking a most active part in the affairs of the Assembly of the Twenty-third Legislature is Leroy S. Anderson. A forceful speaker, a clear thinker and one who can convince in argument, he has brought himself not only to the front rank in this Legislature, but has gained favorable public recognition as well. Being the youngest member in the legislature, he has certainly gained an enviable position for so young a man. He was the only Republican elected from Yavapai county to the Legislature, and only one other member on the Republican ticket was elected in that county. His personality has been closely allied with every bill that has passed the house, and he is also the father of the Normal Training bill and of the Public Examiner bill. A lawyer by profession and enjoying a good clientage, he has stood as an authority and counselor throughout the session. Mr. Anderson's home is in Prescott, to which city he came from Illinois in 1895. He was married since coming to Arizona to Miss Margherite Gale, formerly of Albion, Michigan.



M. A. PERKINS

MEMBER OF THE ASSEMBLY FROM YAVAPAI COUNTY

THE people of Yavapai County wisely chose M. A. Perkins to represent their cattle interests in the Assembly, Mr. Perkins having spent his whole life in the pursuit of stock raising and farming, this being his first deviation therefrom. Mr. Perkins was born in 1848, in the State of Mississippi, where he spent his early boyhood and attended the district school. At an early age he went to Texas, and for many years devoted his energies to stock raising in different parts of the state. In 1900 he came to Arizona from Western Texas and located in Yavapai County, near the city of Prescott, where he purchased a good ranch and went quite extensively into the business of raising range cattle. He has been successful along those lines, and has been a hard-working, respected citizen, his neighbors showing their appreciation of his honesty and integrity by sending him to represent them in the Twenty-third Legislature.



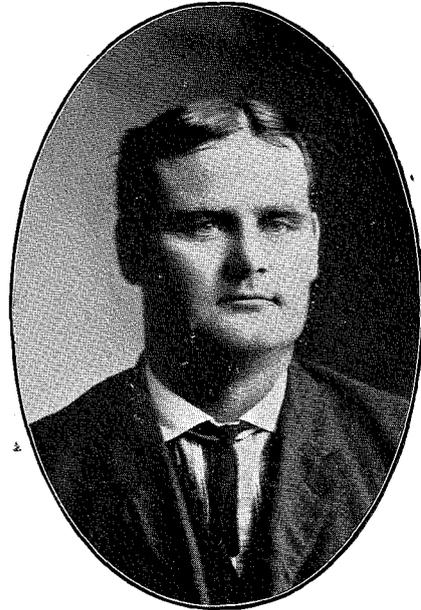


G. W. HULL, Member of the Assembly from Yavapai County

G W. HULL was born in Barry, Massachusetts, November 4, 1838, receiving his education in the public schools of that state. When still in his early youth he went to Chicago and entered a mercantile firm. In 1857 he crossed the plains by wagon to Fort Bridger, Utah, where he lived until the arrival of Johnson's army, after which he took an active part in the Mormon controversy and trouble that followed. He returned to the states in 1859, but only for a short time, for the same year he was back in Colorado, working in the Gregory placer mine, and in 1860 he went to Empire City, where he was appointed Deputy Recorder. Two years later he went to Bannock City, Montana, where he mined for some time. In 1865 he went to Virginia City, and a short time later discovered the Billy Weasel diggings. For the next few years he tried ranching, mining, bridge building and operating a toll road. All of which were more or less successful, with the exception of ranching, the grasshoppers beating him on that venture. In 1872 he went to San Francisco, where he operated on the stock exchange for a couple of years, resulting much to his disadvantage. From San Francisco he went to Southern California, coming to Arizona in 1875, and after visiting many of the then booming mining camps went to Verde Valley, where he ran a mercantile business for four years. After selling out his store he devoted his time for the next three years in looking after a number of ranches which he had acquired and in supplying the government post at Jerome with supplies. He went into the stock business on an extensive scale, also bought a good deal of property in Jerome and located and purchased several fine mining claims. For his many years of diligent labor he has acquired a good deal of property and is very favorably known in all of Northern Arizona. He was Justice of the Peace in the Verde Valley for several years, and served in the Assembly of the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Legislatures.

W. F. TIMMONS, Member of the Assembly from Yuma County

WELL KNOWN in the political camp of the Democratic party and taking an active part in the legislation in the Assembly of the Twenty-third Legislature is W. F. Timmons, representing Yuma County. That gentleman was born in Hazelville, Scotland County, Missouri, in 1869, and after attending the public schools of his home town attended Oak Lawn College in Knox County, Missouri, from which he graduated. At the age of 19 he went to California, where he taught school and engaged in numerous enterprises. In 1895 he was admitted to practice law in the Supreme Court of that State, and practiced a short time in Los Angeles, and then for two years in Portland, Oregon. He came to Yuma, Arizona, in 1900, and was elected District Attorney for the County in November of that year, serving two terms until January, 1905. Last fall he was elected by a good majority, on the Democratic ticket, to the Assembly of the Twenty-third Legislature. He is Chairman of the important Committee on Territorial Affairs, where he has shaped much good legislation, and is also Chairman of the Committee on Labor and Labor Organizations. He introduced the first bill to become a law in the present session, the bill referring to franchises in towns and villages. He also championed the Local Option Amendment to the Superior Court System Bill. Although Mr. Timmons has had the misfortune of being ill much of the session, he has so managed the legislation that he favored that his hand has been constantly felt therein. He has been a member of the Territorial Democratic Convention for the past five years. He was a Delegate from Arizona to the St. Louis National Democratic Convention last year, where he was a member on the Platform Committee, in which he introduced and secured the adoption of the plank in the National Democratic Platform on territories and providing for the immediate and separate admission of Arizona and New Mexico as separate states.



Sketch of Arizona.....



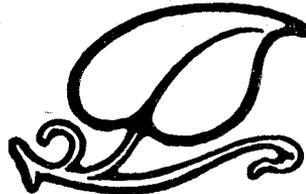
THE name Arizona is supposed to come from a Pima Indian word, having a double meaning, hill or little creek; the country around the famous old Planchas de Plata mine being called "Arizonac." This is as it should be, for it is believed by many historians that the Indians were living in this part of the Southwest when Europe was in a state of barbarism, and before even the Pharoahs built their wonderful monuments, which have so well stood the test of time. The earliest Spanish explorers, early in the sixteenth century, found ruins and evidences of a civilization second only to that which they themselves brought from Europe so many centuries later. These people had attained the arts of agriculture, had under a high state of cultivation large areas of the most fertile land, understood the science of irrigation and left behind them artificial waterways that ages have not destroyed; and so accurate they were in many cases that modern engineers have had but to clean out the old channels to utilize the works of these now forgotten people. But who they were, from whence they came, or whither they went has never been explained. The early Spanish explorers merely found their monuments and a far inferior race occupying the country under which their ruins were buried. The true history of these old Spanish explorers and priests will never be known, but the following brief statement by many historians is probably quite correct: "A negro slave named Estevanico was with the Spaniards who landed with Panfilo de Narvaez, in 1527, on the coast of Florida, who proceeded inland in the search for gold, and of whom only four survivors reached the Spanish settlements on the Gulf of California. Estevanico became the property of the Viceroy of Mexico, and his telling of this northern land through which he had passed was probably the cause of the expedition of Father Juan Olmedo. After many hardships they returned to Mexico with stories of the wonderful wealth of that far-off country, and particularly of the grandeur of the "Seven Cities." From these accounts a larger party was organized under Father Marcos de Niza, in 1539, which penetrated as far as Tucson, near which place a permanent settlement was, not many years after, established for the purpose of converting the Indians, the dream of immense treasure and cities and palaces of gold having vanished. From these old Spanish missions and settlements, which were undoubtedly founded before St. Augustine (1565), there sprang up in this section of the Southwest our large Spanish-speaking population.

The political history of Arizona dates, however, from 1863, after the passage by Congress of the Territorial Act creating Arizona, previous to that time it having been a part of New Mexico. A return to that calamitous relation we have just escaped by the failure wholly or in part of the Joint Statehood Bill. President Lincoln appointed John N. Goodwin, of Maine, as first Governor, and he, with the other Territorial officers, started forth that same year, reaching

the borders of Arizona after a long overland journey the 27th day of December, and two days later, on the 29th, organized the government of Arizona in the wilderness at Navajo Springs. On the 22d of January, 1864, a site was chosen for the capitol near Fort Whipple, and named Prescott in honor of the historian. Fort Whipple had been established only a month earlier by Major Willis of the California column. In 1867 the capitol was moved to Tucson, but for some reason better known to the Legislators of that time was reestablished at Prescott ten years later. The Fifteenth Legislature in 1889 moved the capitol to Phoenix, the logical center of the Territory, and the finest agricultural section in Arizona. In 1897 the Nineteenth Legislature issued \$100,000 in 5 per cent bonds for a capitol building, the erection of which the Territory was much in need, and the commodious and well equipped structure, where the Territorial offices and the Houses of the Legislature are now located, being the result thereof.

Arizona as a great mining commonwealth ranks high. Our great copper mines of Jerome and Bisbee, and the gold mine at Congress, and the silver mine at Tombstone, being household words in relation to all most unimaginable riches being taken from such limited areas of the earth's surface. The cattle and sheep industry is a thriving and substantial one, and with fertile plains and fair prices is sure to increase and to prosper the people who are interested therein. There are many fertile spots in Arizona where agriculture may be carried on successfully, the Salt River Valley being, however, the best farming section. With the building of the Tonto dam that valley will become the garden spot of the West and a show place not to be rivaled by the many beautiful valleys of California.

In this Legislature, as in preceding ones, the Democratic party is much in the majority, there being seven Democrats and five Republicans in the Council, and eighteen Democrats and six Republicans in the House. It has been a very conservative body and well represents the people and interests of the Territory. In supporting public institutions it has been liberal, the educational institutions having been especially well cared for.





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